



Floor Beam\B01

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 15:37:52

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201)

Address:

Pine Valley City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer: Code reports: Gold Park CCMC 12472-R File Name: 290678.bcc

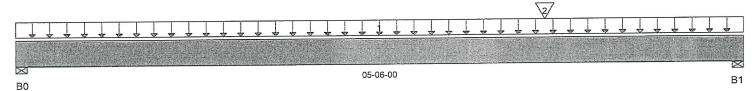
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 05-06-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (Ibs) Wind Dead Snow 308 / 0 777 / 0 B0, 3-1/2" 476 / 0 1,223 / 0 B1, 3-1/2"

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trīb.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	05-06-00	40	15		05-00-00
2	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 04-00-00	04-00-00	900	338		n/a

•	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	2.651 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	15%	1	03-10-07
End Shear	1,915 lbs	7.232 lbs	26.5%	1	04-02-10
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.017")	n/a	n/a	4	02-10-12
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.012")	n/a	n/a	5	02-10-12
Max Defl.	0.017"	n/a	n/a	4	02-10-12
Span / Depth	5.1	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

				Demand/ Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	
Bearin	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Support	Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,551 lbs	41.2%	20.8%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	2,429 lbs	64.5%	32.5%	Spruce Pine Fir

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods.
Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER®, AJS™, ALLJOIST®, BC RIM BOARD™, BCI®, BOISE GLULAM™, SIMPLE FRAMING SYSTEM®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®, VERSA-STRAND®, VERSA-STUD® are trademarks of Boise Cascade Wood Products L.L.C.

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria. Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA 086.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.





Floor Beam\B02

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 13:50:18

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201)

Pine Valley Address: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer: Code reports: Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

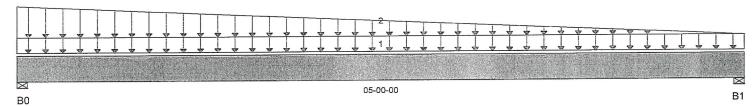
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 05-00-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs) Snow Wind Bearing Live Dead 236 / 0 119/0 B0, 3-1/2' B1, 3-1/2" 164 / 0 91/0

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	05-00-00	40	15			01-00-00
2	Trapezoidal (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00		80	30			n/a
_			05-00-00	0	0			n/a

	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	447 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	1.3%	1	02-04-03
End Shear	338 lbs	14,464 lbs	2.3%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.001")	n/a	n/a	4	02-05-09
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.001")	n/a	n/a	5	02-05-09
Max Defl.	0.001"	n/a	n/a	4	02-05-09
Span / Depth	4.6	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

				Demand/ Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	
Beari	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Support	Member	Material
В0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	503 lbs	6.7%	3.4%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	360 lbs	4.8%	2.4%	Spruce Pine Fir

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with

3 ½" spiral nails @ (21)





Floor Beam\B03

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 14:50:12

Build 6080

Job Name: Address:

45147 (4201) Pine Valley

Customer:

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON Gold Park

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

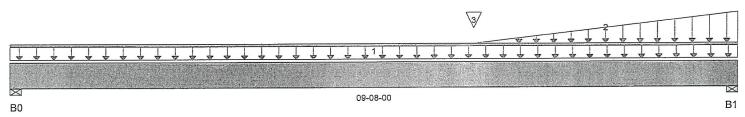
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizonta	Product	Length =	= 09-08-00
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Reaction Summary (D	own / Uplift) (lbs)				
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	
B0, 3-1/2"	203 / 0	134 / 0			
B1, 3-1/2"	362 / 0	202 / 0			

Load Summary					Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Re	f. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	.09-08-00	27	14			n/a
2	Trapezoidal (lb/ft)	L	06-02-00		0	0			n/a
_	,			09-08-00	80	30			n/a
3	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	06-02-00	06-02-00	164	91			n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	1,564 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	8.8%	1	06-02-00
End Shear	668 lbs	7,232 lbs	9.2%	1	08-04-10
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.032")	n/a	n/a	4	05-01-03
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.02")	n/a	n/a	5	05-01-03
Max Defl.	0.032"	n/a	n/a	4	05-01-03
Span / Depth	9.3	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

				Resistance	Resistance	
B	earing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Support	Member	Material
B) Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	473 lbs	12.6%	6.3%	Spruce Pine Fir
B'	1 Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	796 lbs	21.1%	10.6%	Spruce Pine Fir

Disclosure

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BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™ ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD™, BCI® , BOISE GLULAM™, SIMPLE FRAMING SYSTEM®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®, VERSA-STRAND®, VERSA-STUD® are

trademarks of Boise Cascade Wood

trademarks of policy Products Lipeoft Ession CHES WE OF ONTO

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.



Floor Beam\B04

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 13:51:30

Build 6080

Job Name:

Address:

45147 (4201)

Customer:

Pine Valley City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Code reports:

Gold Park CCMC 12472-R File Name: 290678.bcc

Description: Second Floor Framing

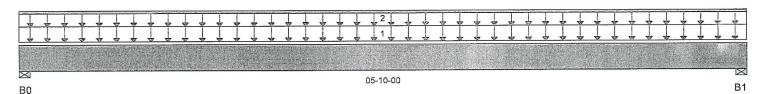
Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Wind

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 05-10-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)

Dead Snow Bearing 1,050 / 0 B0, 3-1/2" 718/0 1,050 / 0 718/0 B1, 3-1/2"

Load Summary			Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End 1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	05-10-00 40	20		09-00-00
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	05-10-00	60		n/a

	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	3,061 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	17.3%	1	02-11-00
End Shear	1,386 lbs	7,232 lbs	19.2%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.023")	n/a	n/a	4	02-11-00
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.014")	n/a	n/a	5	02-11-00
Max Defl.	0.023"	n/a	n/a	4	02-11-00
Span / Depth	5.4	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Rearin	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	2,472 lbs	65.6%	33.1%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1		3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	2,472 lbs	65.6%	33.1%	Spruce Pine Fir

Disclosure

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Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.





Floor Beam\B05

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 2 spans | Left cantilever | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 13:53:40

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201) Pine Valley

Address: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer:

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

Gold Park

File Name: 290678.bcc

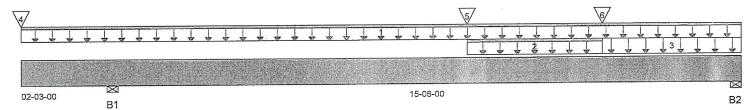
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal	Product	Length	= 17-09-00
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Reaction Summary (I	Down / Uplift) (lbs)				
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	
B1, 3-1/2"	1,748 / 0	1,821 / 0			
B2, 3-1/2"	1,312 / 159	1,048 / 0			

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	17-09-00	27	74			n/a
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 11-00-00	14-04-00	27	14			n/a
3	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 14-04-00	17-09-00	40	15			05-00-00
4	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 00-00-00	00-00-00	1,050	718			n/a
5	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 11-00-00	11-00-00	236	119			n/a
6	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 14-04-00	14-04-00	362	202			n/a

	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	1.00
Pos. Moment	8,267 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	23.4%	3	11-02-08
Neg. Moment	-5,937 ft-lbs	-35,392 ft-lbs	16.8%	2	02-03-00
End Shear	2.584 lbs	14,464 lbs	17.9%	3	16-05-10
Cont. Shear	2.638 lbs	14,464 lbs	18.2%	2	01-01-06
Total Load Defl.	L/781 (0.235")	0.764"	30.7%	10	10-06-04
Live Load Defl.	L/1,436 (0.128	") 0.509"	25.1%	13	10-06-04
Total Neg. Defl.	2xL/1,998 (-0.0		n/a	10	00-00-00
Max Defl.	0.235"	´ 1"	23.5%	10	10-06-04
Cant. Max Defl.	-0.081"	n/a	n/a	10	00-00-00
Span / Depth	15.4	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Beari	ng Supports	Dim. (Ĺ x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	4,898 lbs	65%	32.8%	Spruce Pine Fir
B2	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	3,278 lbs	43.5%	21.9%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Nail one ply to another with 3 ½" spiral nails @ [21] o.c, staggered in 2 rows





Floor Beam\B06

Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

December 28, 2017 14:46:09

BC CALC® Design Report

Build 6080 Job Name:

45147 (4201) Pine Valley

Address:

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer: Code reports: Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:

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⊴ 14-00-00	
30	B1

		TOTAL FIGURE OF TAIL F	eddet Eerigtii - 1 1		
Reaction Summary (Do	own / Uplift) (lbs)				
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	A MARKET CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF THE PART
B0, 3"	163 / 0	619 / 0	7/0		
B1, 3"	948 / 0	1,189 / 0	88 / 0		

Load Summary			Live	Dead	Snow V	Vind Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End 1.00	0.65	1.00 1	.15
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	14-00-00	60		n/a
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 11-09-00	14-00-00 27	14		n/a
3	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 11-09-00	14-00-00	11	21	02-00-00
4	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 11-09-00	11-09-00 1,050	718		n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	5,603 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	15.8%	1	11-05-01
End Shear	2.708 lbs	14,464 lbs	18.7%	1	12-09-02
Total Load Defl.	L/1,218 (0.134"	0.681"	19.7%	11	07-05-12
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.046")	n/a	n/a	15	07-11-11
Max Defl.	0.134"	1"	13.4%	11	07-05-12
Span / Depth	13.8	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Beari	ng Supports	Dim. (L × W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3" x 3-1/2"	866 lbs	20.6%	10.4%	Spruce Pine F
B1	Wall/Plate	3" x 3-1/2"	2,951 lbs	45.7%	23%	Spruce Pine F

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor : Normal Part code : Part 4

Nail one ply to another with

3 ½" spiral nails @ \Z\" o.c, staggered in 2 rows

5.152395



Floor Beam\B07

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 16:01:59

Build 6080 Job Name:

Address:

45147 (4201) Pine Valley

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON Customer:

Gold Park

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

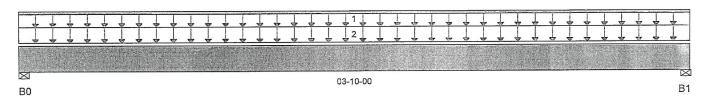
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 03-10-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs) Wind Dead Snow 81/0 B0, 3-1/2" 182 / 0 80/0 B1, 3" 178 / 0

Load Summary			Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End 1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	03-10-00	60		n/a
2	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	03-10-00	11	21	02-00-00

	Factored	actored Factored		Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	192 ft-lbs	23,005 ft-lbs	0.8%	0	01-11-04
End Shear	86 lbs	9,401 lbs	0.9%	0	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0")	n/a	n/a	4	01-11-04
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0")	n/a	n/a	5	01-11-04
Max Defl.	0"	n/a	n/a	4	01-11-04
Span / Depth	3.5	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bea	ring Supports	Dim, (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	255 lbs	5.2%	2.6%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3" x 3-1/2"	250 lbs	5.9%	3%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 1/2" spiral nails @ (21)





Floor Beam\B08

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 13:58:26

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201) Pine Valley

Address: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer: Code reports: Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

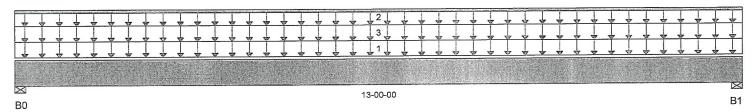
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 13-00-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs) Wind Live Dead Snow Bearing 1,690 / 0 2.246 / 0 2,184 / 0 B0, 3-1/2" 1,690 / 0 B1, 3-1/2" 2,246 / 0 2,184/0

Load Summary			Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End 1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	13-00-00 40	15		06-06-00
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	13-00-00	60		n/a
3	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	13-00-00	11	21	16-00-00

	Factored Factored		Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	20,958 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	59.2%	5	06-06-00
End Shear	5.563 lbs	14,464 lbs	38.5%	5	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/339 (0.443")	0.627"	70.7%	13	06-06-00
Live Load Defl.	L/611 (0.246")	0.418"	58.9%	17	06-06-00
Max Defl.	0.443"	1"	44.3%	13	06-06-00
Span / Depth	12.7	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

				Demand/ Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	
Beari	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Support	Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	6,928 lbs	91.9%	46.4%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	6,928 lbs	91.9%	46.4%	Spruce Pine Fir

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 1/2" spiral nails @ 12"





Floor Beam\B09

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 14:59:43

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201)

Address:

Pine Valley City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer: Code reports: Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

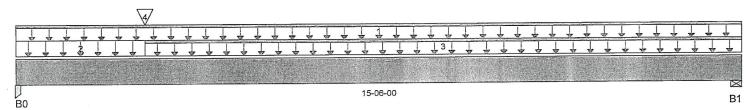
Description: Second Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 15-06-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (Ibs)								
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind				
B0, 3"	1,752 / 0	2,653 / 0	1,919 / 0					
B1, 3-1/2"	701 / 0	1,160 / 0	380 / 0					

Load Summary					Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	15-06-00	27	74			n/a
2	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	00-00-00	02-09-00		11	21		02-00-00
3	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	02-09-00	15-06-00	27	14			n/a
4	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	02-09-00	02-09-00	1,690	2,240	2,184		n/a

	Factored	Factored Factored		Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	17,324 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	48.9%	5	02-09-00
End Shear	6.809 lbs	14,464 lbs	47.1%	5	01-02-14
Total Load Defl.	L/368 (0.492")	0.754"	65.2%	11	07-00-10
Live Load Defl.	L/781 (0.232")	0.503"	46.1%	15	07-00-10
Max Defl.	0.492"	1"	49.2%	11	07-00-10
Span / Depth	15.2	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

				Resistance	Resistance	
Bear	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Support	Member	Material
B0	Post	3" x 3-1/2"	7,071 lbs	38.8%	55.2%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	2,691 lbs	35.7%	18%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 ½" spiral nails @ (乙り





Floor Beam\B10

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 16:08:14

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201)

Address: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Pine Valley

Customer:

Gold Park

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

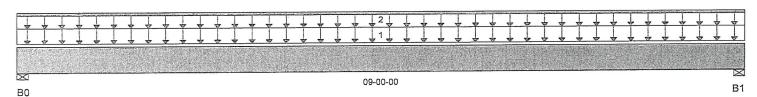
Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 09-00-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (lbs)								
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind				
B0, 3-1/2"	720 / 0	657 / 0						
B1, 3-1/2"	720 / 0	657 / 0						

Load Summary			Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End 1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	09-00-00 40	20		04-00-00
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	09-00-00	60		n/a

	Factored	Factored	Demand I	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	3,853 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	21.8%	1	04-06-00
End Shear	1,360 lbs	7,232 lbs	18.8%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.075")	n/a	n/a	4	04-06-00
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.039")	n/a	n/a	5	04-06-00
Max Defl.	0.075"	n/a	n/a	4	04-06-00
Span / Depth	8.6	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bearir	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,901 lbs	50.5%	25.4%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	1,901 lbs	50.5%	25.4%	Spruce Pine Fir

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™ ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD $^{\mathsf{TM}}$, BCI® , IF BOISE GLULAM™, SIMPLE FRAMING IF SYSTEM®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®, VERSA-STRAND®, VERSA-STUD® are trademarks of Boise Cascade Wood Products L.L.C.

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA O86.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.





Floor Beam\B11

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 16:08:20

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201) Pine Valley

Address: City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON Gold Park Customer:

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

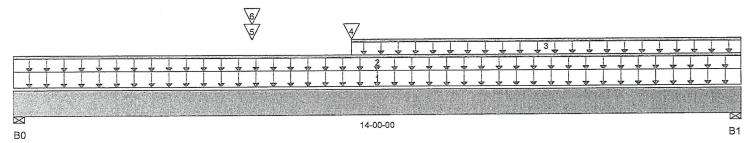
Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 14-00-00

Reaction Summary (Down /	Uplift) (lbs)				
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	
B0, 3-1/2"	3,204 / 0	1,972 / 0			
B1, 3-1/2"	2,898 / 0	1,816 / 0			

Load Summary					Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ret	f. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	00-00-00	14-00-00	40	15			07-06-00
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	14-00-00		60			n/a
3	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	06-06-00	14-00-00	27	14			n/a
4	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	06-06-00	06-06-00	720	657			n/a
5	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	04-07-00	04-07-00	777	308			n/a
6	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	04-07-00	04-07-00	203	134			n/a

	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	27,356 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	77.3%	1	06-06-00
End Shear	6.399 lbs	14,464 lbs	44.2%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/259 (0.627")	0.677"	92.5%	4	06-10-11
Live Load Defl.	L/423 (0.384")	0.451"	85.1%	5	06-10-11
Max Defl.	0.627"	1"	62.7%	4	06-10-11
Span / Depth	13.7	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bear	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	7,271 lbs	96.5%	48.7%	Spruce Pine Fir Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	6,617 lbs	87.8%	44.3%	

Notes

Nail one ply to another with 3 1/2" spiral nails @ [21] o.c, staggered in 2 rows





Floor Beam\B12

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 16:08:24

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201)

Address: Pine Valley City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer: Code reports: Gold Park CCMC 12472-R File Name: 290678.bcc

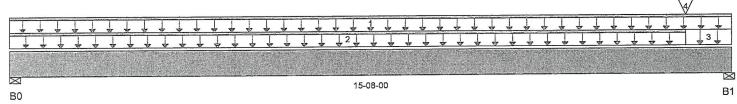
Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 15-08-00

Reaction Summary (D	Down / Uplift) (lbs)				
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	
B0, 3-1/2"	563 / 0	869 / 0			
B1, 4"	3,314 / 0	2,560 / 0			

Load Summary					Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref	. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	15-08-00	27	74			n/a
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L	00-00-00	14-08-00	27	14			n/a
2	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	14-08-00	15-08-00	40	15			04-00-00
4	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	Ĺ	14-08-00	14-08-00	2,898	1,816			n/a

	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	8.617 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	24.3%	1	09-05-05
End Shear	5.710 lbs	14,464 lbs	39.5%	1	14-04-02
Total Load Defl.	L/658 (0.277")	0.758"	36.5%	4	08-02-10
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.121")	n/a	n/a	5	08-02-10
Max Defl.	0.277"	1"	27.7%	4	08-02-10
Span / Depth	15.3	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

_		"		Demand/ Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	Material
Bea	ring Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Support	Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	1,932 lbs	25.6%	12.9%	Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	4" x 3-1/2"	8,170 lbs	94.9%	47.8%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria. Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

086.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with 3 1/2" spiral nails @ 121 o.c. staggered in 2 rows





Floor Beam\B13

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 16:08:28

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201)

Address:

Pine Valley City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Customer:

Gold Park

Code reports:

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

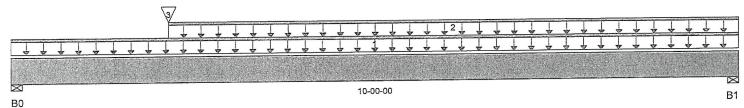
Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 10-00-00

Reaction Summary (I	Down / Uplift) (lbs)				
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	
B0, 3-1/2"	790 / 0	666 / 0			
B1 3-1/2"	411 / 0	301/0			

1 1 C					Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Load Summary Tag Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L C	00-00-00	10-00-00	27	14			n/a
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	LC	2-02-00	10-00-00	27	14			n/a
3	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	LC	2-02-00	02-02-00	720	657			n/a

	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	22.22.22
Pos. Moment	3,760 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	21.2%	1	02-02-00
End Shear	1.934 lbs	7,232 lbs	26.7%	1	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.083")	n/a	n/a	4	04-07-08
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.046")	n/a	n/a	5	04-07-08
	0.083"	n/a	n/a	4	04-07-08
Max Defl.			n/a		00-00-00
Span / Depth	9.6	n/a	11/a		00 00 00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bear	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Resistance Support	Resistance Member	Material E
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	2,018 lbs	53.6%	27%	Spruce Pine Fir Spruce Pine Fir S
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	993 lbs	26.3%	13.3%	

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™, ALLJOIST®, BC RIM BOARD™, BCI®, BOISE GLULAM™, SIMPLE FRAMING SYSTEM® , VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®, VERSA-STRAND®, VERSA-STUD® are trademarks of Boise Cascade Wood Products L.L.C.

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA 086.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.





Floor Beam\B14

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 16:08:33

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201)

Address:

Pine Valley

Customer:

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Code reports:

Gold Park CCMC 12472-R File Name: 290678.bcc

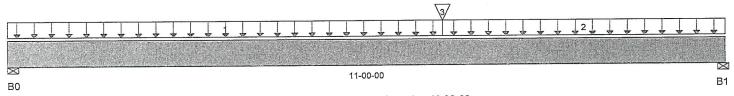
Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer: NL

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 11-00-00

Reaction Summary (Down / Uplift) (Ibs)								
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind				
B0, 3-1/2"	1,538 / 0	751 / 0						
B1, 3-11/16"	1,885 / 0	896 / 0						

Load Summary					Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref.	Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00	1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	00-00-00	06-08-00	40	20			05-00-00
2	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L	06-08-00	11-00-00	40	20			06-00-00
3	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L	06-08-00	06-08-00	1,050	394			n/a

Controls Summary	Factored Demand	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Pos. Moment	11,294 ft-lbs	17,696 ft-lbs	63.8%	1	06-08-00
End Shear	3,276 lbs	7,232 lbs	45.3%	1	09-08-07
Total Load Defl.	L/421 (0.3")	0.526"	57%	4	05-07-14
Live Load Defl.	L/617 (0.205")	0.351"	58.3%	5	05-07-14
Max Defl.	0.3"	1"	30%	4	05-07-14
Span / Depth	10.6	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bearin	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Demand/ Resistance Support	Demand/ Resistance Member	Material
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	3,246 lbs	86.1%	43.4%	Spruce Pine Fir Spruce Pine Fir
B1	Wall/Plate	3-11/16" x 1-3/4	4"3,948 lbs	99.1%	50%	

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods.
Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER®, AJS™, ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD $^{\intercal}$, BCI $^{\circledcirc}$, BOISE GLULAM $^{\intercal}$, SIMPLE FRAMING SYSTEM®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®, VERSA-STRAND®, VERSA-STUD® are trademarks of Boise Cascade Wood Products L.L.C.

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

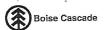
Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA 086.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.



Floor Beam\B15

November 20, 2017 16:08:40

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

Build 6080

Job Name: Address:

Pine Valley

Customer: Code reports:

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON Gold Park

45147 (4201)

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

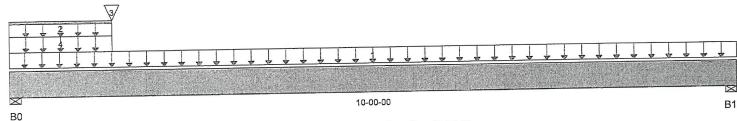
Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Alpa Roof Trusses Company:

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 10-00-00

		TOTAL TIONS			
Reaction Summary (Down Bearing B0, 3-1/2" B1, 3-1/2"	Live 200 / 0 200 / 0	Dead 848 / 0 226 / 0	903 / 0 104 / 0	Wind	

			Live	Dead	Snow Wind	IIID.
Load Summary	Land Tymo	Ref. Start	End 1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
Tag Description	Load Type Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	1 00-00-00	10-00-00 40	20		01-00-00
1		1 00-00-00	01-05-00	160		n/a
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	01-05-00	01-05-00	372	709	n/a
3	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	00-00-00	01-05-00	11	21	10-00-00
Δ	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	01-05-00	150 15		

	Factored	Factored Resistance	Demand / Resistance	Load Case	Location
Controls Summary	Demand 2,290 ft-lbs	35,392 ft-lbs	6.5%	5	01-05-00
Pos. Moment End Shear	1,602 lbs	14,464 lbs	11.1%	5	01-03-06
Total Load Defl.	△/999 (0.025")	n/a	n/a n/a	13 17	
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.013") 0.025"	n/a n/a	n/a n/a	13	
Max Defl. Span / Depth Sguash Blocks	9.6 Valid	n/a	n/a		00-00-00

Daning Cupports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Resistance Support	Resistance Member	Material
Bearing Supports			33.4%	16.8%	Spruce Pine Fir
B0 Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	2,515 lbs			
B1 Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	635 lbs	8.4%	4.2%	Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with

3 1/2" spiral nails @ [21]





Floor Beam\B17

November 20, 2017 16:08:48

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

Build 6080

Job Name:

45147 (4201)

Address:

Pine Valley

Customer:

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON

Code reports:

Gold Park

CCMC 12472-R

File Name: 290678.bcc

Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

			₹
×		06-00-00	B1
B0			5.

Total Horizontal Product Length = 06-00-00

Reaction Summary (Dow	/n / Uplift) (lbs)				
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	
B0, 3-1/2"	516 / 0	428 / 0			
B1, 3-1/2"	1,031 / 0	628 / 0			

Load Summary				Live	Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End	1.00	0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	06-00-00	54	87		n/a
2	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 04-02-00	04-02-00	1,223	476		n/a

	Factored	Factored	Demand I	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	3,407 ft-lbs	23,220 ft-lbs	14.7%	1	04-02-00
End Shear	2.113 lbs	11,571 lbs	18.3%	1	04-11-00
Total Load Defl.	L/999 (0.023")	n/a	n/a	4	03-02-07
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.014")	n/a	n/a	5	03-02-07
Max Defl.	0.023"	n/a	n/a	4	03-02-07
	7	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Span / Depth	/	11/a	1174		00 00 00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

				Demand/ Resistance	Demand/ Resistance	
Bearin	ng Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Support	Member	Material
B0 B1	Wall/Plate Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 3-1/2" 3-1/2" x 3-1/2"	1,309 lbs 2,331 lbs	17.4% 30.9%	8.8% 15.6%	Spruce Pine Fir Spruce Pine Fir

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA

086.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.

Importance Factor: Normal Part code: Part 4

Nail one ply to another with

3 ½" spiral nails @ 12"





Floor Beam\B18

BC CALC® Design Report



Dry | 1 span | No cantilevers | 0/12 slope (deg)

November 20, 2017 16:08:54

Build 6080

Job Name: Address:

45147 (4201)

City, Province, Postal Code: Vaughan, ON Customer:

Pine Valley

Code reports:

Gold Park CCMC 12472-R File Name: 290678.bcc

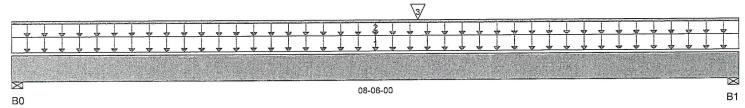
Description: First Floor Framing

Specifier:

Designer:

Company: Alpa Roof Trusses

Misc:



Total Horizontal Product Length = 08-06-00

Reaction Summary (D	lown / Uplift) (lbs)				
Bearing	Live	Dead	Snow	Wind	
B0, 3-1/2"	961 / 0	805 / 0			30
B1, 3-1/2"	1,090 / 0	884 / 0			

Load Summary			Li	ive Dead	Snow Wind	Trib.
Tag Description	Load Type	Ref. Start	End 1.	.00 0.65	1.00 1.15	
1	Unf. Area (lb/ft^2)	L 00-00-00	08-06-00 4	0 20		03-00-00
2	Unf. Lin. (lb/ft)	L 00-00-00	08-06-00	60		n/a
3	Conc. Pt. (lbs)	L 04-09-00	04-09-00 1	,031 628		n/a

	Factored	Factored	Demand /	Load	Location
Controls Summary	Demand	Resistance	Resistance	Case	
Pos. Moment	7,289 ft-lbs	11,610 ft-lbs	62.8%	1	04-09-00
End Shear	2,375 lbs	5,785 lbs	41%	1	07-05-00
Total Load Defl.	L/452 (0.214")	0.402"	53.1%	4	04-03-08
Live Load Defl.	L/999 (0.121")	n/a	n/a	5	04-04-14
Max Defl.	0.214"	1"	21.4%	4	04-03-08
Span / Depth	10.2	n/a	n/a		00-00-00
Squash Blocks	Valid				

Bear	ing Supports	Dim. (L x W)	Demand	Resistance Support	Resistance Member	Material	В
B0	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	2,449 lbs	65%	32.8%	Spruce Pine Fir	
B1	Wall/Plate	3-1/2" x 1-3/4"	2,739 lbs	72.7%	36.7%	Spruce Pine Fir	

Disclosure

Completeness and accuracy of input must be verified by anyone who would rely on output as evidence of suitability for particular application. Output here based on building code-accepted design properties and analysis methods. Installation of Boise Cascade engineered wood products must be in accordance with current Installation Guide and applicable building codes. To obtain Installation Guide or ask questions, please call 1-800-964-6999 before installation.

BC CALC®, BC FRAMER® , AJS™ ALLJOIST® , BC RIM BOARD™, BCI® , BOISE GLULAM™, SIMPLE FRAMING SYSTEM®, VERSA-LAM®, VERSA-RIM PLUS®, VERSA-RIM®, VERSA-STRAND®, VERSA-STUD® are trademarks of Boise Cascade Wood Products L.L.C.

Notes

Design meets Code minimum (L/240) Total load deflection criteria.

Design meets Code minimum (L/360) Live load deflection criteria.

Design meets User specified (1") Maximum Total load deflection criteria.

Calculations assume member is fully braced.

Resistance Factor phi has been applied to all presented results per CSA O86.

BC CALC® analysis is based on Canadian Limit States Design, as per NBCC 2010 and CSA 086.

Design based on Dry Service Condition.





Maximum Floor Spans

Live Load = 40 psf, Dead Load = 15 psf Simple Spans, L/360 Deflection Limit 3/4" OSB G&N Sheathing







			Ва	are			1/2" Gyps	sum Ceiling	
Depth	Series		On Centr	e Spacing			On Centi	re Spacing	
		12"	16"	19.2"	24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"
	NI-20	15'-10"	15'-0"	14'-5"	13'-5"	16'-4"	15'-5"	14'-6"	13'-5"
	NI-40x	17'-0"	16'-0"	15'-5"	14'-9"	17'-5"	16'-5"	15'-10"	15'-2"
9-1/2"	NI-60	17'-2"	16'-2"	15'-7"	14'-11"	17'-6"	16'-7"	15'-11"	15'-3"
	NI-70	18'-0"	16'-11"	16'-3"	15'-7"	18'-5"	17'-3"	16'-7"	15'-11"
	NI-80	18'-3"	17'-1"	15'-5"	15'-9"	18'-8"	17'-5"	16'-9"	16'-1"
	NI-20	17'-10"	16'-10"	16'-2"	15'-6"	18'-6"	17'-4"	16'-9"	16'-1"
	NI-40x	19'-4"	17'-11"	17'-3"	16'-6"	19'-11"	18'-6"	17'-9"	17'-0"
11 7/0"	NI-60	19'-7"	18'-2"	17'-5"	16'-9"	20'-2"	18'-9"	17'-11"	17'-2"
11-7/8"	NI-70	20'-9"	. 19'-2"	18'-3"	17'-5"	21'-4"	19'-9"	18'-10"	17'-10"
	NI-80	21'-1"	19'-5"	18'-6"	17'-7"	21'-7"	20'-0"	19'-0"	18'-0"
	NI-90x	21'-8"	20'-0"	19'-1"	18'-0"	22'-2"	20'-6"	19'-6"	18'-6"
	NI-40x	21'-5"	19'-10"	18'-11"	17'-11"	22'-1"	20'-6"	19'-7"	18'-7"
	NI-60	21'-10"	20'-2"	19'-3"	18'-2"	22'-5"	20'-10"	19'-11"	18'-10"
14"	NI-70	23'-0"	21'-3"	20'-3"	19'-2"	23'-8"	21'-11"	20'-10"	19'-9"
	NI-80	23'-5"	21'-7"	20'-7"	19'-5"	24'-0"	22'-3"	21'-2"	20'-0"
	NI-90x	24'-1"	22'-3"	21'-2"	20'-0"	24'-8"	22'-10"	21'-9"	20'-7"
	NI-60	23'-9"	22'-0"	20'-11"	19'-10"	24'-6"	22'-9"	21'-8"	20'-6"
10"	NI-70	25'-1"	23'-2"	22'-0"	20'-10"	25'-9"	23'-10"	22'-9"	21'-6"
16"	NI-80	25'-6"	23'-6"	22'-4"	21'-2"	26'-1"	24'-2"	23'-1"	21'-10"
	NI-90x	26'-4"	24'-3"	23'-1"	21'-10"	26'-11"	24'-11"	23'-8"	22'-5"

			Mid-Spai	n Blocking	Mid-Span Blocking and 1/2" Gypsum Ceiling					
Depth	Series		On Centr	e Spacing			On Cent	re Spacing		
		12"	16"	19.2"	. 24"	12"	16"	19.2"	24"	
	NI-20	17'-1"	15'-5"	14'-6"	13'-5"	17'-1"	15'-5"	14'-6"	13'-5"	
	NI-40x	18'-8"	17'-6"	16'-7"	15'-3"	19'-2"	17'-8"	16'-7"	15'-3"	
9-1/2"	NI-60	18'-11"	17'-8"	16'-10"	15'-7"	19'-4"	18'-0"	16'-10"	15'-7"	
	NI-70	20'-0"	18'-7"	17'-9"	17'-0"	20'-5"	19'-0"	18'-2"	17'-0"	
	NI-80	20'-3"	18'-10"	17'-11"	17'-2"	20'-8"	19'-3"	18'-4"	17'-5"	
	NI-20	20'-2"	18'-8"	17'-6"	16'-2"	20'-7"	18'-8"	17'-6"	16'-2"	
	NI-40x	21'-10"	20'-4"	19'-5"	17'-8"	22'-5"	20'-11"	19'-9"	17'-8"	
	NI-60	22'-1"	20'-7"	19'-7"	18'-7"	22'-8"	21'-2"	20'-3"	18'-8"	
11-7/8"	NI-70	23'-4"	21'-8"	20'-8"	19'-7"	23'-10"	22'-3"	21'-3"	20'-1"	
	NI-80	23'-7"	21'-11"	20'-11"	19'-9"	24'-1"	22'-6"	21'-5"	20'-4"	
	NI-90x	24'-3"	22'-6"	21'-6"	20'-4"	24'-8"	23'-0"	22'-0"	20'-9"	
	NI-40x	24'-5"	22'-9"	21'-8"	19'-5"	25'-1"	23'-6"	21'-9"	19'-5"	
	NI-60	24'-10"	23'-1"	. 22'-0"	20'-10"	25'-6"	23'-10"	22'-9"	21'-4"	
14"	NI-70	26'-1"	24'-3"	23'-2"	21'-10"	26'-8"	24'-11"	23'-9"	22'-6"	
	NI-80	26'-6"	24'-7"	23'-5"	22'-2"	27'-1"	25'-3"	24'-1"	22'-9"	
	NI-90x	27'-3"	25'-4"	24'-1"	22'-9"	27'-9"	25'-11"	24'-8"	23'-4"	
	NI-60	27'-3"	25'-5"	24'-2"	22'-10"	28'-0"	26'-2"	25'-0"	23'-8"	
	NI-70	28'-8"	26'-8"	25'-4"	23'-11"	29'-3"	27'-4"	26'-1"	24'-8"	
16"	NI-80	29'-1"	27'-0"	25'-9"	24'-4"	29'-8"	27'-9"	26'-5"	25'-0"	
	NI-90x	29'-11"	27'-10"	26'-6"	25'-0"	30'-6"	28'-5"	27'-2"	25'-8"	

^{1.} Maximum clear span applicable to simple-span residential floor construction with a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 15 psf. The ultimate limit states are based on the factored loads of 1.50L + 1.25D. The serviceability limit states include the consideration for floor vibration, a live load deflection limit of L/360 and a total load deflection limit of L/240.

^{2.} Spans are based on a composite floor with glued-nailed oriented strand board (OSB) sheathing with a minimum thickness of 3/4 inch for a joist spacing of 24 inches or less. The composite floor may include 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling and/or one row of blocking at mid-span with strapping. Strapping shall be minimum 1x4 inch strap applied to underside of joists at blocking line or 1/2 inch gypsum ceiling attached to joists.

Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4 inches for the end bearings.
 Bearing stiffeners are not required when I-joists are used with the spans and spacings given in this table, except as required for hangers.

^{5.} This span chart is based on uniform loads. For applications with other than uniformly distributed loads, an engineering analysis may be required based on the use of the design properties. Tables are based on Limit States Design per CSA O86-09, NBC 2010, and OBC 2012.

^{6.} Joists shall be laterally supported at supports and continuously along the compression edge. Refer to technical documentation for installation guidelines and construction details. Nordic I-joists are listed in CCMC evaluation report 13032-R and APA Product Report PR-L274C.



CONSTRUCTION DETAILS FOR RESIDENTIAL FLOORS



www.nordicewp.com

efer to the Installation Guide for Residential Floors for additional information. :CMC EVALUATION REPORT 13032-R

NI-90 NI-90x NI-80 |34<u>|27</u>| |1-<u>|27</u>| |8-24-3| COTESTOR: NI-70 2 2 NI-40x 1-17 0 1-1:2 1-12-1-1 OSB 2:5"-OSB 5/6 OSB 716"-NI-20 OSB 3 1-12. 100108717 1950f MSR 1950f MSR 2100f MSR 2400f MSR NPG Lumber 5-P-F No 2 2100f MSR 33 nieces 33 pieces 33 pieces 23 pieces 23 pieces 23 pieces 23 pieces per unit

WEB HOLE SPECIFICATIONS

LULES FOR CUTTING HOLES AND DUCT CHASE OPENINGS:

- The distance between the inside edge of the support and the centreline of any hale or duct chase opening shall be in compliance with the requirements of Table 1 or 2, respectively.

 I-joist top and bottom flanges must NEVER be cut, notched, or otherwise modified.
- Whenever possible, field-cut holes should be centred on the middle of the web.
- The maximum size hole or the maximum depth of a duct chose opening that can be cut into an I-joist web shall equal the clear distance between the flonges of the I-joist minus 1/4 inch. A minimum of 1/8 inch should always be maintained between the top or bottom of the hole or opening and the adjacent 1-joist flange.
- The sides of square holes or longest sides of rectangular holes should not exceed 3/4 of the diameter of the maximum round hole permitted at that location.
- 6. Where more than one hole is necessary, the distance between adjacent hole edges shall exceed twice the diameter of the largest round hole or twice the size of the largest square hole (or twice the length of the largest side of the largest rectangular hole or duct chase opening) and each hole and duct chase opening shall be sized and located in compliance with the requirements of Tables 1 and 2, respectively.
- A knockout is not considered a hole, may be utilized anywhere it occurs, and may be ignored for purposes of calculating minimum distances between holes and/or duct chase openings.
- 8. Holes measuring 1-1/2 inches or smaller are permitted anywhere in a cantilevered section of a joist. Holes of greater size may be permitted subject to verification.
- A 1-1/2 inch hole or smaller can be placed anywhere in the web
- provided that it meets the requirements of rule number 6 above All holes and duct chose openings shall be cut in a workman-lik manner in accordance with the restrictions listed above and as
- Limit three maximum size holes per span, of which one may be
- a duct chase opening.

 12. A group of round holes at approximately the same location shall be permitted if they meet the requirements for a single round hole circumscribed around them.

TABLE 1

LOCATION OF CIRCULAR HOLES IN JOIST WEBS

Simple or Multiple Span for Dead Loads up to 15 psf and Live Loads up to 40 psf

			N	linimun	n Distar	nce fro	n Insid	e Face	of Any	Support	to Ce	ntre of	Hole (ft	- in-)		
Joist Depth	Joist Series						Rou	nd Hole	e Diam	eter (in.)					
Берііі	50.103	2	3	4	5	6	6-1/4	7	8	8-5/8	9	10	10-3/4	11	12	12-3/4
	NI-20	0'-7"	1'-6"	2'-10"	4'-3"	5'-8"	6'-0"									
	NI-40x	0'-7"	1'-6"	3'-0"	4'-4"	6'-0"	6'-4"									-
9-1/2"	NI-60	1'-3"	2'-6"	4'-0"	5'-4"	7'-0"	7'-5"			_						
	NI-70	2'-0"	3'-4"	4'-9"	6'-3"	8'-0"	8'-4"					-				
	NI-80	2'-3"	3'-6"	5'-0"	6'-6"	8'-2"	8'-8"			_						
	NI-20	0'-7"	0'-8"	1'-0"	2'-4"	3'-8"	4'-0"	5'-0"	6'-6"	7'-9"						
	NI-40x	0'-7"	0'-8"	1'-3"	2'-8"	4'-0"	4'-4"	5'-5"	7'-0"	8'-4"			_			
	NI-60	0'-7"	1'-8"	3'-0"	4'-3"	5'-9"	6'-0"	7'-3"	8'-10°	10'-0"						
11-7/8"	NI-70	1:-3"	2'-6"	4'-0"	5'-4"	6'-9"	7'-2"	8'-4"	10'-0"	11'-2"						-
	08-1M	1'-6"	2'-10"	4'-2"	5'-6"	7'-0"	7'-5"	8'-6"	10'-3"	11'-4"						
	NI-90	0'-7"	0'-8"	1'-5"	3'-2"	4'-10"	5'-4"	6'-9"	8'-9"	10'-2".						
	NI-90x	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-9"	2'-5"	4'-4"	4'-9"	6'-3"								
	NI-40x	0:-7"	0'-8"	0'-8"	1'-0"	2'-4"	2'-9"	3'-9"	5'-2"	6'-0"	6'-6"	8'-3"	10'-2"			
	Ni-60	0:-7"	0'-8"	1'-8"	3,-0,	4'-3"	4'-8"	5'-8"	7'-2°	8'-0"	8'-8"	10'-4"	11'-9"			
14"	NI-70	0"-8"	1'-10"	3'-0"	4'-5"	5'-10"	6'-2"	7'-3"	8'-9"	9'-9"	10'-4"	12'-0"	13'-5"			!
1.4	NI-80	0'-10"	2'-0"	3'-4"	4'-9"	ć'-2"	6'-5"	7'-6"	9'-0"	10'-0"	10'-8"		13:-9"			
	NI-90	0'-7"	0,-8,	0'-10"	2'-5"	4'-0"	4'-5"	5'-9"	7'-5"	8'-8"	9'-4"	11-4	12'-11"			
	NI-90x	0'-7"	0'-8"	0,-8,	2'-0"	3'-9"	4'-2"	5'-5"	7'-3"	8!-5"	9'-2"					
	NI-60	0'-7"	0'-8°	0'-8"	7'-6"	2'-10"	3'-2"	4'-2"	5'-6"	6'-4"	7'-0"	8'-5"	9'-8"	10'-2"		131-9"
	NI-70	G'-7"	1'-0"	2'-3"	3'-6"	4'-10"	5'-3"	6'-3"	7'-8"	8'-6" -	9'-2"	10'-8"	12'-0"		14'-0"	15'-6"
161	NI-80	0'-7"	1,-3"	2-6"	3'-10"	5'-3"	5'-6"	6'-6"	8,-0,	9'-0"	9'-5"	11'-0"	12'-3"		14'-5"	16'-0"
	NI-90	0'-7"	0'-B"	0'-8"	1'-9"	3'-3"	3'-3"	4'-9"	6'-5"	7'-5"	8,-0,	9'-10"	111-3"		13'-9"	15'-4"
	NI-90x	0'-7"	0'-8"	0'-9"	2'-0"	3'-6"	4'-0"	5'-0"	6'-9"	7'-9"	8'-4"	10'-2"	11'-6"	12'-0"		

- Above table may be used for I-joist spacing of 24 inches on centre or less. Hole location distance is measured from inside face of supports to centre of hole.

 Distances in this chart are based on uniformly loaded joists.

 The above table is based on the I-joist sheing used at their maximum spans. The minimum distance as given above may be reduced for shorter spans; cantad your local distributor.

TABLE 2

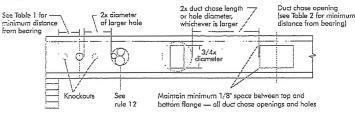
DUCT CHASE OPENING SIZES AND LOCATIONS

Simple Span Only

		Minim	um distan	ce from in	side face	of suppo	orts to ce	entre of	opening !	ft - in.)
Joist Depth	Joist Series				Duct Ch	ase Leng	rth (in.)			
J.p	50.103	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
	NI-20	4'-1"	4'-5"	4'-10"	5'-4"	5'-8"	6'-1"	6'-6"	7'-1"	7'-5"
	NI-40x	5'-3"	5'-8"	6'-0"	6'-5"	6'-10'	7'-3"	7'-8"	8'-2"	8'-6"
9-1/2"	NI-60	5'-4"	51-9"	6'-2"	6'-7"	7'-1"	7'-5"	8'-0"	8'-3"	8'-9"
	NI-70	5'-1"	5'-5"	5'-10"	6'-3"	6'-7"	7'-1"	7'-6"	8'-1"	8'-4"
	NI-80	5'-3"	5'-8"	6'-0"	6'-5"	6'-10"	7'-3"	7'-8"	8'-2"	8'-6"
	NI-20	5'-0"	6'-2"	6'-6"	7'-1"	7'-5"	7'-9"	8'-3"	8'-9"	9'-4"
	NI-40x	6'-8"	7'-2"	7'-6"	8'-1"	8'-6"	9'-1"	9'-6"	10'-1"	10'-9
	NI-60	7'-3"	7'-8"	8'-0"	8'-6"	9'-0"	9'-3"	9'-9"	10'-3"	11'-0
11-7/8"	NI-70	7'-1"	7'-4"	7'-9"	8'-3"	8'-7"	9'-1"	9'-6"	10'-1"	10'-4
	NJ-80	7'-2"	7'-7"	8'-0"	8'-5"	8'-10"	9'-3"	9'-8"	10'-2"	70'-8
	NI-90	7'-6"	7'-11"	8'-4"	81-9"	9'-2"	9'-7"	10'-1"	10'-7"	10'-1
	NI-90x	7'-7"	8'-1"	8'-5"	8'-10"	9'-4"	9'-8"	10'-2"	10'-3"	11'-2
	NI-40x	8'-1"	8'-7"	9'-0"	9'-6"	10'-1"	10'-7"	11'-2"	12'-0"	12'-8
	NI-60	8'-7"	9'-3"	9'-8"	10:-3"	10'-6"	11'-1"	11'-6"	13'-3"	13'-0
	NI-70	8'-7"	9'-7"	9'-5"	9'-10"	10'-4"	10'-8"	11'-2"	11'-7"	12'-3
14"	NI-80	9'-0"	9'-3"	9'-9"	10'-7"	10'-7"	11'-1"	11'-6"	12'-1"	12'-6
	NI-90	9'-2"	9'-8"	70'-0"	10'-6"	10'-11"	11'-5"	11'-9"	12'-4"	12'-1
	NI-90x	9'-4"	9'-9"	10'-3"	10'-7"	11'-1"	11'-7"	12'-3"	12'-7"	13'-2
	NI-60	10'-3"	10'-8"	11'-2"	17'-6"	12'-1"	12'-6"	13'-2"	14'-1"	14'-1
	NI-70	10'-1"	10'-5"	11'-0"	17'-4"	11'-10"	12'-3"	12'-8"	13'-3"	14'-0
16"	NI-80	10'-4"	10'-9"	11'-3"	11'-9"	12'-1"	12'-7"	13'-1"	13'-8"	14'-4
	NI-90	10'-9"	11'-2"	11'-8"	12'-0"	12'-6"	13'-0"	13'-6"	14'-2"	14'-1
	NI-90x	11'-1"	111-5"	11'-10"	12'-4"	12'-10"	13'-2"	13'-9"	14'-4"	15'-2

- Above table may be used for I-joist spacing of 24 inches on centre or less.
 Duct chase opening location distance is measured from inside face of supports to centre of opening.
 The above table is based an simple-span joists only. For other applications, contact your local distributor.
 Distances are based on uniformly loaded floor joists that meet the span requirements for a design live load of 40 psf and dead load of 15 psf, and a live load deflection limit of U480.
 The above table is based on the I-joists being used at their maximum spans. The minimum distance a given above may be reduced for shorter spans; contact your local distributor.

FIELD-CUT HOLE LOCATOR





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Knockouts are prescored holes provided for the contractor's convenience to install electrical or small plumbing lines. They are 1-1/2 inches in diameter, and are spaced 15 inches on centre clong the length of the I-joist. Where possible, it is preferable to use knockouts instead of field-cut holes.

Never drill, cut or notch the flange, or over-cut the web.

Holes in webs should be cut with a sharp saw.

For rectangular holes, avoid over-cutting the corners, as this can couse unnecessary stress concentrations. Slightly rounding the corners is recommended. Starting the rectangular hale by drilling a 1-inch diameter hale in each of the four corners and then making the cuts between the holes is another good method to minimize damage to the I-joist.

SAFETY AND CONSTRUCTION PRECAUTIONS



fully fastened and braced, or



Never stack building materials over unsheathed I-joists. Once sheathed, do not over-stress
I-joists with concentrated loads
from building materials.

WARNING: I-icisis are not stable until completely installed, and will not carry any load until fully braced and sheathed.

AVOID ACCIDENTS BY FOLLOWING THESE IMPORTANT GUIDELINES:

- Brace and nail each I-joist as it is installed, using hangers, blocking ponels, rim board, and/or cross-bridging at joist ends.
 When I-joists are applied continuous over interior supports and a load-bearing wall is planned at that location, blocking will be required at the interior support.
- When the building is completed, the floor sheathing will provide lateral support for the top flanges of the I-joists. Until this
 sheathing is applied, temporary bracing, often called struts, or temporary sheathing must be applied to prevent I-joist rollover
 or buckling.
 - or buckling.

 **Temporary bracing or struts must be 1×4 inch minimum, at least 8 feet long and spaced no more than 8 feet on centre, and must be secured with a minimum of two 2-1/2" nails fastened to the top surface of each 1-joist. Nail the bracing to a lateral restraint at the end of each bay. Lap ends of adjoining bracing over at least two 1-joists.
- Or, sheathing (temporary or permanent) can be noiled to the top flange of the first 4 feet of 1-joists at the end of the boy.
 3. For cantilevered 1-joists, brace top and bottom flonges, and brace ends with closure panels, rim board, or cross-bridging.
- 4. Install and fully not permanent sheathing to each lajoist before placing loads on the floor system. Then, stack building materials over beams or walls only.
- 5. Never install a damaged I-joist.

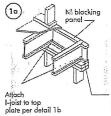
Improper storage or installation, failure to follow applicable building codes, failure to follow span ratings for Nordic I-joists. failure to follow allowable hole sizes and locations, or failure to use web stiffeners when required can result in serious accid Follow these installation guidelines carefully.



PRODUCT WARRANTY

Chartiers Chibougaman guarantees that, in accordance with our specifications, Nordic products are free from manufacturing defects in material and workmanship.

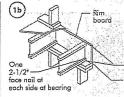
Furthermore, Chantiers Chibouganau warrants that our products, n utilized in accordance with our handling and installation instructions, will meet or exceed our specifications for the lifetime of the structure.



Blocking Panel	Maximum Factored Uniform
or Rim Joist	Vertical Load* (plf)
NI Joists	3,300

The uniform vertical load is limited to a joist depth of 16 inches or less and is based on standard term load duration. It shall not be used in the design of a bending member, such as joist, header, or rafter. For concentrated vertical load sfer, see detail 1d.

 $2-1/2^{\circ}$ nails at 6° a.c. to top plate (when used for lateral shear transfer, nail to bearing plate with same nailing as required for decking)



Blocking Panel or Rim Joist	Maximum Factored Uniform Vertical Load* (pli)
-1/8" Rim Board Plus	8,090

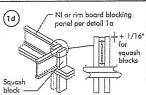
*The uniform vertical load is limited to a rim board depth of 16 inches or less and is based on standard term load duration. It shall not be used in the design of a bending member, such as joist, header, or rafter. For concentrated vertical load transfer, see detail 1d.

One 2-1/2" wire or spiral nail at top and bottom flange

Attach rim board to top plate using 2-1/2" wire or spiral toe-nails at 6" o.c.

To avoid splitting flange, start nails at least 1-1/2" from end of I-joist. Nails may be driven at an angle to avoid splitting of bearing plate.

Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4" for the end bearings, and 3-1/2" for the intermediate bearings when applicable.



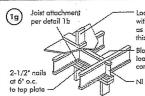
Pair of Squash	Vertical Lo	n Factored ad per Pair Blocks (Ibs)
Blocks	3-1/2" wide	5-1/2" wide
2x Lumber	5,500	8,500
1-1/8" Rim Board Plus	4,300	6,600

Provide lateral bracing per detail 1a or 1b



from above to bearing below Install squash blocks per detail 1d area of blocks below to post above.

Transfer load



Load bearing wall above shall alian vertically with the bearing below. Other conditions, such as offset bearing walls, are not covered by this detail.

- Blocking required over all interior supports under load-bearing walls or when floor joists are not continuous over support

recommendations

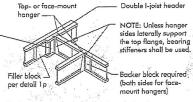
VI blocking panel per detail 1a

Backer block (use if hanger load exceeds 360 lbs). Before installing a backer block to a double I-joist, drive three additional 3" nails through the webs and filler block where the backer block will fit. Clinch. Install backer tight to top flange. Use twelve 3" nails, dinched when possible. Maximum factored resistance for hanger for this detail = 1,620 lbs.

BACKER BLOCKS (Blocks must be long enough to permit required nailing without splitting)

Flange Width	Material Thickness Required	Minimum Depth**				
2-1/2"	1" ,	5-1/2*				
3-1/2"	1-1/2"	7-1/4"				

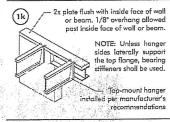
- Minimum grade for backer block material shall be S-P-F-No. 2 or better for solid sawn lumber and wood structural panels conforming to CAN/CSA-O325 or CAN/CSA-O437 Standard.
- For face-mount hangers use net joist depth minus 3-1/4" for joists with 1-1/2" thick flanges. For 2" thick flanges use net depth minus 4-1/4".

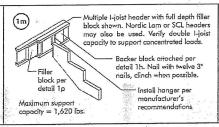


For hanger capacity see hanger manufacturer's recommendations. Verify double 1-joist capacity to support concentrated loads.

(1i) Structural Composite Lumber (SCL) For nailing schedules for multiple beams, see the manufacturer's recommendations. or face-mount hange installed per manufacturer's

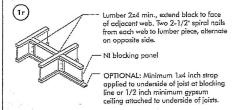
NOTE: Unless hanger sides laterally support the top flange. bearing stiffeners shall be used.

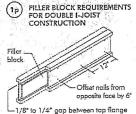






NOTE: Blacking required at bearing for lateral support, not shown for clarity.







- NOTES:

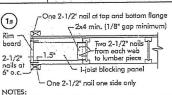
 1. Support back of J-joist web during nailing to prevent damage to web/flange connection.

 2. Leave a 1/8 to 1/4-inch gap between top of filler block
- and bottom of top 1-joist flange.

 3. Filler block is required between joists for full length
- of span.

 Noil joists together with two rows of 3° nails at 12 inches o.c. (clindhed when possible) on each side of the double Lipist. Total of four nails per foot required. If nails can be clinched, only two nails per fo
- Verify double 1-joist capacity

Flange Size	Net Depth	Filler Block Size
2-1/2" x 1-1/2"	9-1/2" 11-7/8" 14" 16"	2-1/8" x 6" 2-1/8" x 8" 2-1/8" x 10" 2-1/8" x 12"
3-1/2" x 1-1/2"	9-1/2" 11-7/8" 14" 16"	3" x 6" 3" x 8" 3" x 10" 3" x 12"
3-1/2" x 2"	11-7/8" 14" 16"	3" x 7" 3" x 9" 3" x 11"



- NOTES:
 In some local codes, blocking is prescriptively required in the first joist space (or first and second joist space) next to the starter joist. Where requirements for spacing of the blocking.
 All nails are common spiral in this detail.

All nails shown in the above details are assumed to be common wire nails unless otherwise noted. 3" (0.122" dia.) common spiral nails may be substituted for 2-1/2" (0.128" dia.) common wire noils.
Framing lumber
assumed to be
Spruce-Pine-Fir No.
or better. Individual
components not shot
to scale for clarity.

WEB STIFFENERS

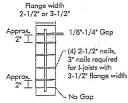
RECOMMENDATIONS:

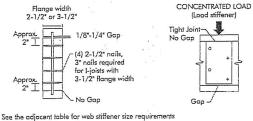
and filler block

- A bearing stiffener is required in all engineered applications with factored reactions greater than shown in the L-joist properties table found of the L-joist Construction Guide (C101). The gap between the stiffener and the flange is at
- A bearing stiffener is required when the I-joist is supported in a hanger and the sides of the hanger do not extend up to, and support, the top flange. The gap between the stiffener and flange is at the top.
- A load stiffener is required at locations where a factored concentrated A load stiffener is required at locations where a tradored concernation load greater than 2,370 bis is applied to the top flange between supports, or in the case of a cantilever, anywhere between the cantilever tip and the support. These values are for standard term load duration, and may be adjusted for other load durations as permitted by the code. The gap between the stiffener and the flange is at the bottom.

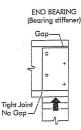
FIGURE 2

WEB STIFFENER INSTALLATION DETAILS





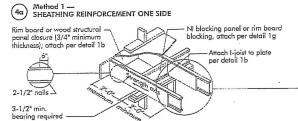
Rim board joint



STIFFENER SIZE REQUIREMENTS

Flange Width	Web Stiffener Size Each Side of Web
-2-1/2"	1" x 2-5/16" minimum width
3-1/2"	hiding right
197	
7 1	FRAFFIER E
115.5	

CANTILEVER DETAILS FOR VERTICAL BUILDING OFFSET



SHEATHING REINFORCEMENT TWO SIDES

Use same installation as Method 1 but reinforce both sides of I-joist with sheathing.

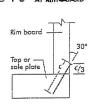


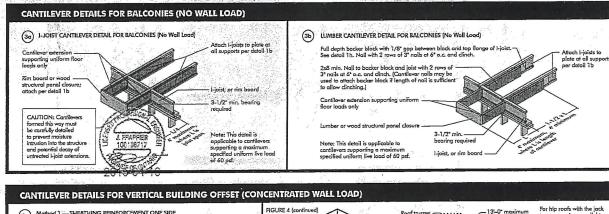
Use nailing pattern show for Method 1 with opposite face nailing offset by 3°.

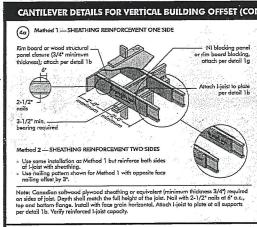
NOTE: Canadian softwood plywood sheathing or equivalent (minimum thickness 3/4") required on sides of joist. Depth shall match the full height of the joist. Noil with 2-1/2" nails at 6" o.c., top and bottom flange. Install with face grain horizontal. Attach I-joist to plate at all supports per detail 1b. Verify reinforced I-joist capacity.

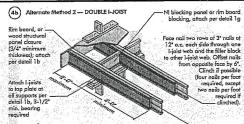
RIM BOARD INSTALLATION DETA (8a) ATTACHMENT DETAILS WHERE RIM BOARDS ABUT Rim Board Joint Between Floor Joists 2-1/2" nails at 6" a.c. (typical) (1) 2-1/2 nail top and — bottom (typical) 2-1/2" toe-nails at 6" a.c. (typical) Rim board joint -1/2" Rim Board Joint

nails









Block I-joists together with filler blocks for the full length of the reinforcement.

For I-joist flonge widths greater than 3 inches place an additional raw of 3" nails along the centraline of the reinforcing panel from each side. Clinch when passible.

INTRATED WALL LOAD)	
SURE 4 (continued) te fable toble for NI finforcements at quirements at fillever.	For hip roofs wi trusses running the cantilevered the I-joist reinfo requirements fo 26 ft. shall be p be used.

JOIST	ROOF TRUSS	endologia Endologia	- 30 m F	DI with		(OCF)	OADING 40 of	UNFAC			= 50 psf.	DL = 15	171 60
in i	SPAN	JOIST SPACING (in.)			JOIST SPACING (in.)				JOIST SPACING (in.)				
	tin I		12	16	19.2	24	12	16	19.2	7.4	12	16	19.2
60000000000000000000000000000000000000	26 28 30 32	N	N		2	7 7		2	×	77	2	X	X
	90	N N	7		X	N.		2	X		2 2	X	X
9.1/2	32	N	7	2	X	N	2	X	X	100100	*	X	, K
		N	1	2	X	N	2	X	X		X	X	×
(14) 图图400	36	N	Sensitives	2	X	THE IN THE	2 N	Property Assets for	2	DIE N	NO N	HEALTS BURNSHIP	X 2
	26 28 30	2 2	N			Mark Salah	Ñ		2	N	1		X
	30	N.	N	77	開始度	N.	SE NAME	1	2	N	1	2	X
11.7/8	32 34	N	N	1.4	1.1	N	N		2 X	N.		2 7	Š
	34	N	2 2	1	2 2	7 7		1	×	N			X
Carl (a)	36 38 26 28 30	N	N	1	2	N		2	X	N	2	2	X
CORSIS CONT.	26	BEN NEW	BENER	N	N	N	He Note	N	Mary Artis	T. N	N.	THIN H	Sec.
	28	N.	N	N	N	N	N N	N		Z Z	N		2
	32	N	ZZ	2 2	×	N X	N	N			N		2
147	34	2	N	N	13.0	N	N		100	N	N	7	2
	36	N	N	N	1	N	N	1.1	2	N	1	1	2
	36 38 40	N	N	N	1	N		則強力提出	2	77		1	×
SPECIAL	40	N	N N	N N	APRI NUC	N N	N N	N N	SIE NERO	N	AS N	N	Chicken L
	26 28 30	Ñ	N	N	N.	N	N	N		N	22	N	
100 mg	30	N	N	N	N	N	N	N	TO T	No.	N	N	
	32 34	N	N	N	N		N	N	明智慧	N	7 7		
16*		1	N		7,	N	77	N		N X	N		. 2
CONTRACT.	36 38	1		N		N.	N	N	1	N	N	的 情况	2
	40	7.7	N N	2		2.2	7.7		2 2	N	N	THE REAL PROPERTY.	2 7 X

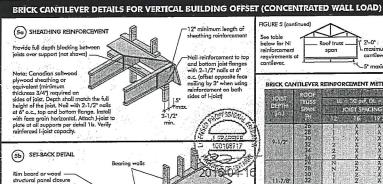
- I N N No reinfracement required.

 1 = NI reinfraced with 3/4" wood structural person on the disc only.

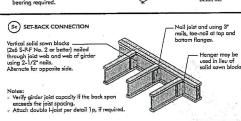
 2 = NI reinfraced with 3/4" wood structural person on the disc only.

 3 = NI reinfraced with 3/4" wood structural reinfraced with a reinfraced
- For larger openings, or multiple 3-U width openings perced has then 6-U o.c., oddinates perced has then 6-U o.c., oddinates perced has been only to require and may be required.

 3. Table capitar to pieta 12 to 24 o.c. that most the floor span requirements for a design fine local of 14 pt and deed lood of 18 pts, and to lev lood deflection limit of 1/480. Use



Rim board or wood — structural panel closure (3/4" minimum thickness), attach per detail 1b. Notes:
Provide full depth blocking
between joists over support
(not shown for clarity)
Attach I-joist to plate at all
supports per datail 1b.
3-1/2* minimum I-joist
bearing required. Attach joists to girder joist per detail 5c.



For hip roofs with the jack trusses running parallel to the contilevered floor joists, the I-joist reinforcement requirements for a span of 26 ft. shall be permitted to be used. **—** 13′–0° maximum Girder Girder - Jack trusses See table below for NI __ Roof truss __ span 2'-0" maximum contilever Roof truss
 span

	ROOF	St. Strike			ORED)			特别的					
	ROOF TRUSS SPANL	細蝴眼	30 pul.	OL # 15	Maria Maria	NAME OF THE OWNER, OWNE	5 40 pt	DL 15	型機器		= 50 psf.		
JOIST DETTH (in)	SPANL		OIST SPA	CING (in	建制指数		OIST SPA		機制機			CING (in	
			16	19.2	24	12	T6	19.2	24.	12.	i là	192	
	26 28 30 32 34 36 26 28 30 32 32 34	1001	X	X	X	2 2	制限な影響	HAL STEE	X	2×	×	X	XXXX
	30		×	â.	XXXX	2	Ç	x	x	x	χ.	X	X
9-1/2"	32	2	X	X X	X	2	X X	X	X	X	X	X	×
	34	2	X X X	X	X	X	A STATE OF	X	X	,	ž	Ž.	Ż
China di Caranta	26	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	CHRX DEC	PROPERTY OF STREET	MEN X ISS.	X	
	28	N	2	X	X		X	X	X	2.	X	X	
11-7/8	32		2 2 2	Ŷ	X		â	Ŷ	â	2	x	â	X
	34	i i	X	X	X	2	X	X	X	2	X	X	7 7 7 X X X X X X
	36 38		X	X	X	2	X	. X	X	2 X X	X	X	
0888310	26	N	1		X	N.	2 2	X	X		X	X	,
	28	7 7	1.1	X			2	X.	X		X	X	
100	26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40	Z	2 2 2	2 X X	X		2 X.	×	XXX	2	X	×	
14	34	N	2	X	X	1	X	X	X	2	X	X	,
	36	11	2 2	X	X		X	X	X Y	2	x	X	
	40		χ.	X	X	2	STATE X STATE	X	X	2	X	X	3
district.	26 28	7.7	的理論	2 2	X	22	2	X	X X X	N	2 2 X	XXX	3
	100 E 100 E	N		2	Â.	N	2	X	X	1	x	X	
	32	N	i	2 2	X	N	2 2	X	ž	10.1	X	X	
16	34 36	N	2	X	X	原型 凝	ź	x	X	1	â	Ŷ	,
	38 40 42	7.7	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	X	X X X	Ť	X	X X X	X X X	2 2 2	X X X	X.	}

- 1, N = No reinforcement required.

 1 = NI reinforced with 3/4" wood structured point of one side only.

 1 = NI reinforced with 3/4" wood structural point of one side only.

 2 = No reinforced with 3/4" wood structural point on both dides, or doubte 1-joint.

 2 = Ty or desemp joint or dours propring.

 2, Maximum dissips load shall be: 15 per food feed food; 5 per filter to test food, and 30 pif well load. Wolk load is braved on 3-DP maximum width visible or does or opening.
- For larger opinings, or multiple 3 °C width openings spoxed less than 6.0° 0 °C. additional joint beament the opining's cripple studs may be required.

 Table applies to joint 32° to 24° 0.c. that must the floor sport requirements for a classiful live lead of 40 ftp and dead load of 15 ppt fc, and a live load defluid of 15 ppt fc, and a live load defluid of 15 °C spc. and 5.4°80. Use 12° 0.c. requirements for less sets species.
 - 4. For conventional roof construction using a ridge beam, the Roof Toxs Span column above is equivalent to the distance between the supporting wall and the ridge beam. When the roof is furned using a ridge board, the Roof Toxs Span is equivalent to the distance between the supporting walls as if a the now.

 distance between the supporting was a structure is used.

 5. Cartillewared joists supporting girder trusses or roof beams may require additional reinforcing

WEB HOLES

RULES FOR CUTTING HOLES AND DUCT CHASE OPENINGS:

- The distance between the inside edge of the support and the centreline of any hole or duct chase opening shall be in compliance with the requirements of Table 1 or 2, respectively.
- I-joist top and bottom flanges must NEVER be cut, notched, or otherwise modified.
- Whenever possible, field-cut holes should be centred on the middle of the web.
- The maximum size hole or the maximum dopfl of a dust chase opening that can be cut into an I-joist web shall equal the clear distance between the flanges of the I-joist minus 1/4 inch. A minimum of 1/8 inch should obeyed be maintained between the top or bottom of the hole or opening and the adjacent I-joist flange.
- The sides of square holes or longest sides of rectangular holes should not exceed 3/4 of the diameter of the maximum round hole permitted at that location.
- 6. Where more than one hole is necessary, the distance between adjacent hale edges shall exceed wince the dismeter of the largest round hale or twice the issee of the largest square hale for twice the length of the langest side of the langest rectangular hale or duct chase opening and each hale and duct chase opening shall be sized and located in compliance with the requirements of Tables 1 and 2, respectively.
- A knockout is not considered a hole, may be utilized anywhere it occurs, and may be ignored for purposes of calculating minimum distances between holes and/or duct chase openings.
- Holes measuring 1-1/2 inches or smaller shall be permitted anywhere in a contilevered section of a joist. Holes of greater size may be permitted subject to
- A 1-1/2 inch hole or smaller can be placed anywhere in the web provided that it
 meets the requirements of rule number 6 above.
- All holes and duct chase openings shall be at in a workman-like monner accordance with the restrictions listed above and as illustrated in Figure 7.
- 11. Limit three maximum size holes per span, of which one may be a duct chase
- A group of round holes at approximately the same location shall be permitted if they meet the requirements for a single round hole circumscribed around them.

LOCATION OF CIRCULAR HOLES IN JOIST WEBS
Simple or Multiple Span for Dead Loads up to 15 psf and Live Loads up to 40 psf

	loid Series	TORSON IN	HE MARK	Tall the			類型 KG o	nd be	de dia	rneror (n)		TENER!	S. S	製器網		2016
	Management	第2章	SERVICE SERVICE	BEF BE	5	1006	6-1/4	建了 图	(MIE)	8-5/8	出版 建放	建打0年	10-3/4	制度 工業	額上類	12-3/4	
被撤退被撤	原因20周報	0-7-	91-67	2.10		5'-B'	6.0	ed and a	対象がは	SER PROPERTY.	建坡地區	能認識地	超机构	Marie (18		Bart Co.	100 S
0 2 22	NI-40a	0.7	7.6	3-0*	54	740	6'-4'		建筑市		TO SE			100			14.11
	N-70	2.0	3.4	4.5	6131	8-0	B-4"	New York	100	100	1			其中年	11121		15.7
海州的东西的	NI-BO	2-3	3.6	5.0	6'.6'	8.2	6-8	10223	A dimen	1000110000	1117	(S)201(I)		6127-03	STATE	ACID-DIA	5.7
	N4-20	0.7	0.8	1-3	2.8	3'-8'	4-0	5.0	20	7.9 8-4		別心是		計出版	76 B	10 10	6.6
	NI-60	0.75	1'-8'	3-0	4.3	5.9	6'-0"	7.3	8-10	10-0				0.0		170103	16.7
11-7/81	NI-70	11.3	2.6	4.0	5.4	619"	7-2	8'-41	10-0	11-2			1	1	1000		17.5
Clark Co.	NI-80	11-6	2c10	41.2 11.5	5'-6"	7'-0" 4'-10"	7.5	8-6	10-3	10-2		ill to the				21004100	100
THE WAY	NI-90x	0.7			3.2	21.4	4.9	6-3	different to	微量機	附西斯	100	10.3	新加州的	数配额		₩ 1 8-0 °
	NLAON	0.2	0.B	0.8	11.000	2-4	2.9	3.9	5-2	6.0	6-6	8-3	10-2	数量的	操門機能	据農廠	18.2
	NI-60	0.7	0.8	3-0	3.0	43 5-10	6-2	5-8° 7-3°	71.2°	8'-0" 7-9"	8-8,	10.4	111.9		给放射		19-2
341	NI-70 NI-80	0.10	240	3-4	1.7	6.2	6.5	7.6		10-0	10-5	121-4	1319			STATE OF	9-5
New York	EN-90	0.71	0.3	0-10	2.5	41.01	4-5	5-9	9.0	B.B	9'-4"	11:4	12411				19.9
100000	191.90x	0.7	0.8	8.0	3.9	31.91	3.2	9-5	75	8.5	7-0	8.5	9-8	10.24	179.734	13.91	18-10
	NI-60 NL70	0-7	0-8 T-0	0.B 2.3	3.6	4.10	F-3	213	7-5	8-6	9.2	10-8	12.0	12-4	24.0	15'6	20,10
16	5 M-80 2 8	0.7	103	2-6	3-10	53	5'-6'	6-6	8.0	9.0	9-5	11.0	12-3	12.9	145	16-0	211-2
RESTRICT	NI-90	0.7	G-8	7.9	7'.9'	3'-3"	3-B	41.5°	6.5	7.5	850°	7-10	1113	11.2	13.5	15.4	21-6

- Above table may be used for Lipist spacing of 24 inches on centre or less.
 Hale location distance is measured from inside face of supports to centre of hole.
 Distances in this chart are based on uniformly loaded joists.

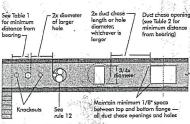
The above table is based on the I-joists used at their maximum span. If the I-joists are placed at less than their full maximum span (see Max the minimum distance from the centraline of the hale to the face of any support (D) as given above may be reduced as follows:

Preduced = Lactual x D

Direction from the inside face of any aupport to centre of hole, reduced for loss then making distance shall not be last than 6 sinches from the face of the support to edge of the hole. The actual measured spen distance between the inside loss of supports (I). Span Adjustment Factor given in this table.

The initiation distance from the inside tops of only support to centre of hole from this table. If a factor given is a span of the s

FIGURE 7 FIELD-CUT HOLE LOCATOR



A knockout is NOT considered a hole, may be utilized wherever it occurs and may be ignared for purposes of calculating minimum distances between holes

Knockouts are prescored hales provided for the contractor's convolence to install electrical or small plumbing lines. They are 1-1/2 inches in diameter, and are spaced 15 inches on centre along the length of the I-joist. Where possible, it is



Never drill, cut ar notch the flange, or over-cut the web. Holes in webs should be cut with a

For reclangular holes, avoid over-auting the corners, as this can cause unnecesses stress concentrations. Slightly rounding the corners is recommended. Starting the reclangular hole by drilling all-inch diameter hole in each of the Fourcomer

DUCT CHASE OPENING SIZES AND LOCATIONS — Simple Span Only

PROBLEMS	學問題經	H WALLEY LAND	ım distab			1	100	1	all a side of	ALLS LLAD AN
				明 原料模製作	Duel e	rasa lang	iti (ini.)		沿海湖南地	
		8	新新教 红洲	数额2强	場所な影響	開始工作的	排除瓦制	20	10 22 Hg	
200000000000000000000000000000000000000	NF20	1 (i) 4'-L'16'	4'-5' 5'-8' 5'-9'	4:10 6:27 5:10 6:65 7:65 7:65 7:65 8:45	5-4	5.8' 6.10' 7:5' 8.10' 7:5' 8.40' 9.7' 8.10' 9.7' 8.10' 9.7' 8.10' 9.7' 8.10' 9.7' 10.11' 10.1	6.1	6'-6"	無7-15時	7.5
	N=00 N=60 N=70 N=80 N=80 N=70 N=80 N=90 N=90 N=40 N=40 N=40 N=70	5.3	5-8	0.0	6-5' 6-7' 6-3' 6-5' 8-1' 8-6' 8-5' 8-5' 8-5' 8-5' 8-5' 8-5' 8-5'	4.1	751780-57-77A	7.8 8.7 7.8 8.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9.6 9	8-2' 8-1' 8-1' 8-2' 8-9' 10-1' 10-3' 10-1' 10-2' 10-7' 10-8'	8-6' 8-4' 8-4'
	NL70	S. 40.19	81.5	5-10	6.3	6 Z	開始不可認的	7.6	8-11	8-4
與學別開闢	NIL80	8 N 5 3 11 12	8-5- 5-8 6-4 7-2 7-8 7-4 7-4 7-11- 8-11	held of the	6.5	6,10	民日本中国沿岸	7 B	8.7	8.6
THE RESERVE	NH20	5.9 6.8 7.3 7.1 7.2 7.6 7.7	6'-2	6.6	2.1	别 5 向	7-9	8-3	8-9	9.4' 10.9' 10.4' 10.8' 10.3' 12.8' 12.3' 12.6' 12.6' 12.6' 12.7'
distribution in	THE CHANGE	0.8	4.5	91.0	91 44	8 0	61.04	0.0	D 0+ 9*	17.72
11.7/8	N-70 %	7.3	7.4	71.00	81.3	8.7	91 11	9.6	10-16	107-44
THE LOSS OF	NI-80	7.2	7.7	B-0	8.5	8-10	01.31	9-8	10-2	10-8
	NF-90	7-6	7-11	84	8-9	9-2	9-7	10:17	10-7	10.11
ESSOCHER PO	MI-AOKIN	7.7	81.17		330	BUDGE ASSE	10.3	117-2	121.01	00017 Bt 00
Oleonia in the	SIZH	8.1	1 0 3 E	Dr. av	100	707.40	12日本20年	1 1 20 7	15.3	1307
a programme and the	NI-70	8.1 8.9 8.7 9.7 9.2 9.7	8'.7' 9'.3' 9'.1' 9'.3'	OCH!	9'-6' 10'-1' 9'-10' 10'-1' 10'-6'	10-4	10.5	11/2* 11/4* 11/2* 11/6* 11/9*	2-0 13-3 11-7 12-1 12-7	12-3
对学科题图 语	NI-80 B	9.0	9.3	9.9	10-1	10-2	BOTTO LOS	11'-6'	12-1	12'-6
	NI-90	9.2	9.8	10.0	10'-6"	10-11	11.5	11'-9'	24	12-17
	NI-VRA	9.4	9.0	0.2	10-/-	20125	11.70	3.7/.20	2 45 76	7-8-100
则是在我们的	NI-80 NI-90 NI-90 NI-70 NI-80	10:3	10'-8' 10'-5' 10'-9'	理学技术的		17570	100	17.8	14'-1' 13'-3" 13'-8"	14-10° 14-4° 14-10°
16	80	100	10.9	1 3 K	11.0	2.1	21.7	13-1	13'-B"	114 David
	NL90	10.9	11:2	9.55 9.55 11.55 11.55 11.55 11.55	12.5	12-11 11-10 12-11 12-6 12-10	2-6 2-3 2-7 13-0 13-0	13.2 12.8 13.1 13.6 13.9	14'-2"	14-10
STATE OF THE STATE OF	NI-90x	1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	Ball P. Dell	11111	124	12-10	13.2	13.0	11/14	15.2

Above table may be used for I-joid spocing of 24 inches on center or less.

Dust chese opening location distance is measured from inside force of supports to center of opening.

The above table is bensel on simple-spen jects only for either explications, contract your local distributor.

Distances are board on uniformly loaded floor joins that meet the spon requirement for a design live load of 40 put and doed load of 15 gs, and or Ne lead officials final floor loading live load of 40 put and doed load of 15 gs, and or Ne lead officials final of LASB, for other applications, contrady or load distributors.

INSTALLING THE GLUED FLOOR SYSTEM

- 1. Wipe any mud, dirt, water, or ice from 1-joist flanges before gluing.
- 2. Snap a chalk line across the Ljoists four feet in from the wall for panel edge alignment and as a boundary for spreading glue.
- 3. Spread only enough glue to lay one or two panels at a time, or follow specific recommendations from the glue manufacturer.
- Lay the first panel with tongue side to the wall, and noil in place. This protects the tongue of the next panel from damage when topped into place with a block and sledgehammer.
- Apply a continuous line of glue (about 1/4-inch diameter) to the top flange of a single I-joist. Apply alue in a winding pattern on wide areas, such as with double I-joists.
- Apply two lines of give on I-joists where panel ends butt to assure proper gluing of each end.
- 7. After the first row of panels is in place, spread glue in the groove of one or two panels at a time before laying the nest row. Glue line may be continuous or spaced, but avaid squazzo-out by applying a thinner line (1/8 inch) then used on i-joid franges.
- 8. Top the second row of panels into place, using a block to protect groove edges.
- Stagger end joints in each succeeding row of panels. A 1/8-inch space between all end joints and 1/8-inch at all edges, including T&G edges, is recommended. (Use a spacer tool or an 2-1/2" commonil to assure accurate and consistent spacing.)
- 10. Complote all nailing of each panel before glue sets. Check the manufacturer's recommendations for cure time. (Warm weather accelerates glue setting.) Use 2' ring- or szere-shook nails for panels 3/4-inch that for less, and 2-1/2' ring- or szere-shook nails for panels 3/4-inch that for less, and 2-1/2' ring- or szere-shook nails for panels table below. Closer nail specing may be required by some codes, or for diaphragm construction. The finished dack can be walked on right away and will carry construction loads without damage to the glue bond.

FASTENERS FOR SHEATHING AND SUBFLOORING(1)

Maximum Minimum	A C	oil Size and Ty	pa T	Maximum of Fa	n Spacing Seriors
Specific Thickness	Wire ar Spiral Nails	Noils or Screws	Station	Edges	Anferra Supports
16 5/8	2"	1-3/4*	2"	··· 6°	12"
20 5/8	2*	1-3/4"	2*	6	12"
74	2*	1-3/4"	2"	6.	12*

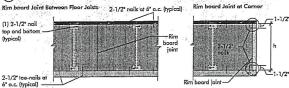
- ners of sheathing and subflooring shall conform to the above table.
- Stoples shall not be less than 1/16-inch in diameter or thickness, with not less than a 3/8-inch crown driven with the crown parallel to framing.
- 3. Flooring screws shall not be less than 1/8-inch in diameter.
- Special conditions may impose heavy traffic and concentrated loads that require construction in excess
 of the minimums shown.
- 5. Use only adhesives conforming to CAN/CGS8-71.26 Standard, Adhesives for Field-Gluing Plywood. Lumber Framing for Floor System, applied in occordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. OSS paniel with social surfaces and edges are to be used, use only solvent-based glues; check with penel manufacturer.

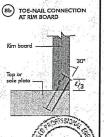
Ref.: NRC-CNRC, National Building Code of Canada 2010, Table 9.23.3.5.

st be field glued to the I-joist flanges in order to achieve the maximum t document. If sheathing is nailed only, I-joist spans must be verified with

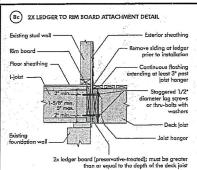
RIM BOARD INSTALLATION DETAILS

(8q) ATTACHMENT DETAILS WHERE RIM BOARDS ABUT



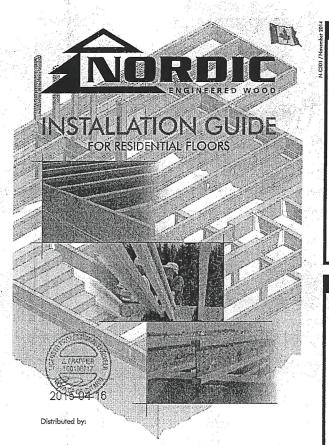


I PRAFFIER 100108717











a Frappier 100102717

SAFETY AND CONSTRUCTION PRECAUTIONS





trated loads from

I-joists are not stable until completely installed, and will not carry any load until fully braced and sheathed.

Avoid Accidents by Following these Important Guidelines:

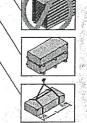
- Brace and not each Hoist as it is installed, using hongers, blocking panels, rim board, and/or cross-bridging at joist ands. When Hoists are applied continuous over interior supports and a load-bearing wall is planned at that location, blocking will be required at the interior support.
- When the building is completed, the floor sheathing will provide lateral support for the top flonges of the Ljoists. Until this sheathing is applied, temporary broting, often called struts, or temporary sheathing must be applied to prevent Ljoist rollover or budding.
 - Temporary bracing or strust must be 1x4 inch minimum, at least 8 feet long and spaced no more than 8 feet on centre, and must be secured with a minimum of two 2-1/2* nails featened to the top surface of each i-joist. Nail the bracing to a lateral restraint at the end of each boy. Lop ends of adjoining bracing over at least two i-joists.
 - Or, sheathing (temporary or permanent) can be nailed to the top flonge of the first 4 feet of I-joists at the end of the bay.
- 3. For cantilevered I-joists, brace top and bottom flanges, and brace ends with closure panels, rim board, or cross-bridging.
- Install and fully nail permanent sheathing to each I-joist before placing loads on the floor system. Then, stack building materials over beams or walls only.

5. Never install a damaged I-joist.

Improper storage or installation, failure to follow applicable building codes, failure to follow span ratings for Nordic I-joids, failure to follow allowable hole sizes and locations, or failure to use web stiffeners when required can result in serious accidents. Follow these installation guidelines carefully.

STORAGE AND HANDLING GUIDELINES

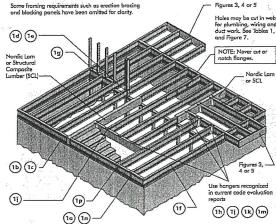
- Bundle wrap can be slippery when wet. Avoid walking an wrapped
- 2. Store, stack, and handle I-joists vertically and level only.
- 3. Always stack and handle I-joists in the upright position only.
- 4. Do not store I-joists in direct contact with the ground and/or flatwise.
- 5. Protect I-joists from weather, and use spacers to separate bundles.
- 6 Bundled units should be kept intact until time of installation.
- When handling I-joists with a crane on the job site, take a few simple precourions to prevent damage to the I-joists and injury to your work crew.
- Fick I-joists in bundles as shipped by the supplier.
- Orient the bundles so that the webs of the 1-joists are vertical.
- = Pick the bundles at the 5th points, using a spreader bar if necessary
- 9. NEVER USE OR TRY TO REPAIR A DAMAGED I-JOIST.



INSTALLING NORDIC I-JOISTS

- 1. Before laying out floor system components, verify that 1-joist flange widths match hanger widths. If not, control with the components of the control of t
- 2. Except for cutting to length, I-joist flanges should never be cut, drilled, or notched.
- 3. Install 1-joists so that top and bottom flanges are within 1/2 inch of true vertical alignment. I-joists must be anchored securely to supports before floor sheathing is attached, and supports be level.
- 5. Minimum bearing lengths: 1-3/4 inches for end bearings and 3-1/2 inches for int
- 6. When using hangers, seat I-joists firmly in hanger bottoms to minimize settlement.
- 7. Leave a 1/16-inch gap between the 1-joist end and a header.
- 8. Concentrated loads greater than those that can normally be expected in residential construction should only be applied to the top surface of the top flange. Normal concentrated loads include track lighting fastures, audio equipment and security cameras. Never suspend unusual or heavy loads from the I-joist's bottom flange. Whenever possible, suspend all concentrated loads from the top of the I-joist. Or, attach the load to blocking that has been securely fastened to the I-joist webs.
- 9. Never install I-joists where they will be permanently exposed to weather, or where they will remain in direct contact with
- 10. Restrain ends of floor joists to prevent rollover. Use rim board, rim joists or 1-joist blocking panels.
- 11. For I-joists installed over and beneath bearing walls, use full depth blocking panels, nim board, or squash blocks (cripple members) to transfer gravity loads through the floor system to the wall or foundation below.
- 12. Due to shrinkage, common framing lumber set on edge may never be used as blocking or tim boards. I-joist blocking panels or other engineered wood preducts such as rim board must be cut to fit between the I-joists, and on I-joist-competible depth selected.
- 13. Provide permanent leteral support of the bottom flonge of all I-joiss at Interior supports of multiple-spon joists. Similarly, support the bottom flonge of all conflictend I-joists at the end support next to the cartillever extension. In the completed structure, the gypeum wellboard ceiling provides this lateral support. Until the find finished ceiling is applied, temporary support the battatis itempe or structure, the gypsum wallboard bracing or struts must be used.
- 14. If square-edge panels are used, edges must be supported between 1-joists with 2x4 blocking. Glue panels to blocking to minimize squeaks. Blocking is not required under structural finish flooring, such as wood strip flooring, or if a separate underlayment layer is installed.
- 15. Nail spacing: Space nails installed to the flange's top face in accordance with the applicable building code requirements or approved building plans.

TYPICAL NORDIC 1-JOIST FLOOR FRAMING AND CONSTRUCTION DETAILS



All nails shown in the above details are assumed to be common wire nails unless otherwise noted. 3"
(0.122" dia.) common spiral nails may be substituted for 2-1/2" (0.128" dia.) common wire nails. Framing lumber assumed to be Spruce-Pine-Fir No. 2 or better, Individual components not shown to scale for clarity.

(1d)



2-1/2" nails at 6" o.c. to top plate (when used for lateral shear

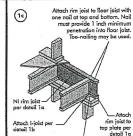
Blocking Panel	Maximum Factored Uniform
or Rim Joist	Vertical Load* (plf)
NI Joists	3,300



plate using 2-1/2" wire or spiral toe-nails at 6" o.c. To avoid splitting flange, start noils at least 1-1/2* from end of I-joist. Noils ay be driven at an angle to a splitting of bearing plate.

Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4* for the end bearings, and 3-1/2* for the intermediate bearings when applicable.

ertical Load" (plf)
8,090



Minimum 1-3/4* bearing required

Pair of Squash Blocks

1/16" for ash block

1-1/8* Rim Board Plus 4.300 6.600 de lateral bracing per detail la, 1b, or la

The uniform vertical load is limited to a rim board depth of 16 inches or less and is based on standard term load duration. It shall not be steed in the design of a bending member, such as joist, header, or rafter. For concentrated vertical load transfer, see detail 1 d.

MAXIMUM FLOOR SPANS

- Maximum clear spans applicable to simple-span or multiple-span residential floor construction with a design five load of 10 gpt. The ultimate limit states are based on the factored loads of 1.50.L + 1.25D. The scriedability limit states induced the consideration for floor wibration and a live load deflection limit of 1/480. For multiple-span applications, the end spans shall be 40% or more of the adjacent span.
- 2. Spars are based on a composite floor with glued-noiled oriented strand board (OSB) sheathing with a minimum trickness of 3/6 inch for a joist spacing of 2/3 inches or less, or 3/4 inch for joist spacing of 2/4 inches. Adhesive shall meet the requirements given in CGBS-717.26 Standard. No concrete topping or bridging element was assumed. Increased spars may be achieved with the used of gypsum and/or a row of blocking at mid-span.
- Minimum bearing length shall be 1-3/4 inches for the end bearings, and 3-1/2 inches for the intermediate bearings.
- Bearing stiffeners are not required when I-joists are used with the spans and spacings given in this table, except as required for hangers.
- 5. This span chart is based on uniform loads. For applications with other than uniform loads, an engineering analysis may be required based on the use of the design properties.
- Tables are based on Limit States Design per CAN/CSA O86-09 Standard, and NBC 2010.
- 7. 5I units conversion: 1 inch = 25.4 mm 1 foot = 0.305 m

MAXIMUM FLOOR SPANS FOR NORDIC I-JOISTS SIMPLE AND MULTIPLE SPANS

			Simpl	Speins				e apene	調整整
Depth Same		On control specing			On centre spacing				
		12	16	19.2	25	1.2	160	192	24
	NI-20	15-71	14.2	13.9	1355	16-3	11:15V4	4-10-	14472
	NI-40x	16\1	15-2	14'-8"	14'-9"	17-5	16'-5"	151101	15'-5"
9.1/2	NI-60	16.3	15-4	14'.10"	14:11	1747	16.7	16-01	16-14
	NI-70	17-31	16-11	15-6	15-7"	18-7	1714	16'-9"	16'-10
基础	NL80	77-3	16-3	15-8	15-9	18-10	17.5	16'-17	17-0
SE S	NI-20	16'11	16-01	15.5	15'-6"	18-4	17'-3"	16-8	16'-7"
Z110 E S S S S	NI-40x	1B:1"	17-0	16'5	16-6	20'-0"	18'-6"	17.9	37.7
STATE OF THE	NL60	18-4°	17'-3"	16'-7"	16'-9"	20'-3'	18491	18-0	18-1
11.7/B	NI-70	19-6	18'-0"	17-4	17'-5"	211-6	191111	19-0	19-11
	NJ.80	19-9"	18-3	17'-6'	17-7	211-9	20-2	19-3	19-4
海網報	NI-90	20'-2"	18'-7"	17910	17'-11"	22'-3"	20'-7"	15-8	19'-9"
湖場場開	NEGO	20-4"	18.9	17:11	18-0	22'-5"	20'-9"	19-10	19-11
1988年25	NI-40X	11/2D-37010	18-7	17-10	17-11	22-2	20'-6"	1918"M	19-4
	NI-60	20-5	78-11	18-71	18-2	22-7	20-111	20-0	20-1
	NI-70	21'-7'	20-0	19-11	19-2	23-10	2241	21-1	21421
1	NI-80	21.11!	20-3	19'-4"	19'-5'	24'3"	22'-5"	211-5	211-61
	NL90	22.5	20-8	19.9	19-10	241.9	22-10	21-10	27:10
用新黎州镇	NI-90x	77-7	20-11	19:11:	20-0	25'-0"	23'-1"	22-0	22-2*
Display Olive	NH60	22.3	20-8	19-9	19-10	24-7	22'-9"	2719	21430
	NI-70	23-6	27-9	20.9	20-10	26'-0"	24'-0"	22-111	23'-0"
6	MI-80	23-11*	22]*	21'-1"	21.2:	2645	24.5	23.3	23'-4"
温温を	M1.90	24'-5"	22-6"	21'-5"	211-61	26-11	24-10	23-9	23-9
常能與認為所	NI-90a	24'-8'	22-00	271-9	21-10	27.3	25'-2"	24'-0"	24.75

The second of the second second

CCMC EVALUATION REPORT 13032-R

1-JOIST HANGERS

- Hangers shown illustrate the three most commonly used metal hongers to support I-joists.
- 2. All nailing must meet the hanger
- Hangers should be selected based on the joist depth, flange width and load capacity based on the maximum spans.
- Web stiffeners are required when the sides of the hangers do not laterally brace the top flange of the I-joist.



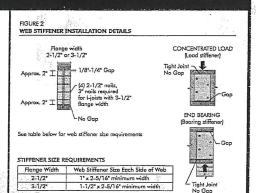


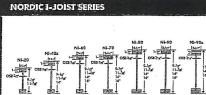
Face Mount

WEB STIFFENERS

RECOMMENDATIONS:

- * A bearing stiffener is required in all engineered applications with factored reactions greater than shown in the I-joist properties table found of the I-joist Construction Guide (CI 01). The gap between the stiffener and the flange is at the top.
- A bearing stiffener is required when the I-joist is supported in a hanger and the sides of the hanger to not extend up to, and support, the top flange. The gap between the stiffener and flange is at the top.
- A load stiffener is required at locations where a factored concentrated load greater than 2,370 lbs is applied to the top flange than 2,370 lbs is applied to the top trange between supports, or in the case of a conflicted, anywhere between the cantilever fig and the support. These volues are for standard term load duration, and may be adjusted for other load durations as permitted by the code. The gap between the sifficener and the flange is at the bottom.
- SI units conversion: 1 inch = 25.4 mm





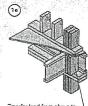
Chaptiers Chibauagmou Ltd. harvests its own trees, which enable

23 piecus per unit

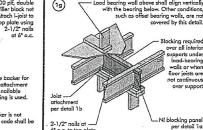
5-P-F No.2 1950FMSR 2100FMSR 1950FMSR 2100FMSR 2400FMSR



NPG Lumber



15 Use single I-joint for loads up to 3,300 plf, double I-joints for loads up to 6,600 plf (filler block not required). Attoch I-joint to go plate using 2-1/27 nails Provide backer for Wall sheathing, as required —



2-1/2" nails at — 6" o.c. to top plate Multiple I-joist header with full depth filler block shown. Nordic Lam or SCL headers may also be used. Verify double I-joist capacity to support (10) Do not bevel-out joist beyond inside face of wall

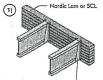
Note: Uniper Appage side: Ligerolly support that ap flates at ring stillenge shall be seen 2015-04-16 Filler block -par detail 1p Backer block required (both sides for face-mount hangers)

(1h) Backer block (use if hanger load exceeds 360 lbc) Before installing a backer block to a doubte Ljoist, drive three additional 3' noils through the webs and filter block where the backer block will fit. Clinch, Install backer tight to top flanga. Use twelve 3' noils, Glanded when possible. Maximum factored resistance for hanger for this detail = 1,620 lbs.

BACKER BLOCKS (Blocks must be long enough to permit required nailing without splitting)

Flange Width Material Thickness Required*		Minimum Depth
2-1/2*	1'	5-1/2*
3-1/2*	1-1/2*	7-1/4"

Minimum grade for backer block material shall be S.P.F No, 2 or better for solid sown lumber and wood structural panels conforming to CAN/CSA-0025 or CAN/CSA-0237 Shaderd.
 For face-mount hangers use net joist depth minus 3-1/4" for joists with 1-1/2" thick flanges. For 2" thick flanges use net depth minus 4-1/4".



Top- or face-mount hanger installed per manufacturer' recommendations

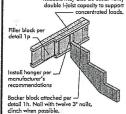
For nailing schedules for multiple beams, see the manufacturer's

Note: Unless hanger sides laterally support the top flonge, bearing stiffeners shall be used.



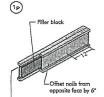
Top-mount hanger installed per manufacturer's recommendatio

Note: Unless hanger sides laterally support the top flange, bearing stiffeners shall be used.



(Tm)

support, not shown for clarity. num support capacity = 1,620 lbs.



-1/8" to 1/4" gap between top flange and filler block

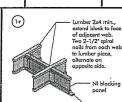
- Leave a 1/8 to 1/4-inch gap between top of filler block and bottom of top 1-joist flange.
- Filler block is required between joists for full length of span.
- full length of spon.

 A boal loats together with two rows of 3° natis at 12 inches ac., (efinched when possible) or each side of the double light. Total of four neils per foot required. If nails can be dinched, only two nails per foot are required.

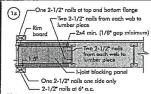
 5. The maximum factored load that may be applied to one side of the double joist using this detail is 850 lbt/H. Verity double lijoist capacity.

Support back of Lipist web during nailing to prevent damage to web/flange connection. FILER BLOCK REQUIREMENTS FOR DOUBLE LIDIST CONSTRUCTION prevent damage to web/flange connection.

Flange	Joist	Filler		
Size	Depth	Block Size		
2-1/2" x 1-1/2"	9-1/2* 11-7/8* 14* 16*	2-1/8 x 6 2-1/8 x 8 2-1/8 x 10 2-1/8 x 12		
3-1/2* x 1-1/2*	9-1/2* 11-7/8* 14* 16*	3" x 6" 3" x 8" 3" x 10" 3" x 12"		
3-1/2"× 11-7/8"		3"x7"		
2" 14"		3"x9"		
16"		3"x11"		



Optional: Minimum 1x4 inch — strap applied to underside of joist at blocking line or 1/2 inch minimum gypsum ceiling attached to underside of joists.



Notes:

In some local codes, blocking is prescriptively required in the first joint space for first and second joint space) next to the storter joid. Where required, see local code requiremen for specing of the blocking.

All nails are common spiral in this detail.