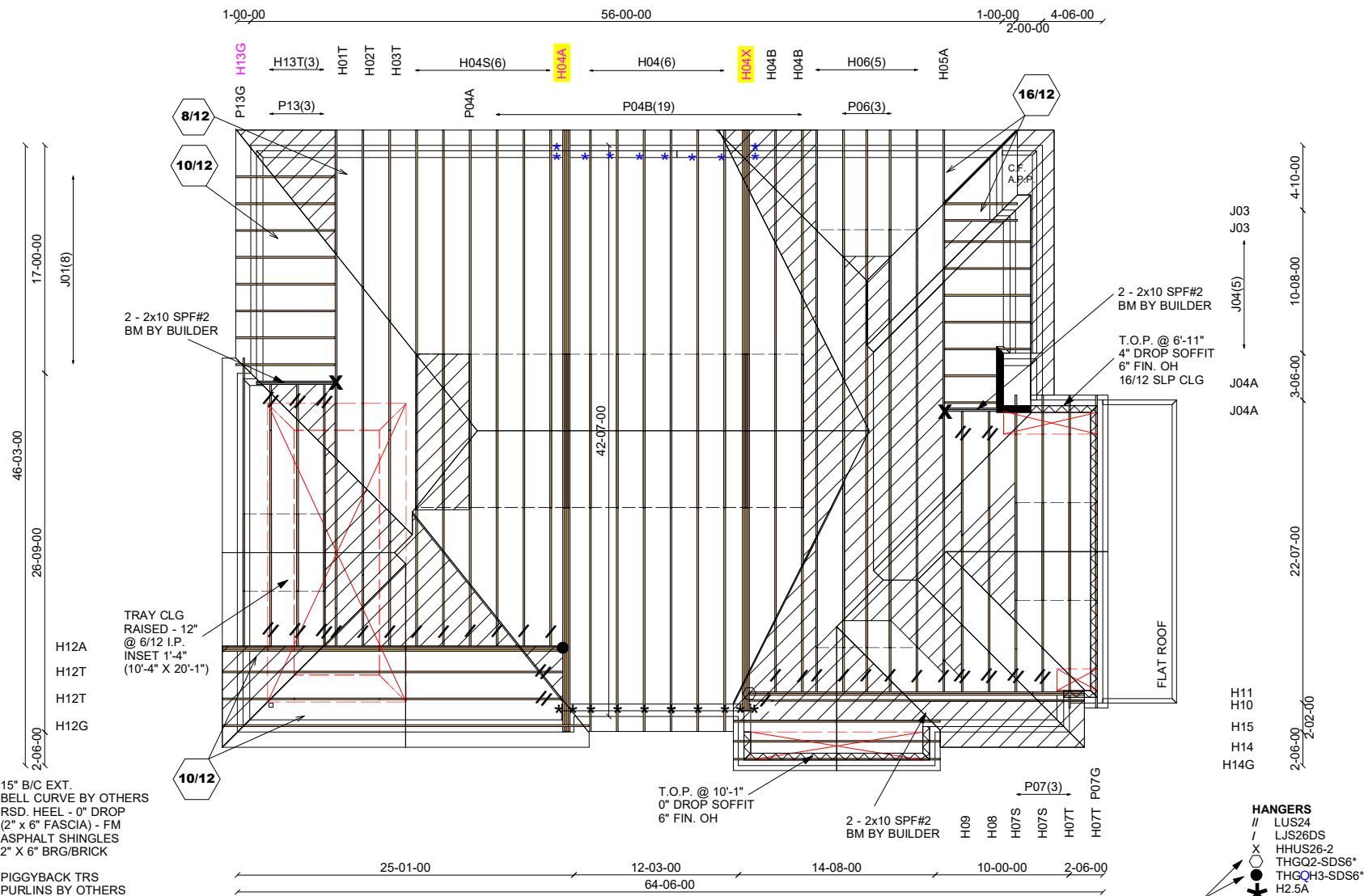




E22075261 - E22075264; E22075267 - E22075295
E23092427 - E23092428

THGQ HANGERS MUST BE
INSTALLED PRIOR TO
TRUSS INSTALLATION

Mitek V. 8.5.3.233

ALL CONVENTIONAL FRAMING TO CONFORM WITH PART 9 O.B.C. LATEST EDITION. ROOF RAFTERS THAT CROSS OVER TRUSSES TO BE 2X4 SPF #2 @ 24" O.C WITH A VERT. POST TO THE TRUSS UNDERNEATH AT EACH CROSS POINT. VERT. POSTS LONGER THAN 6' TO HAVE LATERAL BRACING SO THAT THE DISTANCE BETWEEN END POINTS & BETWEEN ROWS OF BRACING DOES NOT EXCEED 6'

CONVENTIONAL
FRAMING BY
OTHERS

Builder / Location:

GOLD PARK HOMES / VAUGHAN

Model / Elevation: "TIMBERLAND"

5011 / LOT 72, 101

Project: **PINE VALLEY PH 2**

THESE DRAWINGS CONSTITUTE THE PROPERTY OF ALPA ROOF TRUSSES INC., SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED, PUBLISHED, OR REDISTRIBUTED IN ANY MANNER OR UTILIZED FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE MANUFACTURE OF TRUSSES BY ALPA ROOF TRUSSES INC AND WILL BE RETRACTED BY ALPA ROOF TRUSSES INC IF UTILIZED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.

Date: **9/18/2023**

Designer: JBURROWS

Ref L.I.: 343214

Job Track: **45147**

Layout ID: **346375K**

Plan Log: **118156**



2023P

EWP DESIGN INC.

(905) 832-2250

FAX (905) 832-0286

RESPONSIBILITIES AND SPECIFICATIONS

RESPONSIBILITIES

1. EWP DESIGN INC. is responsible for the design of trusses as individual components.
2. It is the responsibility of others to ascertain that the design loads utilized on each drawing meet or exceed the actual dead load imposed by the structure, the live load imposed by the intended use and the snow load imposed by local building code or authorities with jurisdictions.
3. All dimensions are to be verified by the owner, contractor, architect or other authorities with jurisdictions before truss fabrication.
4. EWP DESIGN INC. bears no responsibility for the erection of trusses. Persons erecting trusses are cautioned to seek professional advice regarding the temporary and permanent bracing for the system. Bracing shown on EWP DESIGN INC. drawing is specified for the truss as a component only and forms an integral part of the truss design.
5. It is the truss manufacturer's responsibility to ensure that trusses are manufactured in conformance with specifications of EWP DESIGN INC. as outlined below.

SPECIFICATIONS

1. Trusses designed by EWP DESIGN INC. conform to the relevant section of the Ontario Building Code of Canada (Part 9 or Part 4) or to the Canadian code for farm buildings, whichever applies to the building type, as indicated on the EWP DESIGN INC. drawings, and conform to the design procedures established by the Truss Plate Institute of Canada. Unit stresses used for truss designs are as per the edition of CSA-O86 shown on EWP DESIGN INC. drawings.
2. Lumber is to be the size, species and grade as specified on EWP DESIGN INC. drawings.
3. Moisture content of lumber shall not exceed 19% in service unless specified otherwise.
4. Metal connector plates shall be applied to both faces of truss at each joint and shall be positioned as specified.
5. Top chords of trusses are assumed to be continuously braced laterally by roof sheathing or by purlins at intervals not exceeding 12.5 times the thickness of top chord member.
6. Bottom chords shall be laterally braced at intervals not exceeding 3M (10') o.c., where rigid ceiling is not applied directly to the underside of chords.

THESE DRAWINGS CONSTITUTE THE PROPERTY OF EWP DESIGN INC., SHALL NOT BE REPRODUCED, PUBLISHED, OR REDISTRIBUTED IN ANY MANNER OR UTILIZED FOR ANY PURPOSE OTHER THAN THE MANUFACTURE OF TRUSSES BY THE ALPA LUMBER GROUP, AND WILL BE RETRACTED BY EWP DESIGN INC. IF UTILIZED FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE.

JOB NAME 346376	TRUSS NAME H01T	QUANTITY 	PLY 1	JOB DESC. JT 45147	DRWG NO. E22075261
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Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

Version 8.530 S Feb 23 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jul 25 11:23:05 2022 Page 1

ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-7nJ?KzdKpf50EHSzcchXRFFbTMYwyxrsoJGTzyuYr

Scale = 1:63.0

TOTAL WEIGHT = 217 lb

<

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2



DESIGN CRITERIA

*** SPECIAL LOADS ANALYSIS ***

GEOMETRY AND/OR BASIC LOADS CHANGED BY USER.

LOADS WERE DERIVED FROM USER INPUT NO FURTHER MODIFICATIONS WERE MADE

SPECIFIED LOADS:

TOP	CH.	LL	=	21.0	PSF
		DL	=	6.0	PSF
BOT	CH.	LL	=	0.0	PSF
		DL	=	7.4	PSF
TOTAL		LOAD	=	34.4	PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

LOADING IN FLAT SECTION BASED ON A SLOPE OF 2.00/12 MINIMUM

GIRDER TYPE: CPrimeHip

LEFT SETBACK = 7-7-11

RIGHT SETBACK = 2-7-11

END SETBACK = 5-10-8

END WALL WIDTH = 0-0

CORNER FRAMING TYPE: CONVENTIONAL

END JACK TYPE: CONVENTIONAL

APPLIED TO FRONT SIDE

- ADDTL LOADS BASED ON 55 % OF GSL.

LOADS APPLIED TO FIRST 17'-3-8 OF SPAN MEASURED FROM THE LEFT.

*** NON STANDARD GIRDER ***

ADDTL USER-DEFINED LOADS APPLIED TO ALL LOAD CASES.

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:

- PART 9 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.23")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.32")

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (1.23")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 750 (0.59")

CANTILEVER DEFLECTION:

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/120 (0.19")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.00")

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/120 (0.19")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.00")

CSI: TC=0.60/1.00 (L-M:1) , BC=0.77/1.00 (P-Q:1) , WB=1.00/1.00 (A-W:1) , SSI=0.28/1.00 (C-D:1)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.00 COMP=1.00 SHEAR=1.00 TENS=1.00

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

AUTOSOLVE RIGHT HEEL ONLY

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES

PLATE	GRIP(DRY)	SHEAR	SECTION
	(PSI)	(PLI)	(PLI)
	MAX MIN	MAX MIN	MAX MIN
MT20	650 371	1747 788	1987 1873

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.90 (O) (INPUT = 0.90)

JSI METAL= 0.92 (U) (INPUT = 1.00)

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
346376	H02T	1		JT 45147	E22075262

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

Version 8.530 S Feb 23 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jul 25 11:23:07 2022 Page 1

ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-4AQmIfebLHLkUbcMj0k?WgLzaAJfQuF8J6oNYsyuYm

Scale = 1:62.5

[illegible]

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2



JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
346376	H04	1		JT 45147	E22075264

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

Version 8.530 S Feb 23 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jul 25 11:23:12 EDT Page 1

ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-Q8EfoMii9p 0aMUJWwAJADj2oPB0h5A?tTOV8D4yuYn

Scale = 1/70.9

LUMBER

N L G A RULES

CHORDS	SIZE		LUMBER	DESCR.
A - C	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
C - D	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
D - F	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
F - G	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
G - I	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
S - A	2x8	DRY	No.2	SPF
K - I	2x8	DRY	No.2	SPF
T - Q	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
Q - M	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
M - J	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF

ALL WEBS EXCEPT

P - D	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
D - O	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
O - E	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
O - F	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
N - F	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

PLATES (table is in inches)

JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
A, I, K, S						
A						
B	TMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
C	TS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
D	TTWW-I	MT20	6.0	10.0	3.50	7.00
E	TMW+w	MT20	2.0	4.0		
F	TTWW-I	MT20	6.0	10.0	3.50	7.00
G	TS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
H	TMBMW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
K	TMBMWV1*+p	MT20	10.0	16.0	12.75	5.00
L	BMWW-t	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.50	1.75
M	BS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
N	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
O	BMWWV-t	MT20	5.0	8.0		
P	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
Q	BS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
R	BMWW-t	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.50	1.75
S	TMBMWV1*+p	MT20	10.0	16.0	12.75	5.00

BUILDING DESIGNER

BEARINGS

JT	FACTORED GROSS REACTION VERT	HORZ	MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION DOWN	INPUT HORZ UPLIFT	REQRD BRG IN-SX
S	3118	0	3118	-302 -312	5-8 3-5
K	3118	0	3118	0 -312	5-8 3-5

PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT S FOR 312 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT

PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT K FOR 312 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT

PROVIDE FOR 302 LBS FACTORED HORIZONTAL REACTION AT JOINTS

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

1ST LCASE	MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS				
JT	COMBINED	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND DEAD SOIL
S	2348	1203 / 0	473 / 0	0 / 0	170 / -655 673 / 0 0 / 0
K	2348	1203 / 0	473 / 0	0 / 0	170 / -655 673 / 0 0 / 0

HORIZONTAL REACTIONS

S	---	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	216 / -216 0 / 0 0 / 0
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BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) S, K

BRACING

FOR SECTION D-F, MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 2.00 FT.
FOR OTHER SECTIONS, MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 3.82 FT.
MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 6.25 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

1 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/2 LENGTH OF B-P, D-P, D-O, E-O, F-O, F-N, H-N.

END VERTICAL(S) MUST BE SHEATHED OR HAVE BRACES AS INDICATED IN THE MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH COLUMN OF THE TABLE BELOW

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (18)

C H O R D S			W E B S			
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1 MAX. CSI (LC)	MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX. CSI (LC)
FR-TO		FROM TO		FR-TO		
A-B	-3898 / 379	-95.2 -95.2	0.62 (2)	3.82	R-B	-126 / 277 0.07 (7)
B-C	-3230 / 390	-95.2 -95.2	0.56 (2)	4.18	B-P	-897 / 349 0.57 (2)
C-D	-3230 / 390	-95.2 -95.2	0.56 (2)	4.18	P-D	-128 / 818 0.13 (2)
D-E	-2910 / 381	-110.2 -110.2	0.33 (1)	2.00	D-O	-130 / 794 0.13 (3)
E-F	-2910 / 381	-110.2 -110.2	0.33 (1)	2.00	O-E	-768 / 113 0.47 (1)
F-G	-3230 / 390	-95.2 -95.2	0.56 (3)	4.18	O-F	-130 / 794 0.13 (2)
G-H	-3230 / 390	-95.2 -95.2	0.56 (3)	4.18	N-F	-128 / 818 0.13 (3)
H-I	-3898 / 379	-95.2 -95.2	0.62 (3)	3.82	N-H	-897 / 349 0.57 (3)
S-A	-2780 / 332	0.0 0.0	0.14 (1)	7.00	L-H	-126 / 277 0.07 (8)
K-I	-2780 / 332	0.0 0.0	0.14 (1)	7.00	A-R	-211 / 3295 0.74 (1)
					L-I	-211 / 3295 0.74 (1)
T-S	0 / 0	-134.7 -134.7	0.11 (1)	10.00		
S-R	-293 / 298	-39.5 -39.5	0.20 (17)	6.25		
R-Q	-383 / 3281	-39.5 -39.5	0.50 (4)	6.25		
Q-P	-383 / 3281	-39.5 -39.5	0.50 (4)	6.25		
P-O	-108 / 2656	-39.5 -39.5	0.42 (1)	6.25		
O-N	-8 / 2656	-39.5 -39.5	0.42 (1)	10.00		
N-M	-200 / 3281	-39.5 -39.5	0.50 (4)	6.25		
M-L	-200 / 3281	-39.5 -39.5	0.50 (4)	6.25		
L-K	-5 / 10	-39.5 -39.5	0.20 (17)	10.00		
K-J	0 / 0	-134.7 -134.7	0.11 (1)	10.00		

TRUSS HAS BEEN CHECKED FOR UNBALANCED LOADING

AS PER NBCC 4.1.6.2.(8)

WIND LOAD APPLIED IS DERIVED FROM REFERENCE VELOCITY PRESSURE OF { 9.2} PSF AT {30'-0"} FT-IN-SX REFERENCE HEIGHT ABOVE GRADE AND USING EXTERNAL PEAK COEFFICIENTS, CpCg, BASED ON THE (MAIN WIND FORCE RESISTING SYSTEM).INTERNAL WIND PRESSURE IS BASED ON DESIGN {CATEGORY 2}. BUILDING MAY BE LOCATED ON {ROUGH TERRAIN} AT MINIMUM {1.000} MILES DISTANCE FROM OPEN TERRAIN., AND TRUSS IS DESIGNED TO BE LOCATED AT LEAST {0-0'} FT-IN-SX AWAY FROM EAVE.TRUSS UPLIFT IS BASED ON TOP AND BOTTOM CHORD DEAD LOADS OF 6.0 PSF AND 7.4 PSF RESPECTIVELY.

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:

TOP	CH.	LL	=	26.7	PSF
		DL	=	6.0	PSF
BOT	CH.	LL	=	10.5	PSF
		DL	=	7.4	PSF
TOTAL LOAD		=	50.6	PSF	

SPACING = 24.0 IN.C/C

LOADING IN FLAT SECTION BASED ON PIGGYBACK TRUSS WITH SLOPES OF 6.00/12 AND -6.00/12 AND RESPECTIVE HEEL HEIGHTS OF 0-0 AND 0-0 AND AN ADDITIONAL DEAD LOAD OF 6.0 P.S.F.

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR COMMERCIAL OR INDUSTRIAL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 4, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:
- PART 4 OF CBC 2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 4 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS

- SLOPE REDUCTION FACTOR USED
- PERCENTAGE OF GROUND SNOW LOAD IS USER-DEFINED.

(80 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) TIMES IMPORTANCE FACTOR EQUALS 26.7 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.40")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL)= L/ 999 (0.12")
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/180 (2.79")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL)= L/ 999 (0.19")

CANTILEVER DEFLECTION:
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/120 (0.19")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL)= L/ 999 (0.00")
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/120 (0.19")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL)= L/ 999 (0.00")

CSI: TC=0.62/1.00 (A-B:2) , BC=0.50/1.00 (P-R:4) ,
WB=0.74/1.00 (A-R:1) , SSI=0.25/1.00 (E-F:3)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10
COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

SNOW LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00
WIND LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00
LIVE LOAD IMPORTANCE FACTOR = 1.00
COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

AUTOSOLVE HEELS OFF

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES
PLATE GRIP(DRY) SHEAR SECTION
(PSI) (PLI) (PLI)
MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN
MT20 650 371 1747 788 1987 1873

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.89 (L) (INPUT = 0.90)
JSI METAL= 0.75 (R) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2



JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
346376	H04B	1		JT 45147	E22075267

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

Version 8.530 S Feb 23 2022 MiTek Industries, Inc. Mon Jul 25 11:23:14 2022 Page 1
 ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-MWLDPD2k hQEkgpeie MeJ873J hZZ8aAwI ElyyuYm

Scale = 1:67.3

Dimensions and Material Specifications:

- Overall Width: 39'-10"-8"
- Overall Height: 11'-3"-15"
- Base Plate Dimensions: 1'-6"-8" (left), 5'-8" (center), 40'-4"-0" (right)
- Truss Members:
 - T1, T2, T3, T4, T5: 4x10
 - T6: 3x8
 - T7: 2x4
 - T8: 3x8
 - T9: 4x6
 - T10: 5x6
 - T11: 3x8
 - T12: 4x6
 - T13: 2x4
 - T14: 3x8
 - T15: 4x6
 - T16: 5x6
 - T17: 3x8
 - T18: 4x6
 - T19: 5x6
 - T20: 3x8
 - T21: 4x6
 - T22: 5x6
 - T23: 3x8
 - T24: 4x6
 - T25: 5x6
 - T26: 3x8
 - T27: 4x6
 - T28: 5x6
 - T29: 3x8
 - T30: 4x6
 - T31: 5x6
 - T32: 3x8
 - T33: 4x6
 - T34: 5x6
 - T35: 3x8
 - T36: 4x6
 - T37: 5x6
 - T38: 3x8
 - T39: 4x6
 - T40: 5x6
 - T41: 3x8
 - T42: 4x6
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 - T78: 4x6
 - T79: 5x6
 - T80: 3x8
 - T81: 4x6
 - T82: 5x6
 - T83: 3x8
 - T84: 4x6
 - T85: 5x6
 - T86: 3x8
 - T87: 4x6
 - T88: 5x6
 - T89: 3x8
 - T90: 4x6
 - T91: 5x6
 - T92: 3x8
 - T93: 4x6
 - T94: 5x6
 - T95: 3x8
 - T96: 4x6
 - T97: 5x6
 - T98: 3x8
 - T99: 4x6
 - T100: 5x6

TOTAL WEIGHT = 2 X 205 = 410 LB

NUMBER

N. L. G. A. RULES

CHORDS

SIZE

LUMBER

DESCR.

A - C

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

C - D

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

D - F

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

F - G

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

G - I

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

R - A

2x6

DRY

No.2

SPF

J - I

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

S - P

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

P - M

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

M - J

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

ALL WEBS

2x3

DRY

No.2

SPF

EXCEPT

O - D

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

D - N

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

N - E

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

N - F

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

L - F

2x4

DRY

No.2

SPF

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

PLATES (table is in inches)

JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
A	TMVW-t	MT20	4.0	10.0	1.75	5.00
B	TMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
C	TS-t	MT20	3.0	8.0		
D	TTWW-I	MT20	4.0	10.0	2.00	7.75
E	TMW+w	MT20	2.0	4.0		
F	TTWW-I	MT20	4.0	10.0	2.00	7.75
G	TS-t	MT20	3.0	8.0		
H	TMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
I	TMVW-t	MT20	5.0	6.0	1.75	Edge
J	BMV1+p	MT20	2.0	4.0	2.25	1.00
K	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.00	2.25
L	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
M	BS-t	MT20	3.0	8.0		
N	BMWWW-t	MT20	5.0	8.0		
O	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
P	BS-t	MT20	3.0	8.0		
Q	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.00	2.00
R	BMV1+p	MT20	3.0	4.0		

Edge - INDICATES REFERENCE CORNER OF PLATE TOUCHES EDGE OF CHORD.

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

Y. WIDYA

100225448

07/25/2022

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER

BEARINGS

	FACTORED	MAXIMUM FACTORED	INPUT	REQRD
	GROSS REACTION	GROSS REACTION	BRG	BRG
JT	VERT	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT
R	2094	0	2094	0
J	1945	0	1945	0
			0	0
			5-8	2-3
			MECHANICAL	

A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED AT JOINT J. MINIMUM BEARING LENGTH AT JOINT J = 2-13.

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

1ST LCASE	MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS						
JT	COMBINED	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND	DEAD	SOIL
R	1493	911 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	582 / 0	0 / 0
J	1387	847 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	540 / 0	0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) R

BRACING

TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 3.47 FT.

MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

1 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/2 LENGTH OF B-O, E-N, H-L.

END VERTICAL(S) MUST BE SHEATHED OR HAVE BRACES AS INDICATED IN THE MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH COLUMN OF THE TABLE BELOW

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4)

CHORDS				WEBS			
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	MAX. LC1 (LC)	MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH	MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX. LC1 (LC)
FR-TO		FROM	TO		FR-TO		
A-B	-2504 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.91 (1)	3.47	Q-B	-90 / 85
B-C	-2050 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.78 (1)	3.87	B-O	-568 / 0
C-D	-2050 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.78 (1)	3.87	O-D	0 / 476
D-E	-1807 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.39 (1)	4.58	D-N	0 / 279
E-F	-1807 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.39 (1)	4.58	N-E	-553 / 0
F-G	-1951 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.59 (1)	4.21	N-F	0 / 454
G-H	-1951 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.59 (1)	4.21	L-F	0 / 292
H-I	-2099 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.63 (1)	4.06	L-H	-256 / 0
R-A	-1888 / 0	0.0	0.0	0.12 (1)	7.29	K-H	-363 / 0
J-I	-1894 / 0	0.0	0.0	0.23 (1)	6.10	A-Q	0 / 2131
						K-I	0 / 1846
S-R	0 / 0	-96.5	-96.5	0.16 (1)	10.00		
R-Q	0 / 0	-18.5	-18.5	0.26 (4)	10.00		
Q-P	0 / 2116	-18.5	-18.5	0.48 (1)	10.00		
P-O	0 / 2116	-18.5	-18.5	0.48 (1)	10.00		
O-N	0 / 1677	-18.5	-18.5	0.36 (1)	10.00		
N-M	0 / 1596	-18.5	-18.5	0.33 (1)	10.00		
M-L	0 / 1596	-18.5	-18.5	0.33 (1)	10.00		
L-K	0 / 1776	-18.5	-18.5	0.40 (1)	10.00		
K-J	0 / 0	-18.5	-18.5	0.21 (4)	10.00		

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:

TOP	CH.	LL	=	21.0	PSF
		DL	=	6.0	PSF
BOT	CH.	LL	=	0.0	PSF
		DL	=	7.4	PSF
TOTAL	LOAD	=	34.4	PSF	

SPACING = 24.0 IN./C

LOADING IN FLAT SECTION BASED ON A SLOPE OF 2.00/12 MINIMUM

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:

- PART 9 OF BCBC 2018, ABC 2019

- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)

- CSA 086-14

- TPIC 2014

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.34")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.10")

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (1.34")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.22")

CANTILEVER DEFLECTION:

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/120 (0.19")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.01")

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/120 (0.19")

CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.01")

CSI: TC=0.91/1.00 (A-B:1), BC=0.48/1.00 (O-Q:1), WB=0.48/1.00 (A-Q:1), SSI=0.24/1.00 (A-B:1)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10

COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

AUTOSOLVE RIGHT HEEL ONLY

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES

PLATE	GRIP(DRY)	SHEAR	SECTION
	(PSI)	(PLI)	(PLI)
	MAX MIN	MAX MIN	MAX MIN
MT20	650 371	1747 788	1987 1873

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.90 (Q) (INPUT = 0.90)

JSI METAL= 0.65 (P) (INPUT = 1.00)

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
346376	H05A	1		JT 45147	E22075269

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-4FXT0vTEKAw4e2oQilyxH?9VKaSmMb38yhGzxwyU

Scale = 1:68.7

LUMBER

N. L. G. A. RULES

CHORDS	SIZE		LUMBER	DESCR.
A - B	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
B - C	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
C - D	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
D - G	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
G - J	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
J - K	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
W - A	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
L - K	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
X - S	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
S - O	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF
O - L	2x6	DRY	No.2	SPF

ALL WEBS 2x3 DRY No.2 SPF
EXCEPT

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

PLATES (table is in inches)

JT TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
A TMVW-t	MT20	5.0	8.0	1.50	2.00
B TTWW-h	MT20	10.0	12.0	3.00	7.50
C TTWW-h	MT20	6.0	12.0	3.00	6.75
D TTWW-h	MT20	8.0	9.0	2.75	4.50
E TMVV-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
F TMW+w	MT20	2.0	4.0		
G TS-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
H TMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	3.00	1.75
I TMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.25	1.50
J TTWW-I	MT20	8.0	9.0	3.50	7.50
K TMVW+p	MT20	4.0	10.0	3.50	Edge
L BMV1+t	MT20	4.0	10.0	Edge	0.50
M BMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.75	1.50
N BMWW+t	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.25	1.50
O BS-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
P BMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.25	1.50
Q BMWWW-t	MT20	6.0	7.0	3.25	3.50
R BMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	3.00	1.50
S BS-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
T BMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.25	1.75
U BMWW+t	MT20	5.0	8.0	3.75	1.50
V BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.00	1.75
W BMV1+t	MT20	6.0	10.0	Edge	

Edge - INDICATES REFERENCE CORNER OF PLATE TOUCHES EDGE OF CHORD.

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2

LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER

Y. WIDYA

100225448

07/25/2022

PROVINCE OF ONTARIO

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED

BUILDING DESIGNER

BEARINGS

	FACTORED	MAXIMUM FACTORED	INPUT	REQRD
	GROSS REACTION	GROSS REACTION	BRG	BRG
JT	VERT	DOWN	UP/LIFT	IN-SX
W	3972 0	3972 0 0	5-8	5-8
L	2961 0	2961 0 0	MECHANICAL	

A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED AT JOINT L. MINIMUM BEARING LENGTH AT JOINT L = 3-8.

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

	1ST LCASE	MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS					
JT	COMBINED	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND	DEAD	SOIL
W	2823	1769 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	1054 / 0	0 / 0
L	2099	1347 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	752 / 0	0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) W
BEARING SIZE FACTOR = 1.15 AT JNT(S) W (BASED ON SUPPORT DEPTH = 1-8)

BRACING

TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 2.39 FT.
MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

2x4 DRY SPF No.2 T-BRACE AT C-U, C-T, E-R, H-P, J-M
2x4 DRY SPF No.2 I-BRACE AT I-N
2x3 DRY SPF No.2 T-BRACE AT K-L

FASTEN T AND I-BRACES TO NARROW EDGE OF WEB WITH ONE ROW PER PLY OF 3"
COMMON WIRE NAILS @ 6" O.C. WITH 3" MINIMUM END DISTANCE. BRACE MUST COVER 90% OF WEB LENGTH.

END VERTICAL(S) MUST BE SHEATHED OR HAVE BRACES AS INDICATED IN THE MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH COLUMN OF THE TABLE BELOW

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4)

C H O R D S				W E B S			
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1 MAX CSI (LC)	MAX. UNBRAC	MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX CSI (LC)
FR-TO		FROM TO		LENGTH	FR-TO		
A- B	-3527 / 0	-78.0 -78.0	0.58 (1)	3.34	V- B	-528 / 0	0.42 (1)
B- C	-4086 / 0	-114.5 -114.5	0.35 (1)	3.92	B- U	0 / 3432	0.85 (1)
C- D	-6182 / 0	-114.5 -114.5	0.49 (1)	2.39	U- C	-2737 / 0	0.93 (1)
D- E	-4718 / 0	-134.0 -134.0	0.36 (1)	3.71	C- T	-2577 / 0	0.94 (1)
E- F	-5103 / 0	-134.0 -134.0	0.39 (1)	3.55	T- D	0 / 2556	0.63 (1)
F- G	-5103 / 0	-78.0 -78.0	0.37 (1)	3.60	D- R	0 / 1903	0.47 (1)
G- H	-5103 / 0	-78.0 -78.0	0.37 (1)	3.60	R- E	-1357 / 0	0.66 (1)
H- I	-4169 / 0	-78.0 -78.0	0.36 (1)	3.93	E- Q	0 / 752	0.19 (1)
I- J	-2748 / 0	-78.0 -78.0	0.28 (1)	4.75	Q- F	-536 / 0	0.70 (1)
J- K	-1413 / 0	-78.0 -78.0	0.11 (1)	5.36	Q- H	0 / 1521	0.38 (1)
W- A	-3783 / 0	0.0 0.0	0.31 (1)	5.46	P- H	-1684 / 0	0.82 (1)
L- K	-2975 / 0	0.0 0.0	0.88 (1)	6.52	P- I	0 / 2316	0.57 (1)
					N- I	-2370 / 0	0.97 (1)
X- W	0 / 0	-96.5 -96.5	0.08 (1)	10.00	N- J	0 / 3130	0.77 (1)
W- V	0 / 0	-40.5 -40.5	0.13 (4)	10.00	M- J	-1629 / 0	0.79 (1)
V- U	0 / 2106	-40.5 -40.5	0.39 (1)	10.00	A- V	0 / 2264	0.56 (1)
U- T	0 / 4129	-40.5 -40.5	0.66 (1)	10.00	M- K	0 / 1948	0.48 (1)
T- S	0 / 3743	-31.8 -31.8	0.61 (1)	10.00			
S- R	0 / 3743	-31.8 -31.8	0.61 (1)	10.00			
R- Q	0 / 4718	-31.8 -31.8	0.74 (1)	10.00			
Q- P	0 / 4169	-18.5 -18.5	0.63 (1)	10.00			
P- O	0 / 2748	-18.5 -18.5	0.40 (1)	10.00			
O- N	0 / 2748	-18.5 -18.5	0.40 (1)	10.00			
N- M	0 / 825	-18.5 -18.5	0.17 (1)	10.00			
M- L	0 / 0	-18.5 -18.5	0.07 (4)	10.00			

FACTORED CONCENTRATED LOADS (LBS)

JT	LOC.	LC1	MAX-	MAX+	FACE	DIR.	TYPE	HEEL	CONN.
B	3-10-8	-120	-120	---	FRONT	VERT	TOTAL	---	C1
D	9-8-8	-426	-426	---	FRONT	VERT	TOTAL	---	C1
Q	19-3-8	-1255	-1255	---	FRONT	VERT	TOTAL	---	C1

CONNECTION REQUIREMENTS

1) C1: A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED.

DESIGN LOADS

*** SPECIAL LOADS ANALYSIS ***

GEOMETRY AND/OR BASIC LOADS CHANGED BY USER.

LOADS WERE DERIVED FROM USER INPUT

NO FURTHER MODIFICATIONS WERE MADE

SPECIFIED LOADS:

TOP CH.	LL =	21.0	PSF
	DL =	6.0	PSF
BOT CH.	LL =	0.0	PSF
	DL =	7.4	PSF
TOTAL LOAD	=	34.4	PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN./C/C

LOADING IN ALL FLAT SECTIONS BASED ON A SLOPE OF 2.00/12 MINIMUM

GIRDER TYPE: CPrimeHip
LEFT SETBACK = 3-10-8
RIGHT SETBACK = 2-3-8
END SETBACK = 3-10-8
END WALL WIDTH = 0-0
CORNER FRAMING TYPE: CONVENTIONAL
END JACK TYPE: CONVENTIONAL
APPLIED TO FRONT SIDE
- ADDTL LOADS BASED ON 55 % OF GSL
LOADS APPLIED TO FIRST 9-8-8 OF SPAN
MEASURED FROM THE LEFT.

GIRDER TYPE: CPrimeHip
LEFT SETBACK = 9-8-8
RIGHT SETBACK = 2-3-8
END SETBACK = 4-10-8
END WALL WIDTH = 0-0
CORNER FRAMING TYPE: CONVENTIONAL
END JACK TYPE: CONVENTIONAL
APPLIED TO FRONT SIDE
- ADDTL LOADS BASED ON 55 % OF GSL
LOADS APPLIED TO FIRST 19-3-8 OF SPAN
MEASURED FROM THE LEFT.

*** NON STANDARD GIRDER ***
ADDTL USER-DEFINED LOADS APPLIED TO ALL LOAD CASES.

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBC2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:
- PART 9 OF CBC2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (1.34")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.27")
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (1.34")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 976 (0.50")

CANTILEVER DEFLECTION:
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/120 (0.19")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.00")
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/120 (0.19")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.00")

CSI: TC=0.88/1.00 (K-L:1) , BC=0.74/1.00 (Q-R:1) , WB=0.97/1.00 (I-N:1) , SSI=0.25/1.00 (D-E:1) ,

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.00
COMP=1.00 SHEAR=1.00 TENS= 1.00

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

AUTOSOLVE RIGHT HEEL ONLY

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES
PLATE GRIP(DRY) SHEAR SECTION
(PSI) (PLI) (PLI)
MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN
MT20 650 371 1747 788 1987 1873

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

CONTINUED ON PAGE

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
346376	H06		1	JT 45147	E22075270

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-0efDRbUVsnAotMypqj PMQEvHOD1qZwRP?I4?oyuY

Scale = 1:67.7

TOTAL WEIGHT = 5 X 211 = 1054 lb

NUMBER						
N. L. G. A. RULES						
CHORDS		SIZE	LUMBER	DESCR.		
A - B	D	2x4	DRY	1650F 1.5E	SPF	
B - D	D	2x4	DRY	2100F 1.8E	SPF	
D - F	F	2x4	DRY	2100F 1.8E	SPF	
F - H	H	2x4	DRY	2100F 1.8E	SPF	
H - I	I	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
R - A	A	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
J - I	I	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
S - P	P	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
P - M	M	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
M - J	J	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
ALL WEBS EXCEPT		2x3	DRY	No.2	SPF	
B - O	O	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
C - N	N	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
N - G	G	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
L - H	H	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.						
PLATES (table is in inches)						
JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
A	TMVW+p	MT20	5.0	6.0	1.75	2.50
B	TTWW-h	MT20	6.0	7.0	1.50	3.75
C	BMVW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
D	TS-t	MT20	3.0	8.0		
E	TMW+w	MT20	2.0	4.0		
F	TS-t	MT20	3.0	8.0		
G	TMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
H	TTWW-h	MT20	8.0	9.0	Edge	2.75
I	TMVW+p	MT20	4.0	6.0	1.75	2.25
J	BMV1+p	MT20	2.0	4.0	2.25	1.00
K	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0	1.75	3.00
L	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0	1.75	3.00
M	BS-t	MT20	3.0	8.0		
N	BMWWW-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
O	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
P	BS-t	MT20	3.0	8.0		
Q	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
R	BMV1+p	MT20	2.0	4.0	2.25	1.00
Edge - INDICATES REFERENCE CORNER OF PLATE TOUCHES EDGE OF CHORD.						
DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER						
BEARINGS						
FACTORED		MAXIMUM FACTORED		INPUT	REQRD	
GROSS REACTION		GROSS REACTION		BRG	BRG	
JT	VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT	IN-SX
R	2094	0	2094	0	0	5-8
J	1945	0	1945	0	0	MECHANICAL
A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED AT JOINT J. MINIMUM BEARING LENGTH AT JOINT J = 2-13.						
UNFACTORED REACTIONS						
1ST LCASE		MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS				
JT	COMBINED	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND	DEAD
R	1493	911 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	582 / 0
J	1387	847 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	540 / 0
BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) R						
BRACING						
TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 4.93 FT.						
MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.						

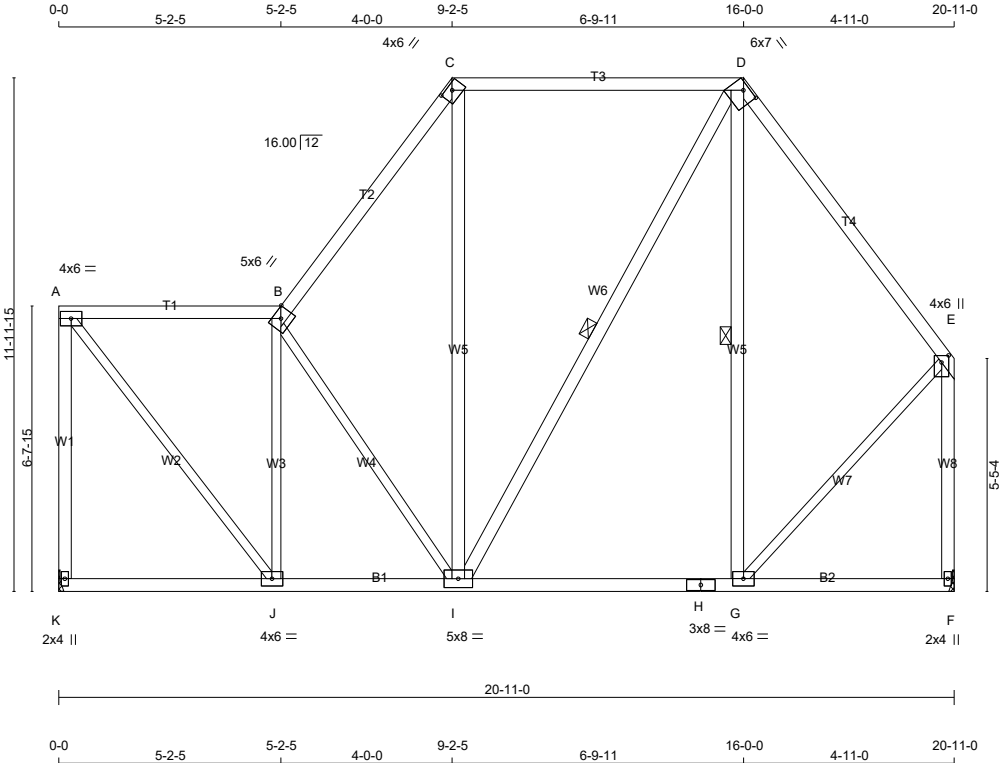
		PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg. JSI GRIP= 0.89 (B) (INPUT = 0.90) JSI METAL= 0.59 (M) (INPUT = 1.00)
LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2 		

JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
346376	H09		1	TRUSS DESC. JT 45147	E22075274

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hG-ro0UheZGRdwxbHQzA 5qchUr4oKDELLKnxCODSyuYM



TOTAL WEIGHT = 132 lb

LUMBER				
N. L. G. A. RULES				
CHORDS	SIZE	LUMBER	DESCR.	
K - A	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
A - B	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
B - C	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
C - D	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
D - E	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
F - E	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
K - H	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
H - F	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
ALL WEBS EXCEPT	2x3	DRY	No.2	SPF
I - C	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
I - D	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
G - D	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

PLATES (table is in inches)				
JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN Y X
A	TMVW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0
B	TTWW-h	MT20	5.0	6.0 Edge
C	TTW-h	MT20	4.0	6.0 1.50 3.00
D	TTWW-h	MT20	6.0	7.0 1.50 3.75
E	TMVW+p	MT20	4.0	6.0 2.00 2.00
F	BMV1+p	MT20	2.0	4.0
G	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0
H	BS-t	MT20	3.0	8.0
I	BMWWW-t	MT20	5.0	8.0
J	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0
K	BMV1+p	MT20	2.0	4.0

Edge - INDICATES REFERENCE CORNER OF PLATE TOUCHES EDGE OF CHORD.

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER									
BEARINGS									
JT	FACTORED GROSS REACTION		MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION		INPUT BRG		REQRD BRG		
	VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT	IN-SX	IN-SX		
K	1009	0	1009	0	0	MECHANICAL			
F	1009	0	1009	0	0	MECHANICAL			

A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED AT JOINT K, F. MINIMUM BEARING LENGTH AT JOINT K = 1-8, JOINT F = 1-8.

UNFACTORED REACTIONS							
JT	1ST LCASE COMBINED		MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS				
	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND	DEAD	SOIL	
K	719	439 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	280 / 0	0 / 0	
F	719	439 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	280 / 0	0 / 0	

BRACING
TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 6.25 FT.
MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT. OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

1 LATERAL BRACE(S) AT 1/2 LENGTH OF D-I, D-G.

END VERTICAL(S) MUST BE SHEATHED OR HAVE BRACES AS INDICATED IN THE MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH COLUMN OF THE TABLE BELOW

LOADING				
TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4)				
C H O R D S				
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)		FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	
	LC1	MAX	LC1	MAX
W E B S				
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)		MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH	
	FR-TO	CSi (LC)	FR-TO	CSi (LC)
K- A	-968 / 0	0.0 0.0 0.90 (1)	7.81	A- J 0 / 987 0.22 (1)
A- B	-616 / 0	-78.0 -78.0 0.37 (1)	6.25	J- B -682 / 0 0.50 (1)
B- C	-743 / 0	-78.0 -78.0 0.24 (1)	6.25	B- I -331 / 0 0.37 (1)
C- D	-448 / 0	-78.0 -78.0 0.64 (1)	6.25	I- C 0 / 173 0.04 (4)
D- E	-561 / 0	-78.0 -78.0 0.36 (1)	6.25	I- D 0 / 233 0.04 (1)
F- E	-975 / 0	0.0 0.0 0.56 (1)	7.81	G- D -210 / 5 0.17 (1)
				G- E 0 / 473 0.11 (1)
K- J	0 / 0	-18.5 -18.5 0.10 (4)	10.00	
J- I	0 / 627	-18.5 -18.5 0.17 (4)	10.00	
I- H	0 / 332	-18.5 -18.5 0.19 (4)	10.00	
H- G	0 / 332	-18.5 -18.5 0.19 (4)	10.00	
G- F	0 / 0	-18.5 -18.5 0.16 (4)	10.00	

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:			
TOP	CH.	LL	= 21.0 PSF
		DL	= 6.0 PSF
BOT	CH.	LL	= 0.0 PSF
		DL	= 7.4 PSF
TOTAL LOAD		=	34.4 PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

LOADING IN ALL FLAT SECTIONS BASED ON A SLOPE OF 2.00/12 MINIMUM

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:
- PART 9 OF CBC 2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL(LL)= L/360 (0.70")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL(LL) = L/ 999 (0.02")
ALLOWABLE DEFL(TL)= L/360 (0.70")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL(TL) = L/ 999 (0.06")

CSI: TC=0.90/1.00 (A-K:1) , BC=0.19/1.00 (G-I:4) , VWB=0.50/1.00 (B-J:1) , SSI=0.21/1.00 (C-D:1)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10 COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES				
PLATE	GRIP(DRY)	SHEAR	SECTION	
	(PSI)	(PLI)	(PLI)	
MT20	650	371	1747	788 1987 1873

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.79 (A) (INPUT = 0.90)
JSI METAL= 0.22 (E) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2



JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
346376	H12A		3	JT 45147	E22075277(2)
Alpa Roof Truss, Maple					

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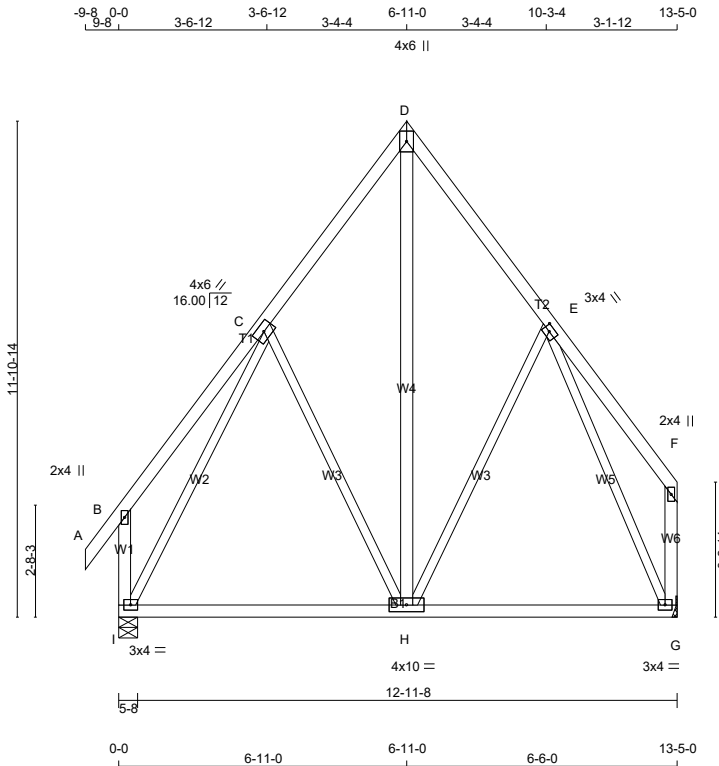
PLATES (table is in inches)

JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
J	BMWW-t	MT20	6.0	7.0	3.25	2.50
K	BMWWW-t	MT20	5.0	8.0		
L	BMV+p	MT20	2.0	4.0		
M	BVMWWW-I	MT20	8.0	9.0	4.50	3.00
N	BMWW+t	MT20	4.0	10.0	5.00	1.75
O	BVMWWW-I	MT20	10.0	12.0	6.50	6.75
P	BMV+p	MT20	2.0	4.0		
Q	BMVW1-t	MT20	4.0	6.0	2.00	2.25

Edge - INDICATES REFERENCE CORNER OF PLATE TOUCHES EDGE OF CHORD.

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2





Scale = 1:55.3

TOTAL WEIGHT = 86 lb

LUMBER					
N. L. G. A. RULES					
CHORDS	SIZE		LUMBER	DESCR.	
A - D	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
D - F	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
I - B	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
G - F	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
I - G	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
ALL WEBS	2x3	DRY	No.2	SPF	
EXCEPT					
H - D	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF	
DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.					

PLATES (table is in inches)						
JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
B	TMV+p	MT20	2.0	4.0		
C	TMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
D	TTW+p	MT20	4.0	6.0		
E	TMWW-t	MT20	3.0	4.0	1.50	1.75
F	TMV+p	MT20	2.0	4.0		
G	BMVW1-t	MT20	3.0	4.0		
H	BMWWW-t	MT20	4.0	10.0		
I	BMVW1-t	MT20	3.0	4.0		

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER

JT	FACTORED GROSS REACTION		MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION		INPUT BRG		REQRD BRG	
	VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT	IN-SX	IN-SX	
I	718	0	718	0	0	5-8	1-8	
G	647	0	647	0	0	MECHANICAL		

A SUITABLE HANGER/MECHANICAL CONNECTION IS REQUIRED AT JOINT G. MINIMUM BEARING LENGTH AT JOINT G = 1-8.

UNFACTORED REACTIONS		MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS					
JT	1ST LCASE COMBINED	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	WIND	DEAD	SOIL
I	510	320 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	191 / 0	0 / 0
G	461	282 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	180 / 0	0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) I

BRACING
TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 6.25 FT.
MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

LOADING					TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4)				
C H O R D S					W E B S				
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1	MAX CSI (LC)	MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH	MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX CSI (LC)	
FR-TO		FROM TO				FR-TO			
A- B	0 / 28	-78.0	-78.0	0.05 (1)	10.00	C- H	-110 / 0	0.14 (1)	
B- C	0 / 26	-78.0	-78.0	0.15 (1)	10.00	H- D	0 / 313	0.05 (1)	
C- D	-353 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.12 (1)	6.25	H- E	-69 / 6	0.08 (1)	
D- E	-351 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.11 (1)	6.25	I- C	-556 / 0	0.65 (1)	
E- F	0 / 25	-78.0	-78.0	0.13 (1)	10.00	E- G	-562 / 0	0.62 (1)	
I- B	-171 / 0	0.0	0.0	0.02 (1)	7.81				
G- F	-89 / 0	0.0	0.0	0.02 (1)	7.81				
I- H	0 / 248	-18.5	-18.5	0.26 (4)	10.00				
H- G	0 / 227	-18.5	-18.5	0.26 (4)	10.00				

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:
TOP CH. LL = 21.0 PSF
DL = 6.0 PSF
BOT CH. LL = 0.0 PSF
DL = 7.4 PSF
TOTAL LOAD = 34.4 PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:
- PART 9 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (0.45")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.01")
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (0.45")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.06")

CSI: TC=0.15/1.00 (B-C:1) , BC=0.26/1.00 (H-I:4) ,
WB=0.65/1.00 (C-I:1) , SSI=0.11/1.00 (H-I:4)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10
COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES
PLATE GRIP(DRY) SHEAR SECTION
(PSI) (PLI) (PLI)
MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN
MT20 650 371 1747 788 1987 1873

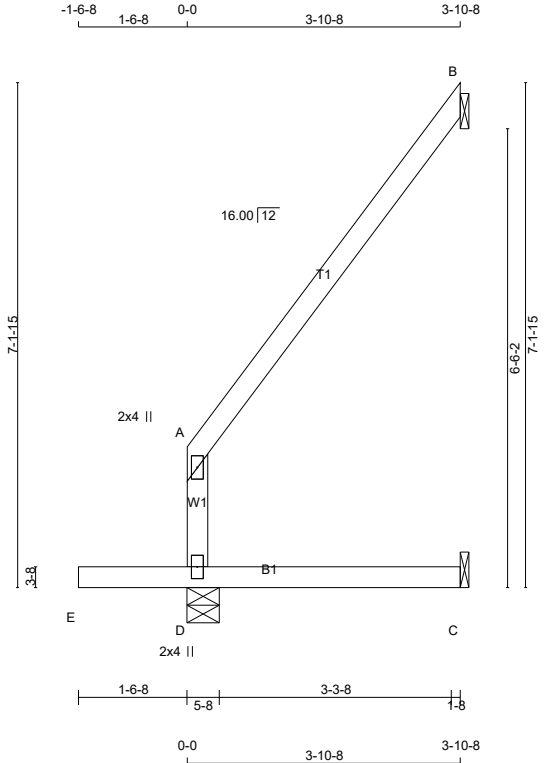
PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.81 (E) (INPUT = 0.90)
JSI METAL= 0.20 (E) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2





TOTAL WEIGHT = 2 X 16 = 32 lb

LUMBER				
N. L. G. A. RULES				
CHORDS	SIZE		LUMBER	DESCR.
D - A	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
A - B	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
E - C	2x4	DRY	No.2	SPF
DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.				

PLATES (table is in inches)					
JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y X
A	TMV+p	MT20	2.0	4.0	
D	BMV1+p	MT20	2.0	4.0	

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER

JT	FACTORED GROSS REACTION		MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION		INPUT BRG		REQRD BRG	
	VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT	IN-SX	IN-SX	
D	366	0	366	0	0	5-8	1-8	
B	129	0	129	0	0	1-8	1-8	
C	27	0	30	0	0	1-8	1-8	

SEE MITEK STANDARD DETAIL MSD2015-H FOR CONNECTION TO JOINT(S) B , C

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

JT	1ST LCASE		MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS		PERM.LIVE	WIND	DEAD	SOIL
	COMBINED		SNOW	LIVE				
D	261	158 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	104 / 0	0 / 0
B	90	70 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	20 / 0	0 / 0
C	22	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	22 / 0	0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) D

BRACING

TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 6.25 FT.
MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT. OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE LATERALLY RESTRAINED.

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (7)

C H O R D S				W E B S			
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1 MAX CSI (LC)	MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH	MEMB. FR-TO	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX CSI (LC)
D- A	-173 / 0	0.0	0.0	0.11 (1)	7.81		
A- B	-17 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.15 (1)	6.25		
E- D	0 / 0	-96.5	-96.5	0.18 (7)	10.00		
D- C	0 / 0	-18.5	-18.5	0.08 (4)	10.00		

CANTILEVER ANALYSIS HAS BEEN CONSIDERED IN THIS DESIGN

PATTERN-LOADING CHECK APPLIED TO THIS TRUSS.

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:
TOP CH. LL = 21.0 PSF
DL = 6.0 PSF
BOT CH. LL = 0.0 PSF
DL = 7.4 PSF
TOTAL LOAD = 34.4 PSF

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:
- PART 9 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

DESIGN ASSUMPTIONS
-OVERHANG NOT TO BE ALTERED OR CUT OFF.

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (0.19")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.00")

CANTILEVER DEFLECTION:
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/120 (0.19")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.01")
ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/120 (0.19")
CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.01")

CSI: TC=0.15/1.00 (A-B:1) , BC=0.18/1.00 (D-E:7) ,
WB=0.00/1.00 (n/a:0) , SSI=0.14/1.00 (D-E:7)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10
COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES		PLATE GRIP(DRY) (PSI)		SHEAR (PLI)		SECTION (PLI)	
		MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN
MT20		650	371	1747	788	1987	1873

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.15 (A) (INPUT = 0.90)
JSI METAL= 0.08 (A) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2

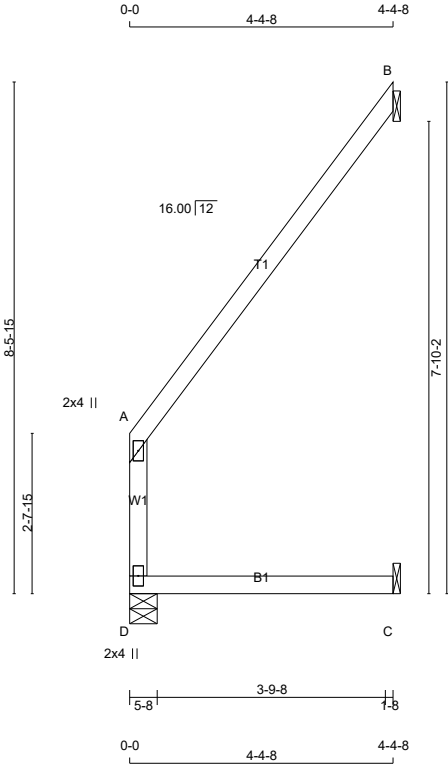


JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
346376	J04A		1	TRUSS DESC. JT 45147	E22075288

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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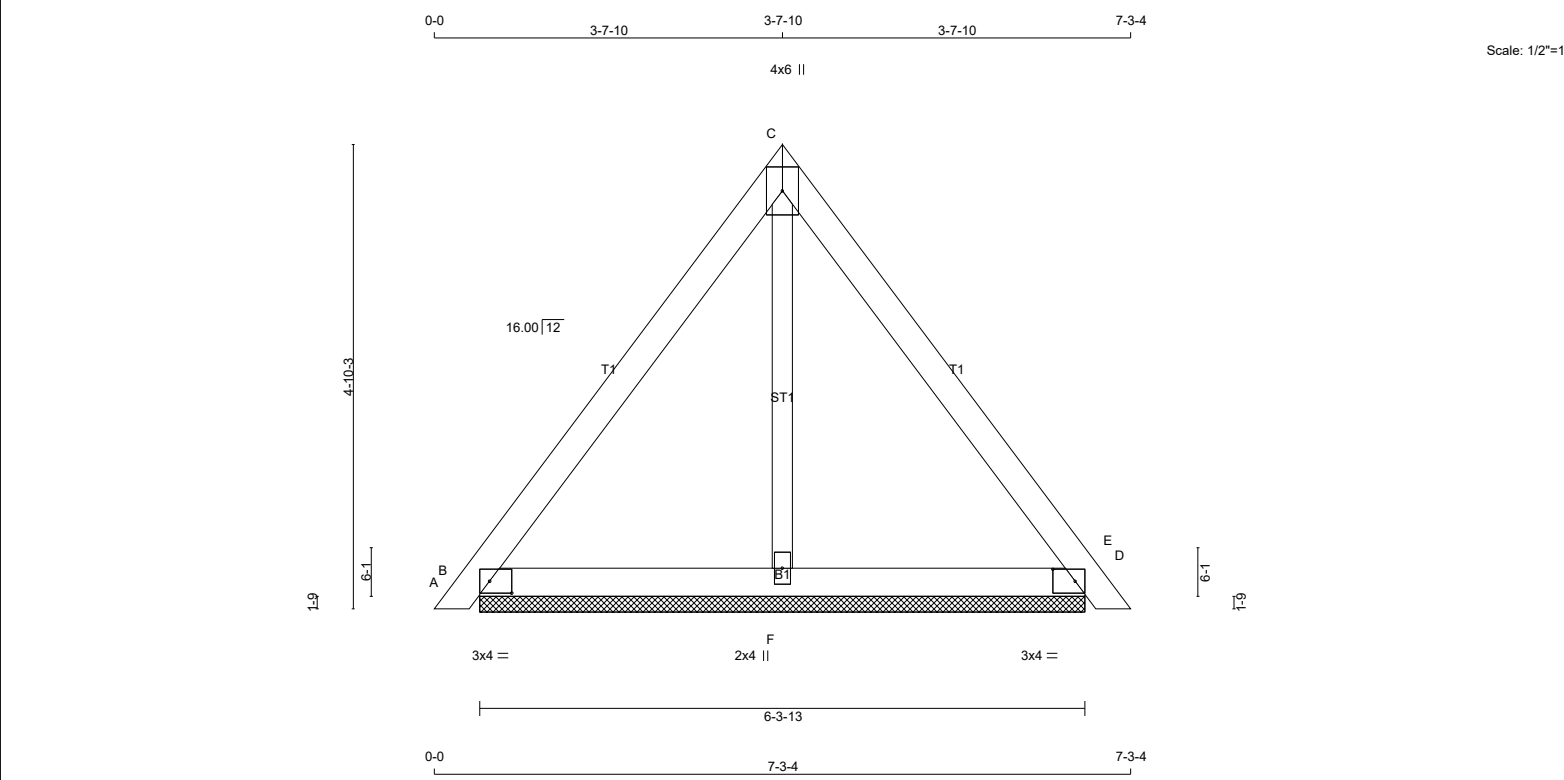


Scale = 1:38.3

TOTAL WEIGHT = 2 X 16 = 33 lb

LUMBER N. L. G. A. RULES CHORDS SIZE LUMBER DESCR. D - A 2x4 No.2 SPF A - B 2x4 No.2 SPF D - C 2x4 No.2 SPF DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.						DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER BEARINGS <table><tr><th rowspan="2">JT</th><th colspan="2">FACTORED GROSS REACTION</th><th colspan="2">MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION</th><th colspan="2">INPUT BRG</th><th colspan="2">REQRD BRG</th></tr><tr><th>VERT</th><th>HORZ</th><th>DOWN</th><th>HORZ</th><th>UPLIFT</th><th>IN-SX</th><th>IN-SX</th><th></th></tr><tr><td>D</td><td>211</td><td>0</td><td>211</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>5-8</td><td>1-8</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>156</td><td>0</td><td>156</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1-8</td><td>1-8</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>55</td><td>0</td><td>55</td><td>0</td><td>0</td><td>1-8</td><td>1-8</td><td></td></tr></table> SEE MITEK STANDARD DETAIL MSD2015-H FOR CONNECTION TO JOINT(S) B , C UNFACTORED REACTIONS <table><tr><th rowspan="2">JT</th><th rowspan="2">1ST LCASE</th><th colspan="4">MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS</th><th rowspan="2">WIND</th><th rowspan="2">DEAD</th><th rowspan="2">SOIL</th></tr><tr><th>COMBINED</th><th>SNOW</th><th>LIVE</th><th>PERM.LIVE</th></tr><tr><td>D</td><td>150</td><td>92 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>59 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td></tr><tr><td>B</td><td>108</td><td>83 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>26 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td></tr><tr><td>C</td><td>42</td><td>9 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>33 / 0</td><td>0 / 0</td></tr></table> BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) D BRACING TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 6.25 FT. MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED. ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED. LOADING TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4) <table><tr><th colspan="4">CHORDS</th><th colspan="4">WEBS</th></tr><tr><th>MEMB.</th><th>MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)</th><th>FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)</th><th>LC1 MAX CSI (LC)</th><th>MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH</th><th>MEMB. FR-TO</th><th>MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)</th><th>MAX CSI (LC)</th></tr><tr><td>FR-TO</td><td></td><td>FROM</td><td>TO</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>D- A</td><td>-185 / 0</td><td>0.0</td><td>0.0</td><td>0.08 (1)</td><td>7.81</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>A- B</td><td>-12 / 0</td><td>-78.0</td><td>-78.0</td><td>0.22 (1)</td><td>6.25</td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td>D- C</td><td>0 / 0</td><td>-18.5</td><td>-18.5</td><td>0.11 (1)</td><td>10.00</td><td></td><td></td></tr></table>												JT	FACTORED GROSS REACTION		MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION		INPUT BRG		REQRD BRG		VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT	IN-SX	IN-SX		D	211	0	211	0	0	5-8	1-8		B	156	0	156	0	0	1-8	1-8		C	55	0	55	0	0	1-8	1-8		JT	1ST LCASE	MAX./MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS				WIND	DEAD	SOIL	COMBINED	SNOW	LIVE	PERM.LIVE	D	150	92 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	59 / 0	0 / 0	B	108	83 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	26 / 0	0 / 0	C	42	9 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	33 / 0	0 / 0	CHORDS				WEBS				MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1 MAX CSI (LC)	MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH	MEMB. FR-TO	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX CSI (LC)	FR-TO		FROM	TO					D- A	-185 / 0	0.0	0.0	0.08 (1)	7.81			A- B	-12 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.22 (1)	6.25			D- C	0 / 0	-18.5	-18.5	0.11 (1)	10.00			DESIGN CRITERIA SPECIFIED LOADS: TOP CH. LL = 21.0 PSF DL = 6.0 PSF BOT CH. LL = 0.0 PSF DL = 7.4 PSF TOTAL LOAD = 34.4 PSF SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015 THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH: - PART 9 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019 - PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT) - CSA 086-14 - TPIC 2014 (55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD ALLOWABLE DEFL.(LL)= L/360 (0.19") CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(LL) = L/ 999 (0.01") ALLOWABLE DEFL.(TL)= L/360 (0.19") CALCULATED VERT. DEFL.(TL) = L/ 999 (0.03") CSI: TC=0.22/1.00 (A-B:1) , BC=0.11/1.00 (C-D:1) , WB=0.00/1.00 (n/a:0) , SSI=0.09/1.00 (A-B:1) DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10 COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10 COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00 TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT . NAIL VALUES PLATE GRIP(DRY) SHEAR SECTION (PSI) (PLI) (PLI) MAX MIN MAX MIN MAX MIN MT20 650 371 1747 788 1987 1873 PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg. JSI GRIP= 0.16 (A) (INPUT = 0.90) JSI METAL= 0.09 (A) (INPUT = 1.00)	
JT	FACTORED GROSS REACTION		MAXIMUM FACTORED GROSS REACTION		INPUT BRG		REQRD BRG																																																																																																																																																
	VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT	IN-SX	IN-SX																																																																																																																																																
D	211	0	211	0	0	5-8	1-8																																																																																																																																																
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D	150	92 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	59 / 0	0 / 0																																																																																																																																															
B	108	83 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	26 / 0	0 / 0																																																																																																																																															
C	42	9 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	33 / 0	0 / 0																																																																																																																																															
CHORDS				WEBS																																																																																																																																																			
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1 MAX CSI (LC)	MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH	MEMB. FR-TO	MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)	MAX CSI (LC)																																																																																																																																																
FR-TO		FROM	TO																																																																																																																																																				
D- A	-185 / 0	0.0	0.0	0.08 (1)	7.81																																																																																																																																																		
A- B	-12 / 0	-78.0	-78.0	0.22 (1)	6.25																																																																																																																																																		
D- C	0 / 0	-18.5	-18.5	0.11 (1)	10.00																																																																																																																																																		

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2



TOTAL WEIGHT = 3 X 24 = 73 lb

LUMBER					
N. L. G. A. RULES					
CHORDS		SIZE	LUMBER		DESCR.
A - C	2x4	DRY	No.2		SPF
C - E	2x4	DRY	No.2		SPF
B - D	2x4	DRY	No.2		SPF
ALL WEBS		2x3	DRY	No.2	SPF
DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.					

PLATES (table is in inches)						
JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
B	TMB1-l	MT20	3.0	4.0	1.50	2.75
C	TTW+p	MT20	4.0	6.0		
D	TMB1-l	MT20	3.0	4.0	1.50	2.75
F	BMW1+w	MT20	2.0	4.0		

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY FABRICATOR TO BE VERIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER

	FACTORED		MAXIMUM FACTORED		INPUT		REQRD	
	GROSS REACTION		GROSS REACTION		BRG		BRG	
JT	VERT	HORZ	DOWN	HORZ	UPLIFT	IN-SX	IN-SX	
B	241	0	241	0	0	6-3-13	1-8	
D	241	0	241	0	0	6-3-13	1-8	
F	184	0	184	0	0	6-3-13	1-8	

UNFACTORED REACTIONS							
JT	1ST LCASE	MAX /MIN. COMPONENT REACTIONS					
		SNOW	LIVE	PERM. LIVE	WIND	DEAD	SOIL
B	169	118 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	51 / 0	0 / 0
D	169	118 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	51 / 0	0 / 0
F	135	60 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	0 / 0	75 / 0	0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) B, D, F

BRACING

TOP CHORD TO BE SHEATHED OR MAX. PURLIN SPACING = 6.25 FT.

MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 10.00 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

LOADING									
TOTAL LOAD CASES: (4)									
C H O R D S						W E B S			
MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED	FORCE (LBS)	FACTORED	VERT. LOAD (PLF)	LC1 CSI (LC)	MAX.	MAX. UNBRAC LENGTH	MEMB.	MAX. FACTORED
									FORCE (LBS)
FR-TO			FROM	TO				FR-TO	
A- B	0 / 10		-78.0	-78.0	0.01 (1)	10.00		F- C	-111 / 0
B- C	-84 / 0		-78.0	-78.0	0.13 (1)	6.25			0.03 (1)
C- D	-84 / 0		-78.0	-78.0	0.13 (1)	6.25			
D- E	0 / 10		-78.0	-78.0	0.01 (1)	10.00			
B- F	0 / 49		-18.5	-18.5	0.06 (4)	10.00			
F- D	0 / 49		-18.5	-18.5	0.06 (4)	10.00			

DESIGN CRITERIA

SPECIFIED LOADS:			
TOP	CH.	LL	= 21.0 PSF
		DL	= 6.0 PSF
BOT	CH.	LL	= 0.0 PSF
		DL	= 7.4 PSF
TOTAL LOAD = 34.4 PSF			

SPACING = 24.0 IN. C/C

THIS TRUSS IS DESIGNED FOR RESIDENTIAL OR SMALL BUILDING REQUIREMENTS OF PART 9, NBCC 2015

THIS DESIGN COMPLIES WITH:

- PART 9 OF BCBC 2018 , ABC 2019
- PART 9 OF OBC 2012 (2019 AMENDMENT)
- CSA 086-14
- TPIC 2014

(55 % OF 23.0 P.S.F. G.S.L. PLUS 8.4 P.S.F. RAIN LOAD) EQUALS 21.0 P.S.F. SPECIFIED ROOF LIVE LOAD

CSI: TC=0.13/1.00 (B-C:1) , BC=0.06/1.00 (D-F:4) , WB=0.03/1.00 (C-F:1) , SSI=0.06/1.00 (B-C:1)

DOL LUMBER=1.00 NAIL=1.00 LS BEND=1.10 COMP=1.10 SHEAR=1.10 TENS= 1.10

COMPANION LIVE LOAD FACTOR = 1.00

TRUSS PLATE MANUFACTURER IS NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR QUALITY CONTROL IN THE TRUSS MANUFACTURING PLANT .

NAIL VALUES					
PLATE	GRIP(DRY)	SHEAR	SECTION		
	(PSI)	(PLI)	(PLI)		
	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
MT20	650	371	1747	788	1987 1873

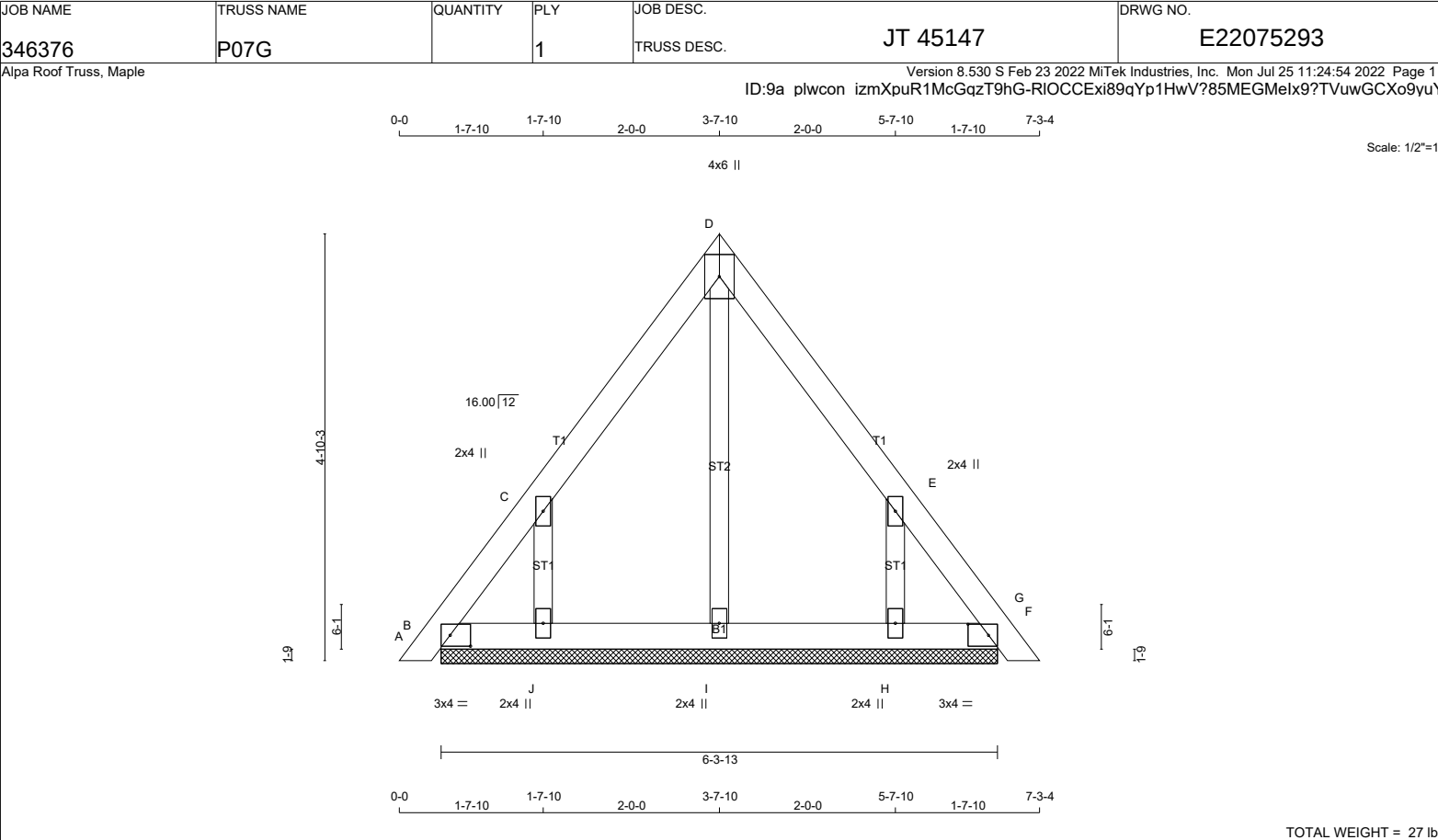
PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

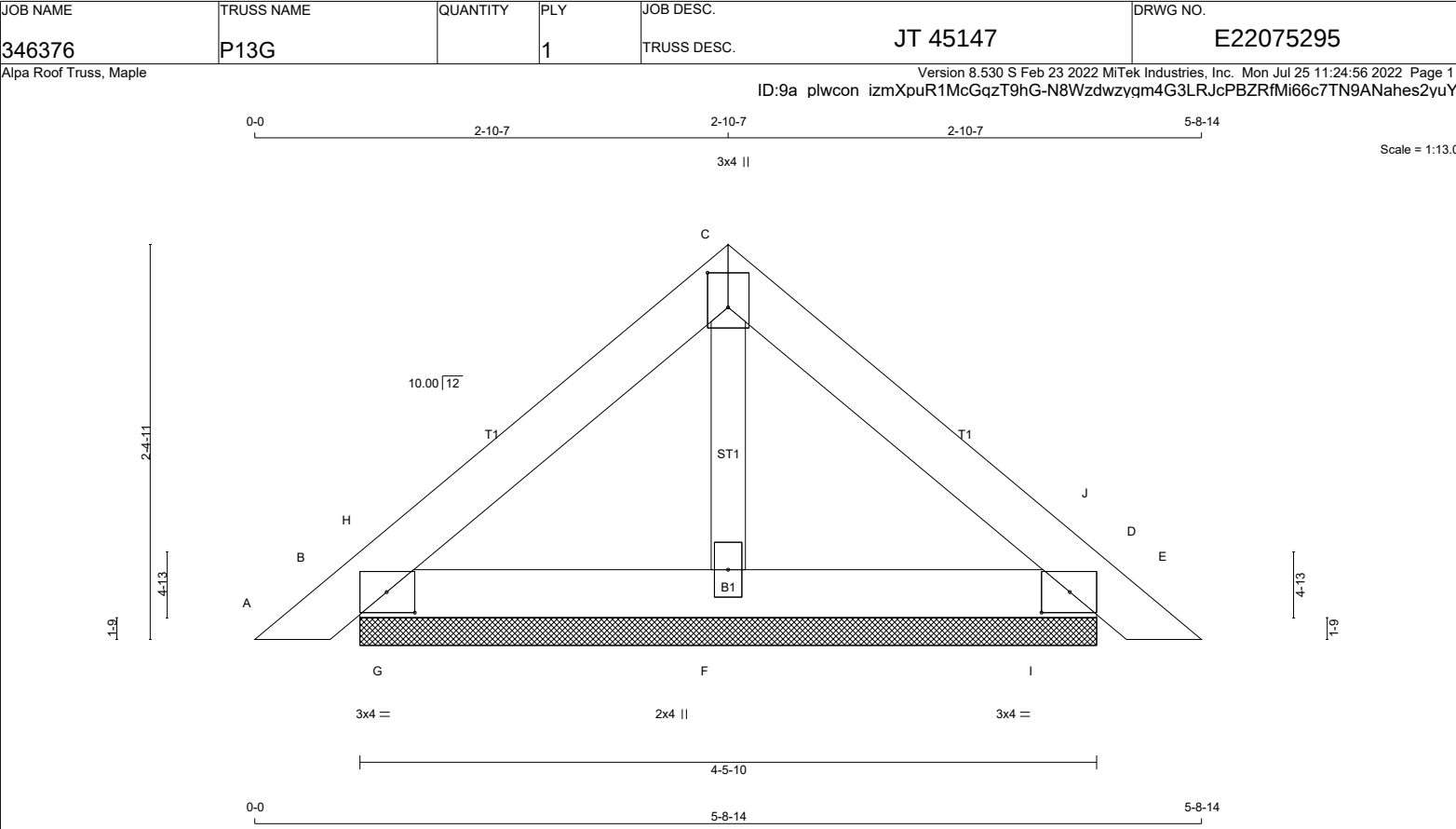
PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.27 (B) (INPUT = 0.90)
JSI METAL= 0.11 (D) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2







JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	DRWG NO.
346375K	KH04A	4		95472(BX-1) GOLDPARK, VAUGHAN, 5011, A*SP	E23092427

Alpa Roof Truss, Maple

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ID:9a plwcon izmXpuR1McGqzT9hg-XRsYR9ukUvziG9B1CkbnGA2?QEYPhbJ3XmX8teybmfi

Scale = 1/70.6

TOTAL WEIGHT = 4 X 303 = 1213 LB

NUMBER

N. L. G. A. RULES

SIZE

LUMBER

DESCR.

A - C

C

2x6

DRY

No.2

C - E

E

2x6

DRY

No.2

E - G

G

2x6

DRY

No.2

G - I

I

2x6

DRY

No.2

I - K

K

2x6

DRY

No.2

W - A

A

2x10

DRY

No.2

M - K

K

2x10

DRY

No.2

X - T

T

2x6

DRY

No.2

T - P

P

2x6

DRY

No.2

P - L

L

2x6

DRY

No.2

ALL WEBS EXCEPT

V - B

2x12

DRY

No.2

B - U

U

2x3

DRY

No.2

U - D

D

2x3

DRY

No.2

D - S

S

2x3

DRY

No.2

Q - H

H

2x3

DRY

No.2

O - H

H

2x3

DRY

No.2

O - J

J

2x3

DRY

No.2

N - J

J

2x12

DRY

No.2

DRY: SEASONED LUMBER.

DESIGN CONSISTS OF 4 TRUSSES BUILT SEPARATELY THEN FASTENED TOGETHER AS FOLLOWS:

CHORDS #ROWS

SURFACE SPACING (IN)

LOAD(PLF)

TOP CHORDS : (0.122"x3") SPIRAL NAILS

A - C

2

12

TOP

C - E

2

12

TOP

E - G

2

12

TOP

G - I

2

12

TOP

I - K

2

12

TOP

W - A

3

12

TOP

M - K

3

12

TOP

BOTTOM CHORDS : (0.122"x3") SPIRAL NAILS

X - T

2

12

TOP

T - P

2

12

TOP

P - L

3

4

SIDE(1547.9)

WEBS : (0.122"x3") SPIRAL NAILS

2x3

1

6

2x4

1

6

J - N

99

0

SIDE(3599.4)

2x12

3

6

STAGGER NAILS BY HALF THE SURFACE SPACING IN ADJACENT PLIES.

IN ADDITION, PRE-DRILL ONE 0.56" DIAM. HOLE IN EACH CHORD PANEL AND INSTALL 0.50" DIAM. ASTM A307 BOLTS WITH WASHERS, BOTH SIDES. FOR OTHER BOLT TYPES SEE CSA086 3.3.2.

GIRDER NAILING ASSUMES NAILED HANGERS ARE FASTENED WITH MIN. 3-0 INCH NAILS.

TOP - COMPONENTS ARE LOADED FROM THE TOP AND MUST BE PLACED ON TOP EDGE OF ALL PLIES FOR THE LOAD TO BE TRANSFERRED TO EACH PLY.

SIDE - PLF SHOWN IS THE EQUIVALENT UDL APPLIED TO ONE SIDE THAT THE CORRESPONDING NAILING PATTERN SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRANSFERING. REMAINING PLF MUST BE APPLIED ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OR ON THE TOP.

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2

DIMENSIONS, SUPPORTS AND LOADINGS SPECIFIED BY BUILDING DESIGNER

BEARINGS

FACTORED

GROSS REACTION

VERT

HORZ

MAXIMUM FACTORED

GROSS REACTION

DOWN

HORZ

INPUT

BRG

UPLIFT

IN-SX

REQRD

BRG

IN-SX

W

4605

0

4605

-302

-15

5-8

1-8

M

16986

0

16986

0

0

5-8

4-8

PROVIDE ANCHORAGE AT BEARING JOINT W FOR 150 LBS FACTORED UPLIFT

PROVIDE FOR 302 LBS FACTORED HORIZONTAL REACTION AT JOINTW

UNFACTORED REACTIONS

1ST LCASE

COMBINED

SNOW

LIVE

PERM.LIVE

WIND

DEAD

SOIL

JT

3412

1857 / 0

500 / 0

0 / 0

209 / -689

1055 / 0

0 / 0

M

12331

7262 / 0

973 / 0

0 / 0

845 / -1268

4096 / 0

0 / 0

HORIZONTAL REACTIONS

W

0 / 0

0 / 0

0 / 0

216 / -216

0 / 0

0 / 0

BEARING MATERIAL TO BE SPF NO.2 OR BETTER AT JOINT(S) W, M

BRACING

FOR SECTION E-G, MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 2.00 FT.

FOR OTHER SECTIONS, MAX. UNBRACED TOP CHORD LENGTH = 3.42 FT.

MAX. UNBRACED BOTTOM CHORD LENGTH = 6.25 FT OR RIGID CEILING DIRECTLY APPLIED.

ALL PITCH BREAKS AND PERIMETER CORNER JOINTS MUST BE Laterally RESTRAINED.

2x8 DRY SPF No.2 T-BRACE AT D-S, E-S, F-R, G-R, H-Q, J-O

FASTEN T AND I-BRACES TO NARROW EDGE OF WEB WITH ONE ROW PER PLY OF 3" COMMON WIRE NAILS @ 6" O.C. WITH 3" MINIMUM END DISTANCE. BRACE MUST COVER 90% OF WEB LENGTH.

END VERTICAL(S) MUST BE SHEATHED OR HAVE BRACES AS INDICATED IN THE MAX. UNBRACED LENGTH COLUMN OF THE TABLE BELOW

LOADING

TOTAL LOAD CASES: (18)

CHORDS

MEMB.

MAX. FACTORED FORCE (LBS)

FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)

MAX. FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)

MAX. FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)

MAX. FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)

MAX. FACTORED VERT. LOAD (PLF)

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JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	95472(BX-1) GOLDPARK, VAUGHAN, 5011, A*SP	DRWG NO.
346375K	KH04A		4	TRUSS DESC.		E23092427(2)

PLATES (table is in inches)							JSI GRIP= 0.90 (N) (INPUT = 0.90) JSI METAL= 0.84 (N) (INPUT = 1.00)
JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X	
A, K, M, W							
A							
B	TMWW-t	MT20	5.0	14.0	2.00	6.25	
C	TS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0			
D	TMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	3.00	1.00	
E	TTWW-l	MT20	5.0	8.0	2.75	5.25	
F	TMW+w	MT20	2.0	4.0			
G	TTWW-l	MT20	5.0	8.0	2.75	5.25	
H	TMWW+t	MT20	4.0	6.0	3.00	1.00	
I	TS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0			
J	TMWW-t	MT20	5.0	14.0	2.00	6.25	
M	TMBMVW1*+p	MT20	10.0	16.0	12.75	5.00	
N	BMWW-t	MT20	8.0	12.0	4.25	4.50	
O	BMWW-t	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.25	2.75	
P	BS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0			
Q	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0			
R	BMWWW-t	MT20	5.0	8.0			
S	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0			
T	BS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0			
U	BMWW-t	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.25	2.75	
V	BMWW-t	MT20	8.0	12.0	4.25	4.50	
W	TMBMVW1*+p	MT20	10.0	16.0	12.75	5.00	

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE
2X4 SPF#2



JOB NAME	TRUSS NAME	QUANTITY	PLY	JOB DESC.	95472(BX-1) GOLDPARK, VAUGHAN, 5011, A*SP	DRWG NO.
346375K	KH04X		4	TRUSS DESC.		E23092428(2)

PLATES (table is in inches)						
JT	TYPE	PLATES	W	LEN	Y	X
A	TMVW-t	MT20	5.0	8.0	2.50	2.75
B, D, I						
B	TMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
C	TS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
E	TTWW-h	MT20	6.0	7.0	2.50	3.00
F	TMW+w	MT20	2.0	4.0		
G	TTWW-h	MT20	6.0	7.0	2.50	3.00
H	TS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
J	TTWW-h	MT20	6.0	7.0	3.00	2.25
K	TMWW+t	MT20	6.0	10.0	4.25	3.00
L	BMW1+t	MT20	6.0	10.0	Edge	0.50
M	BMWW+t	MT20	10.0	12.0	Edge	3.50
N, P, R, T, U						
N	BMWW-t	MT20	4.0	6.0		
O	BS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
Q	BMWWW-t	MT20	5.0	8.0		
S	BS-t	MT20	5.0	6.0		
V	BMV1m	MT20	5.0	6.0	2.75	0.50

Edge - INDICATES REFERENCE CORNER OF PLATE TOUCHES EDGE OF CHORD.

PLATE PLACEMENT TOL. = 0.250 inches

PLATE ROTATION TOL. = 5.0 Deg.

JSI GRIP= 0.86 (K) (INPUT = 0.90)

JSI METAL= 0.99 (M) (INPUT = 1.00)

LATERAL BRACE(S) SHOWN SHALL BE 2X4 SPF#2



H — Seismic and Hurricane Ties

SIMPSON

Strong-Tie

The H connector series provides wind and seismic ties for trusses and rafters.

Material: 18 gauge

Finish: G90 galvanized

Design:

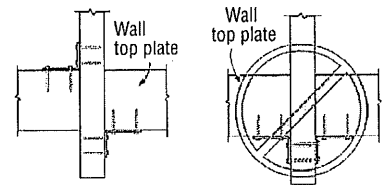
- Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA O86-14 and CSA O86:19.
- Factored resistances have been increased 15%. No further increase is permitted.

Installation:

- Use all specified fasteners
- Nails: 8d = 0.131" dia. x 2½" long common wire, 8d x 1½" = 0.131" x 1½" long, 10d x 1½" = 0.146" x 1½" long
- H1 can be installed with flanges facing outwards
- Hurricane ties do not replace solid blocking

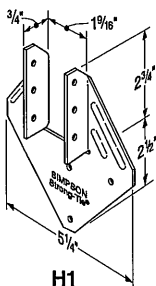
Factored resistances for more than one direction for a single connection cannot be added together. A factored load which can be divided into components in the directions given must be evaluated as follows: Factored Shear/Resisting Shear + Factored Tension/Resisting Tension ≤ 1.0.

Hurricane Tie Installations to Achieve Twice the Load (Top View)

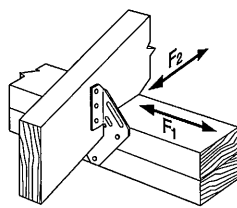


Install diagonally across from each other for minimum 2x truss.

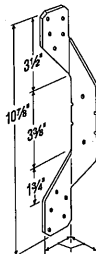
Nailing into both sides of a single ply 2x truss may cause the wood to split.



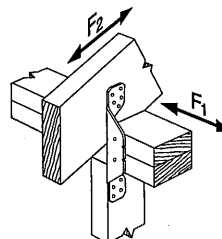
H1



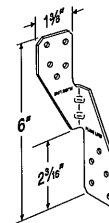
H1 Installation



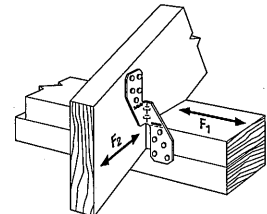
H2A



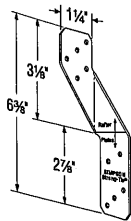
H2A Installation



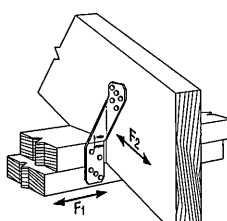
H2.5A



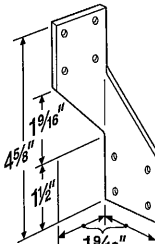
H2.5A Installation



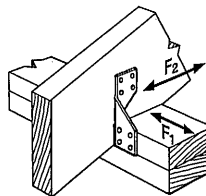
H2.5T



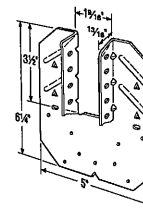
H2.5T Installation
(Nails into both top plates)



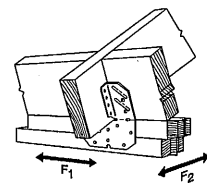
H3



H3 Installation



H10A



H10A Installation

Model No.	Ga.	Fasteners			Factored Resistance (lb.)					
					D.Fir-L			S-P-F		
		To Rafter	To Plates	To Studs	Uplift	Normal		Uplift	Normal	
						F ₁	F ₂		F ₁	F ₂
						(K ₀ =1.15)			(K ₀ =1.15)	
H1	18	(6) 8d x 1½"	(4) 8d	—	740	685	300	680	485	215
H2A	18	(5) 8d x 1½"	(2) 8d x 1½"	(5) 8d x 1½"	830	220	75	590	155	55
H2.5A	18	(5) 8d	(5) 8d	—	805	160	160	755	160	160
H2.5T	18	(5) 8d	(5) 8d	—	835	175	240	740	160	210
H3	18	(4) 8d	(4) 8d	—	740	180	265	615	125	190
H10A	18	(9) 10d x 1½"	(9) 10d x 1½"	—	1735	795	410	1505	565	290

1. Factored resistances have been increased 15% for earthquake or wind loading with no further increase allowed.
2. Factored resistances are for one anchor. A minimum rafter thickness of 2½" must be used when framing anchors are installed on each side of the joist and on the same side of the plate.

3. When cross-grain bending or cross-grain tension cannot be avoided, mechanical reinforcement to resist such forces should be considered.
4. Hurricane ties are shown installed on the outside of the wall for clarity. Installation on the inside of the wall is acceptable. For a Continuous Load Path, connections must be on same side of the wall.



This technical bulletin is effective until December 31, 2024, and reflects information available as of July 1, 2022. This information is updated periodically and should not be relied upon after December 31, 2024. Contact Simpson Strong-Tie for current information and limited warranty or see strongtie.com.

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T-SPECH22 7/22 exp. 12/24

(800) 999-5099
strongtie.com

LUS — Double-Shear Joist Hangers

SIMPSON
Strong-Tie

All LUS hangers have double-shear nailing. This patented innovation distributes the load through two points on each joist nail for greater strength. It also allows the use of fewer nails, faster installation and the use of common nails for all connections.

Material: 18 gauge

Finish: G90 galvanized

Design:

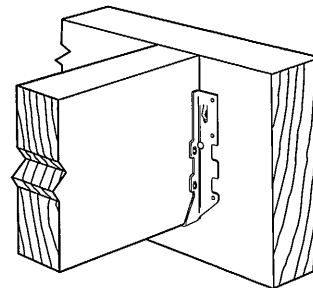
- Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA O86-14 and CSA O86:19.
- Uplift resistances have been increased 15%. No further increase is permitted.
- Wood shear is not considered in the factored resistances given. The specifier must ensure that the joist and header capacities are capable of withstanding these loads.

Installation:

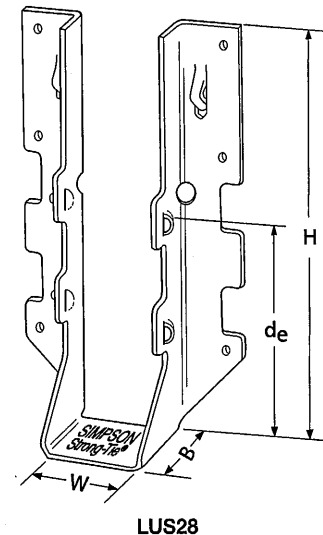
- Use all specified fasteners
- Nails: 16d = 0.162" dia. x 3½" long common wire,
10d = 0.148" x 3" long common wire
- Double-shear nails must be driven at an angle through the joist or truss into the header to achieve the table loads
- Not designed for welded or nailer applications

Options:

- These hangers cannot be modified

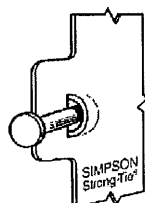


Typical LUS
Installation



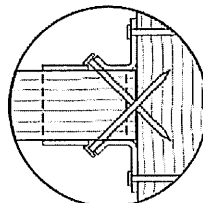
Model No.	Ga.	Dimensions (in.)				Fasteners		Factored Resistance (lb.)			
								D-Fir-L		S-P-F	
		W	H	B	d _o ¹	Face	Joist	Uplift (K _o =1.15)	Normal (K _o =1.00)	Uplift (K _o =1.15)	Normal (K _o =1.00)
LUS24	18	1⅞	3⅞	1¼	1⅝	(4) 10d	(2) 10d	710	1630	645	1155
LUS24-2	18	3⅞	3⅞	2	1⅝	(4) 16d	(2) 16d	835	2020	590	1435
LUS26	18	1⅞	4¾	1¼	3⅝	(4) 10d	(4) 10d	1420	2170	1290	1630
LUS26-2	18	3⅞	4¾	2	4	(4) 16d	(4) 16d	1720	2595	1545	1920
LUS26-3	18	4⅝	4¾	2	3¼	(4) 16d	(4) 16d	1720	2595	1545	2340
LUS28	18	1⅞	6⅝	1¼	3¾	(6) 10d	(6) 10d	1420	2520	1290	1790
LUS28-2	18	3⅞	7	2	4	(6) 16d	(4) 16d	1720	3325	1545	2575
LUS28-3	18	4⅝	6¼	2	3¼	(6) 16d	(4) 16d	1720	3325	1545	2375
LUS210	18	1⅞	7⅞	1¼	3⅞	(8) 10d	(4) 10d	1420	2785	1290	2210
LUS210-2	18	3⅞	9	2	6	(8) 16d	(6) 16d	2580	4500	2320	3195
LUS210-3	18	4⅝	8⅞	2	5¼	(8) 16d	(6) 16d	2580	3345	2320	2375

1. d_o is the distance from the seat of the hanger to the highest joist nail.



Dome double-shear nailing prevents tabs breaking off (available on some models).

US Patent
5,603,580



Double-shear nailing top view.



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HUS/LJS — Double-Shear Joist Hangers

All hangers have double-shear nailing. This patented innovation distributes the load through two points on each joist nail for greater strength. It also allows the use of fewer nails, faster installation and the use of common nails for all connections. Do not bend or remove tabs.

Material: See table

Finish: G90 galvanized

Design:

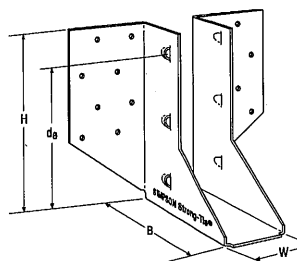
- Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA O86-14 and CSA O86:19.
- Uplift resistances have been increased 15%. No further increase is permitted.
- Wood shear is not considered in the factored resistances given. The specifier must ensure that the joist and header capacities are capable of withstanding these loads.

Installation:

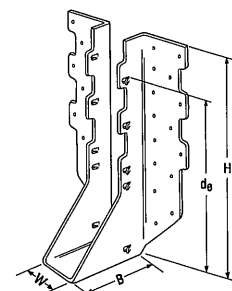
- Use all specified fasteners
- Nails: 16d = 0.162" dia. x 3½" long common wire
- Double-shear nails must be driven at an angle through the joist or truss into the header to achieve the table loads
- Not designed for welded or nailer applications

Options:

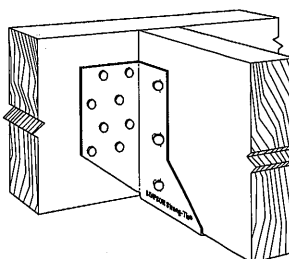
- See current catalogue for options



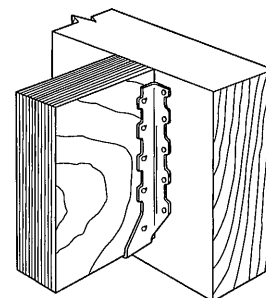
LJS26DS



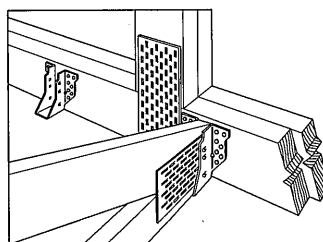
HUS210
(HUS26, HUS28, similar)



Typical LJS26DS Installation



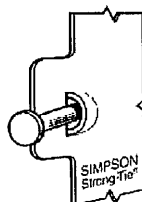
Typical HUS Installation



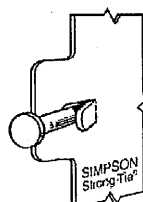
Typical HUS Installation
(Truss designer to provide fastener quantity for connecting multiple members together)

Model No.	Ga.	Dimensions (in.)				Fasteners		Factored Resistance (lb.)			
		W	H	B	d _e ¹	Face	Joist	D.Fir-L		S-P-F	
								Uplift (K ₀ =1.15) lb.	Normal (K ₀ =1.00) lb.	Uplift (K ₀ =1.15) lb.	Normal (K ₀ =1.00) lb.
LJS26DS	18	1⅞	5	3½	4⅝	(16) 16d	(6) 16d	2055	4265	1460	4115
HUS26	16	1⅝	5⅝	3	3⅞	(14) 16d	(6) 16d	2705	4940	2065	3875
HUS28	16	1⅝	7⅞	3	6⅞	(22) 16d	(8) 16d	3605	5365	2675	4345
HUS210	16	1⅝	9⅞	3	7⅞	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4505	5795	4010	4740
HUS1.81/10	16	1⅞	9	3	8	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4505	6450	4010	5200

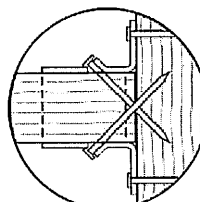
1. d_e is the distance from the seat of the hanger to the highest joist nail.



Dome double-shear nailing prevents tabs breaking off (available on some models).
US Patent 5,603,580



Double-shear nailing side view. Do not bend tab back.



Double-shear nailing top view.



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HHUS — Double-Shear Joist Hangers

SIMPSON
Strong-Tie

All HHUS hangers have double-shear nailing. This patented innovation distributes the load through two points on each joist nail for greater strength. It also allows the use of fewer nails, faster installation and the use of common nails for all connections. Do not bend or remove tabs.

Material: 14 gauge

Finish: G90 galvanized

Design:

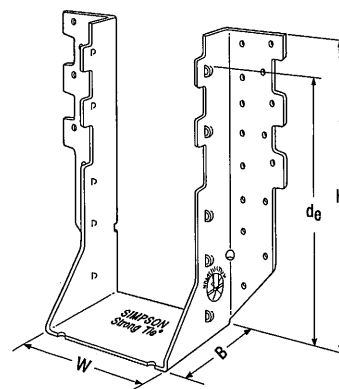
- Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA O86-14 and CSA O86:19.
- Uplift resistances have been increased 15%. No further increase is permitted.
- Wood shear is not considered in the factored resistances given. The specifier must ensure that the joist and header capacities are capable of withstanding these loads.

Installation:

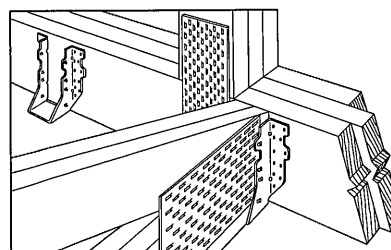
- Use all specified fasteners
- Nails: 16d = 0.162" dia. x 3½" long common wire
- Double-shear nails must be driven at an angle through the joist or truss into the header to achieve the table loads
- Not designed for welded or nailer applications

Options:

- See current catalogue for options



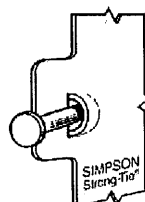
HHUS410



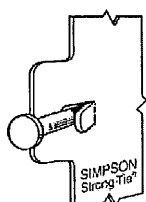
Typical HHUS Installation
(Truss designer to provide fastener quantity for connecting multiple members together)

Model No.	Ga.	Dimensions (in.)				Fasteners		Factored Resistance (lb.)			
		W	H	B	d _g ¹	Face	Joist	D-Fir-L		S-P-F	
								Uplift (K _g =1.15)	Normal (K _g =1.00)	Uplift (K _g =1.15)	Normal (K _g =1.00)
HHUS26-2	14	3 1/16	5 1/16	3	3 1/16	(14) 16d	(6) 16d	2850	7335	2065	5205
HHUS28-2	14	3 1/16	7 1/32	3	6 3/32	(22) 16d	(8) 16d	3765	8940	2675	6345
HHUS210-2	14	3 1/16	9 3/32	3	8	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	9660	4235	7000
HHUS210-3	14	4 1/16	9	3	7 1/16	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	9670	4235	6865
HHUS210-4	14	6 1/8	8 29/32	3	7 27/32	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	10155	4235	7210
HHUS46	14	3 5/8	5 1/32	3	3 1/16	(14) 16d	(6) 16d	2540	7335	2065	5205
HHUS48	14	3 5/8	7 1/8	3	6 1/8	(22) 16d	(8) 16d	3765	8945	2267	6345
HHUS410	14	3 5/8	9	3	8	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	9855	4235	7000
HHUS5.50/10	14	5 1/2	9	3	8	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	10155	4235	7210
HHUS7.25/10	14	7 1/4	9	3 3/16	7 29/32	(30) 16d	(10) 16d	4670	10155	3370	7210

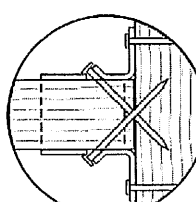
1. d_g is the distance from the seat of the hanger to the highest joist nail.



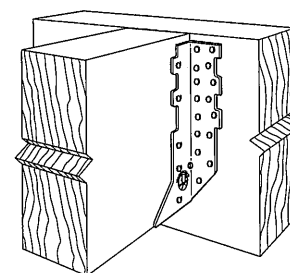
Dome double-shear nailing prevents tabs breaking off (available on some models).
US Patent 5,603,580



Double-shear nailing side view. Do not bend tab back.



Double-shear nailing top view.



Typical HHUS Installation



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T-SPECHHUS22 7/22 exp. 12/24

(800) 999-5099
strongtie.com

THGQ/THGQH — Truss Girder Hangers

SIMPSON

Strong-Tie

Material: THGQ—7 gauge, THGQH—3 gauge

Finish: THGQ—G90 Galvanized,
THGQH—Simpson Strong-Tie® gray paint

Design:

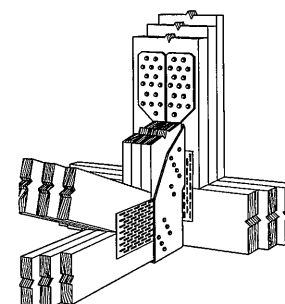
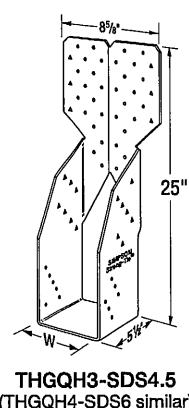
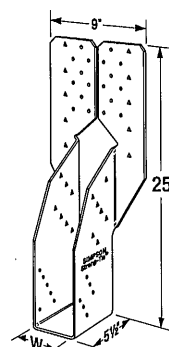
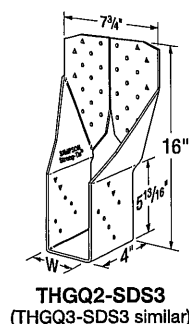
- Factored resistances are in accordance with CSA O86-14 and CSA O86:19.
- Uplift resistances have been increased 15% for short-term load duration. No further increase is allowed.
- Designer must ensure that vertical web member supporting a hanger is capable of resisting loads based on net cross section.
- Girder truss must be a minimum of two plies.
- Bearing assumes Q_r/A_b and $Q_r'/A'_b = 812$ psi D.Fir-L and 615 psi S-P-F. Truss plates on supported member must be as per 6.5.4 and 7.5.9 TPIC (2014 or 2019 as applicable) to achieve values shown.
- All multiple members must be fastened together to act as a single unit independent of the hanger fasteners.
- Girders must be adequately laterally braced to prevent excessive displacement due to secondary torsional stresses.

Installation:

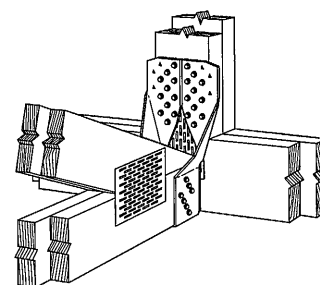
- Use all specified fasteners.
- Fill all round holes for minimum values and all round and triangle holes for maximum values.
- Strong-Drive® SDS screws driven through truss plates must be approved by the truss designer. Predrilling, using a $\frac{5}{32}$ " bit, is required.
- Connector must be installed, centred on girder vertical web.

Options:

- These hangers may be skewed 45°
- See current catalogue for options



Typical THGQH3-SDS4.5 Installation



Typical THGQ2-SDS3 Installation

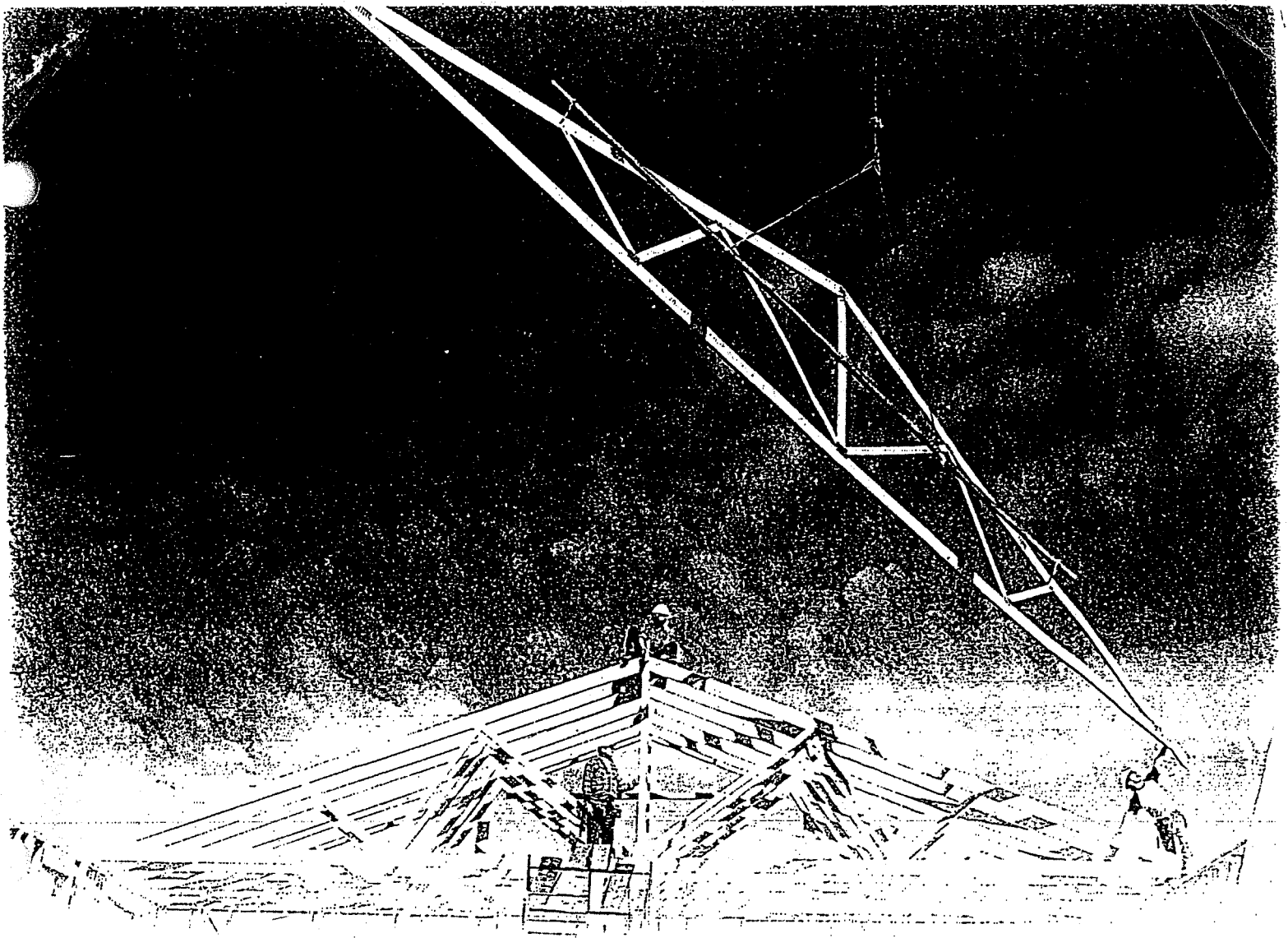
Model No.	Width (in.)	Max. B.C. Depth	Min. Vert. Web Size	Fasteners		Factored Resistance (lb.)			
						D.Fir-L		S-P-F	
				Header	Joist	Uplift ($K_b=1.15$)	Normal ($K_b=1.00$)	Uplift ($K_b=1.15$)	Normal ($K_b=1.00$)
THGQ2-SDS3 (Min.)	3 $\frac{5}{16}$	2x6	2x8	(22) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 3"	(10) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 3"	5205	11655	3750	8395
THGQ2-SDS3 (Max.)	3 $\frac{5}{16}$	2x6	2x10	(28) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 3"	(14) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 3"	6555	18055	4720	13000
THGQH2-SDS3 (Min.)	3 $\frac{5}{16}$	2x10	2x8	(18) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 3"	(14) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 3"	5790	12555	4170	9040
THGQH2-SDS3 (Max.)	3 $\frac{5}{16}$	2x10	2x10	(28) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 3"	(26) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 3"	14190	18455	10215	15160
THGQ3-SDS4.5 (Min.)	4 $\frac{1}{8}$	2x6	2x8	(22) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	(10) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	5205	11655	3750	8395
THGQ3-SDS4.5 (Max.)	4 $\frac{1}{8}$	2x6	2x10	(28) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	(14) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	6555	17760	4720	12785
THGQH3-SDS4.5 (Min.)	4 $\frac{1}{8}$	2x10	2x10	(32) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	(14) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	5790	17860	4170	12860
THGQH3-SDS4.5 (Max.)	4 $\frac{1}{8}$	2x10	2x12	(38) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	(26) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ "	14190	21055	10215	15160
THGQH4-SDS6 (Min.)	6 $\frac{1}{8}$	2x12	2x10	(34) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 6"	(14) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 6"	5790	17860	4170	12860
THGQH4-SDS6 (Max.)	6 $\frac{1}{8}$	2x12	2x12	(40) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 6"	(26) SDS $\frac{1}{4}$ " x 6"	14190	24870	10215	17905

1. Factored resistances have been increased 15% for earthquake or wind load with no further increase allowed; reduce where other loads govern.
2. Minimum 2-ply girder required.
3. Connector must be installed centred on girder vertical webs.
4. The thickness of the supporting girder must be equal to or greater than the screw length. For applications where the length of the supplied screws exceeds the thickness of the supporting girder, 3" or 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ " screws may be substituted for the longer length screws with no load reduction, or a shim block may be used as approved by the designer.

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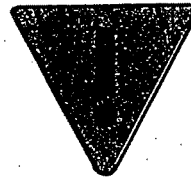
Wood Truss Installation

**A Guide to proper handling, erecting and bracing
metal plate connected wood trusses**

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Warning



General

Familiarity with the Construction Design Documents, the Truss Design Drawings, and Truss Placement Plans (if required by the Construction Design Documents) is required to properly erect, brace, and connect the trusses to the building system.

All of the care and quality involved in the design and manufacture of wood trusses can be jeopardized if the trusses are not properly handled, erected, and braced.

The consequences of improper handling, erecting, and bracing may be a collapse of the structure, which at best is a substantial loss of time and materials, and at worst is a loss of life. The majority of truss accidents occur during truss installation and not as a result of improper design or manufacture.

Prior to truss erection, the builder/erector shall meet with the erection crew for a safety and planning meeting, making sure each crew member understands his or her roles and responsibilities during the erection process.

Temporary Erection Bracing

Trusses are not marked in any way to identify the frequency, or location of temporary erection bracing.

All temporary bracing shall comply with the latest edition of *Commentary and Recommendations for Handling, Installing & Bracing Metal Plate Connected Wood Trusses* (HIB), published by the Truss Plate Institute, and/or as specified in the Construction Design Documents prepared by the building designer.

Permanent Truss Bracing

Permanent bracing for the roof or floor trusses is the responsibility of the building designer and should be shown on the Construction Design Documents. Permanent bracing locations for individual compression members of a wood truss are shown on the Truss Design Drawings, and shall be installed by the building or erection contractor. This bracing is needed for the proper performance of individual trusses within the roof or floor system. The design and connection of the bracing to the truss and then to the overall building system is the responsibility of the building designer, and is in addition to the permanent bracing plan, which is also specified by the building designer.

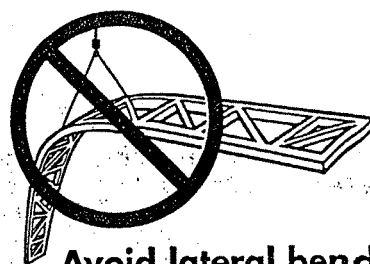
Special Design Requirements

Special design requirements, such as wind bracing, portal bracing, seismic bracing, diaphragms, shear walls, or other load transfer elements and their connections to wood trusses must be considered separately by the building designer, who shall determine size, location, and method of connections for all bracing as needed to resist these forces.

1 Unloading & Lifting

Never handle trusses flat

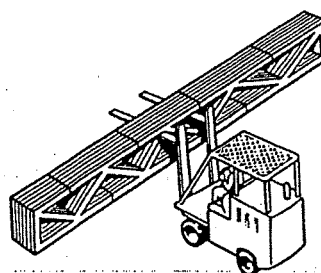
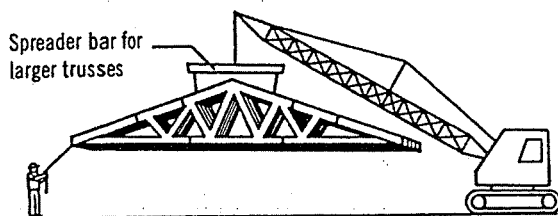
Beginning with the unloading process, and throughout all phases of construction, care must be taken to avoid lateral bending of trusses, which can cause damage to the lumber and metal connector plates at the joints.



Avoid lateral bending

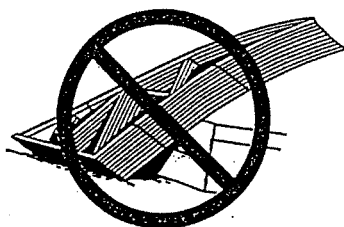
- Use special care in windy weather.
- If using a crane within 10 feet of an electric line, contact the local power company.
- If using a crane within 5 miles of an airport, contact the airport 30 days prior to erection to learn about any safety regulations that must be followed.

2 Job Site Handling



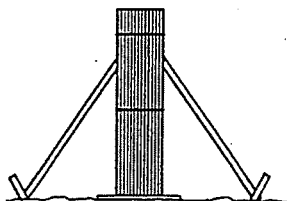
All trusses should be picked up at the top chords in a vertical position only

Proper banding and smooth ground allow for unloading of trusses without damage. This should be done as close to the building site as possible to minimize handling. Do not break banding until installation begins. Hand erection of trusses is allowed, provided excessive lateral bending is prevented.



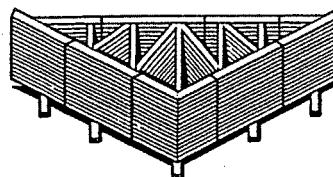
Do not store unbraced bundles upright

If trusses are stored vertically they shall be braced in a manner that will prevent tipping or topping. Generally cutting of the banding is done just prior to installation.



Do not store on uneven ground

If trusses are stored horizontally, blocking should be used on eight to ten foot centers, or as required, to minimize lateral bending and moisture gain.

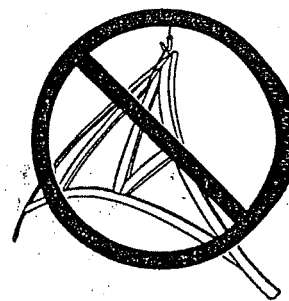


Care should be exercised when removing banding to avoid damaging trusses.

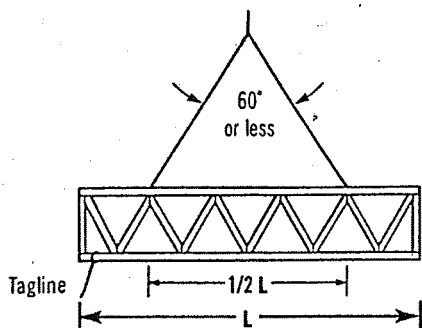
During long term storage, trusses shall be protected from the environment in a manner that provides for adequate ventilation of the trusses. If tarpaulins or other material is used, the ends shall be left open for ventilation. Plastic is not recommended, since it can trap moisture.

3 Hoisting

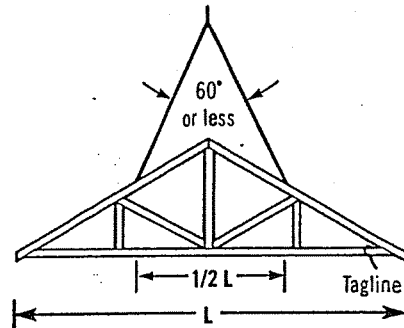
All trusses that are erected one at a time shall be held safely in position by the erection equipment until such time as all necessary bracing has been installed and the ends of the trusses are securely fastened to the building.



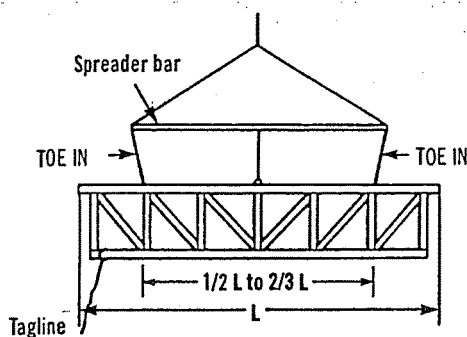
Avoid lateral bending



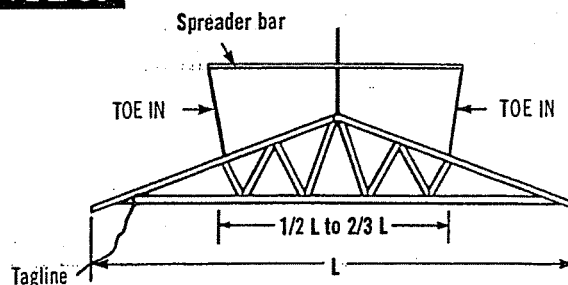
$L \leq 30'$



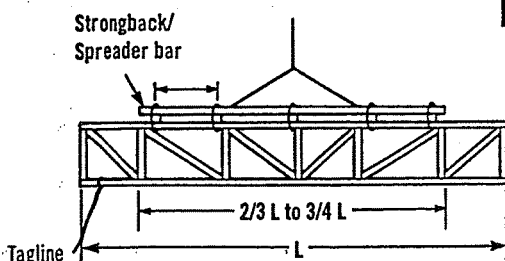
Truss sling is acceptable where these criteria are met.



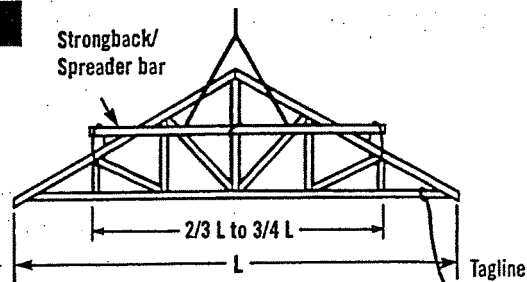
$30' < L \leq 60'$



Use spreader bar in all other cases. It should be noted that the lines from the ends of the spreader bar "TOE IN"; if these lines should "TOE OUT" the truss may fold in half.



$L > 60'$



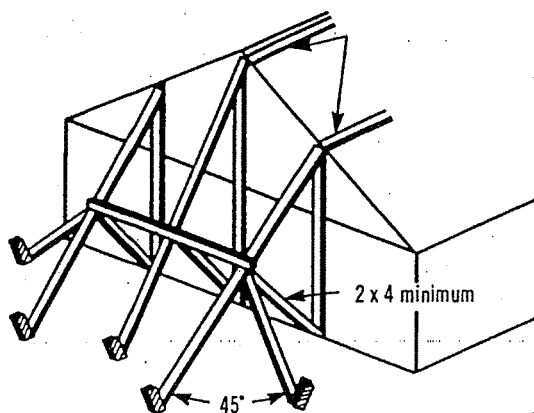
For lifting trusses with spans in excess of 60 feet, it is recommended that a strongback/spreader bar be used as illustrated. The strongback/spreader bar should be attached to the top chord and web members at intervals of approximately 10 feet. Further, the strongback/spreader bar should be at or above the mid-height of the truss to prevent overturning. The strongback/spreader bar can be of any material with sufficient strength to safely carry the weight of the truss and sufficient rigidity to adequately resist bending of the truss.

4 Beginning the Erection Process

It is important for the builder or erection contractor to provide substantial bracing for the first truss erected. The two or more trusses making up the rest of the first set are tied to and rely upon the first truss for stability. Likewise, after this first set of trusses is adequately cross-braced, the remaining trusses installed rely upon this first set for stability. Thus, the performance of the truss bracing system depends to a great extent on how well the first group of trusses is braced.

Ground Brace - Exterior

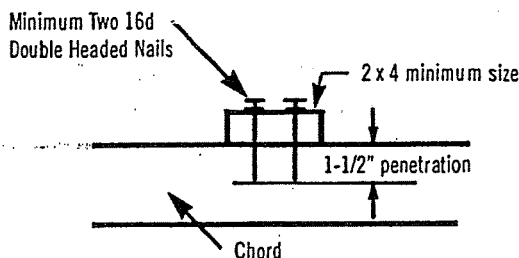
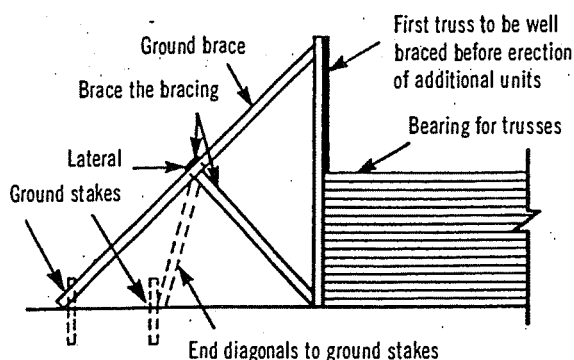
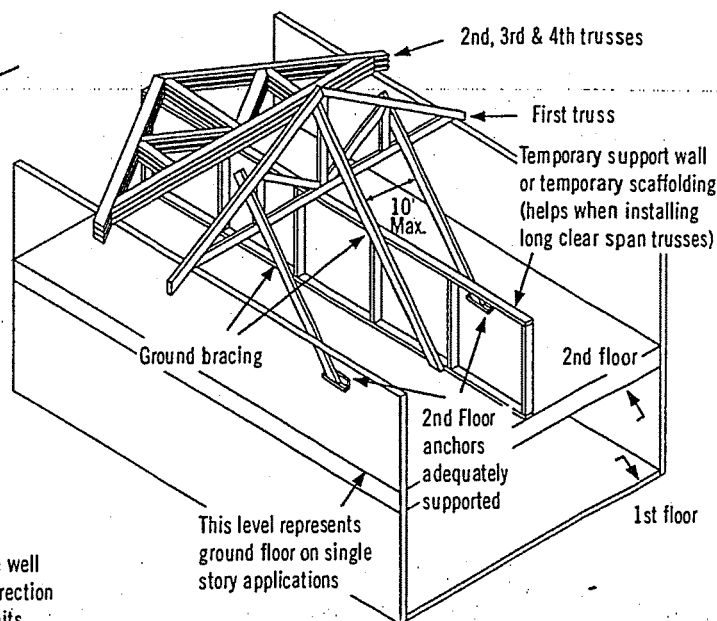
One satisfactory method ties the first unit of trusses off to a series of braces that are attached to a stake driven into the ground and securely anchored. The ground brace itself should be supported as shown below or it is apt to buckle. Additional ground braces in the opposite direction, inside the building, are also recommended.



Note: Locate ground braces for first truss directly in line with all rows of top chord continuous lateral bracing (either temporary or permanent).

Ground Brace - Interior

Another satisfactory method where height of building or ground conditions prohibit bracing from the exterior is to tie the first truss rigidly in place from the interior at the floor level, provided the floor is substantially completed and capable of supporting the ground bracing forces. Securely fasten the first truss to the middle of the building. Brace the bracing similar to exterior ground bracing shown at left. Set trusses from the middle toward the end of the building. Properly cross-brace the first set of trusses before removing floor braces and setting remaining trusses.

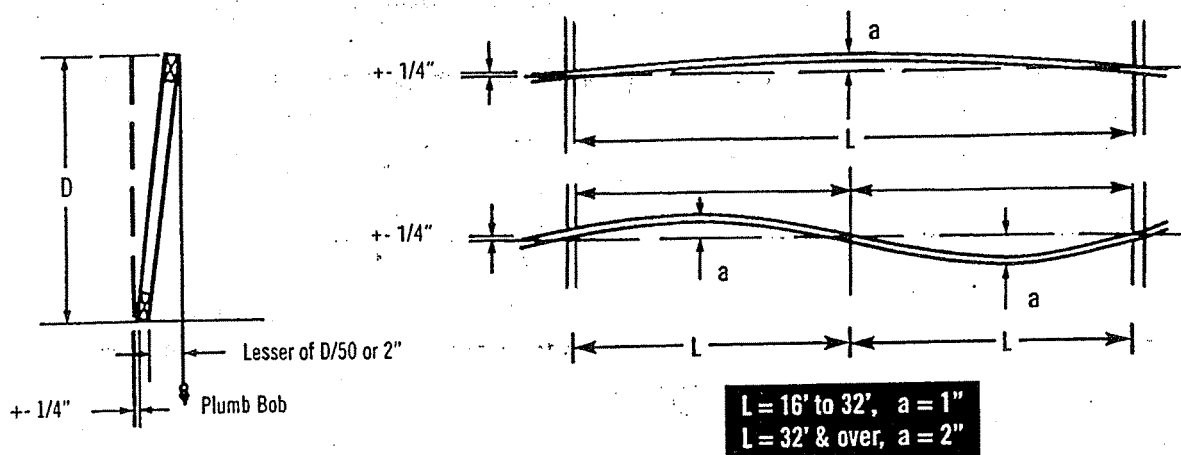


Inadequate size of bracing material or inadequate fastening is a major cause of erection dominoing.

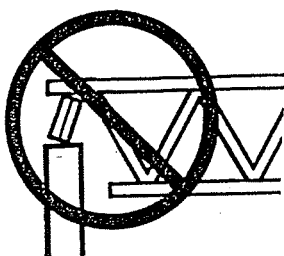
5 Erection Tolerance

Complying with erection tolerances is critical to achieving an acceptable roof or floor line, and to accomplishing effective bracing. Setting trusses within tolerance the first time will prevent the need for the hazardous practice of respacing or adjusting trusses when roof sheathing or roof purlins are installed. Trusses leaning or bowing can cause nails to miss the top chords when sheathing is applied, and create cumulative stresses on the bracing, which is a frequent cause of dominoing.

When sheathing, make sure nails are driven into the top chord of the trusses.



6 Bracing



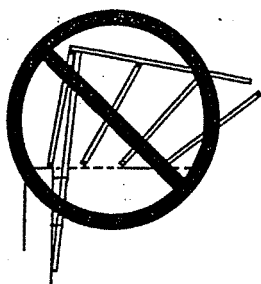
Do not install trusses on temporarily connected supports



Do not walk on unbraced trusses



Do not walk on trusses or gable ends lying flat

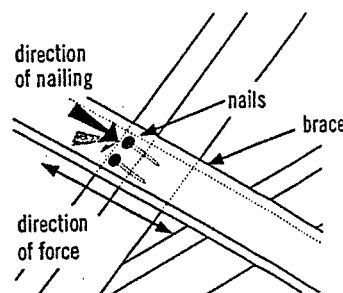


Nails in withdrawal (parallel to force)

All anchors, hangers, tie-downs, seats, bearing ledgers, etc., that are part of the supporting structure shall be accurately and properly placed and permanently attached before truss installation begins. No trusses shall ever be installed on anchors or ties that have temporary connections to the supporting structure.

Nailing scabs to the end of the building to brace the first truss is not recommended.

All nailing of bracing should be done so that nails are driven perpendicular to the direction of force, as shown at right.



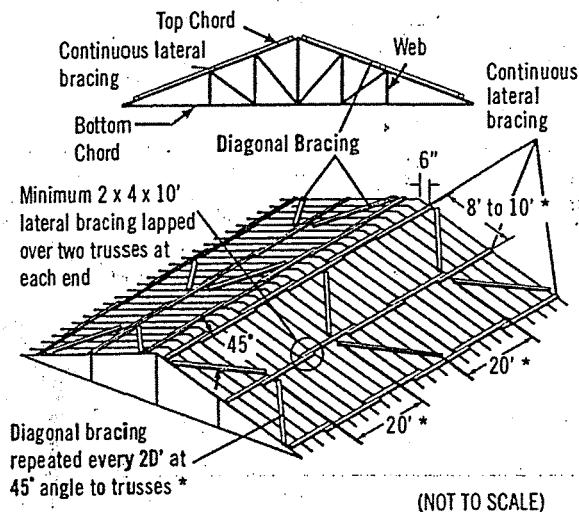
Well nailed (perpendicular to force)

7 Bracing Requirements for 3 Planes of Roof

Temporary erection bracing must be applied to three planes of the roof system to ensure stability: Plane 1) Top Chord (sheathing), Plane 2) Bottom Chord (ceiling plane), and Plane 3) Web Member plane or vertical plane perpendicular to trusses.

1) Top Chord Plane

Most important to the builder or erection contractor is bracing in the plane of the top chord. Truss top chords are susceptible to lateral buckling before they are braced or sheathed.

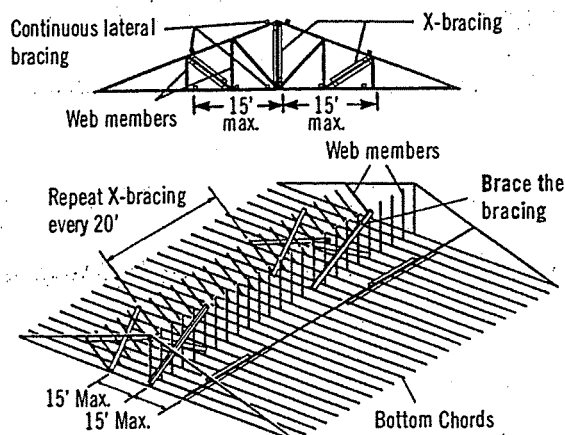


Exact spacing between trusses should be maintained as bracing is installed to avoid the hazardous practice of removing bracing to adjust spacing. This act of "adjusting spacing" can cause trusses to topple if connections are removed at the wrong time.

3) Web Member Plane

"X" bracing, as shown, is critical in preventing trusses from leaning or dominoing. Repeat as shown to create a succession of rigid units.

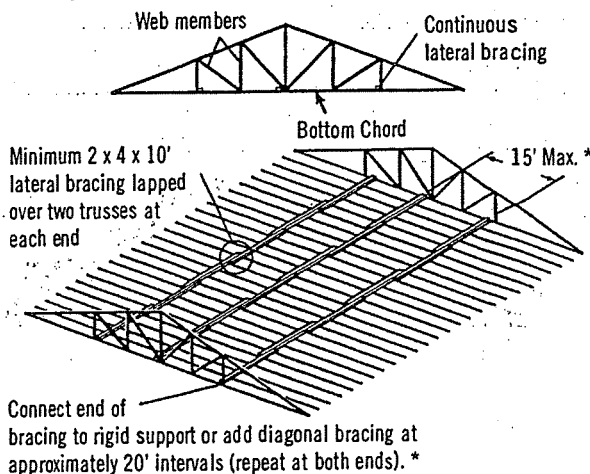
X-bracing should be installed on vertical web members wherever possible, at or near lateral bracing. Plywood or OSB may be substituted for X-bracing.



Note: Top chords and some web members are not shown, in order to make drawings more readable.

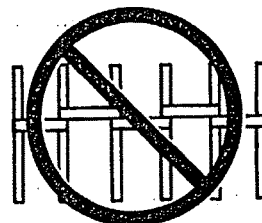
2) Bottom Chord Plane

In order to hold proper spacing on the bottom chord, temporary bracing is recommended on the top of the bottom chord.

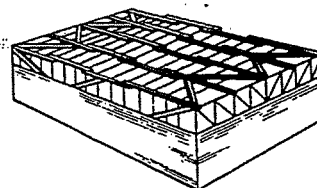


* Long spans, heavy loads or other spacing configurations may require closer spacing between lateral bracing and closer intervals between diagonals. Consult the building designer or HIB and DSB (Recommended Design Specification for Temporary Bracing of Metal-Plate Connected Wood Trusses) for details.

Diagonal or cross-bracing is very important!



Do not use short blocks to brace individual trusses without a specific bracing plan detailing their use

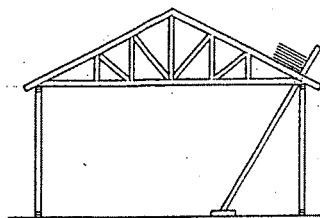
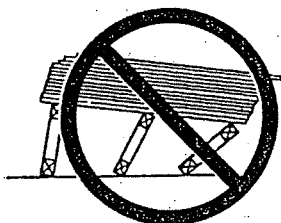


Bracing requirements using the same principles apply to parallel chord trusses

8 Stacking Materials

Do not proceed with building completion until all bracing is securely and properly in place

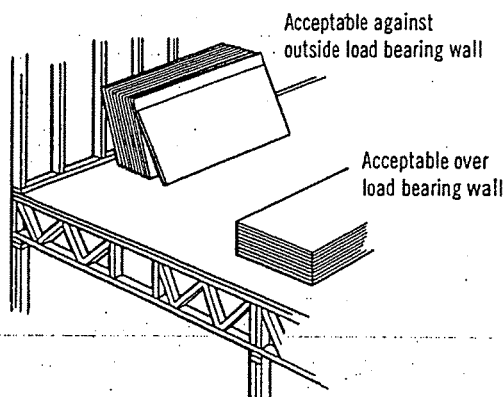
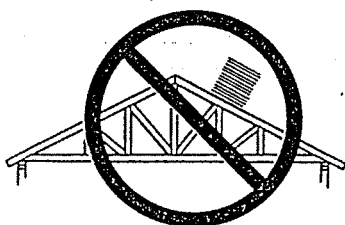
Never stack materials on unbraced or inadequately braced trusses



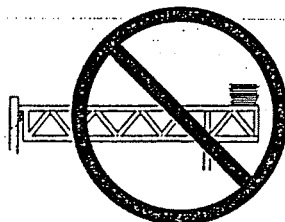
Platform must be rigidly braced

Proper distribution of construction materials is a must during construction.

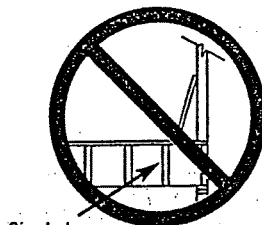
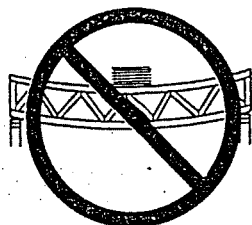
Never stack materials near a peak



Never stack materials on the cantilever of a truss

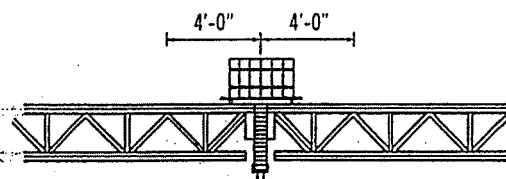


Always stack materials over two or more trusses.



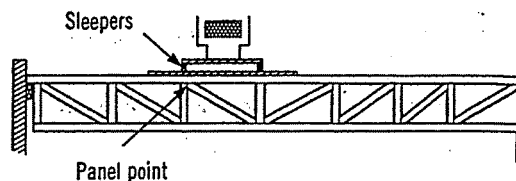
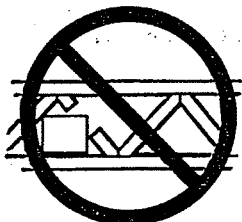
Single truss

Never overload small groups or single trusses. Position load over as many trusses as possible.



Roofing and mechanical contractors are cautioned to stack materials only along outside supporting members or directly over inside supporting members. Trusses are not designed for dynamic loads (i.e., moving vehicles). Extreme care should be taken when loading and stacking construction materials (rolled roofing, mechanical equipment, etc.) on the roof or floor system.

Never cut any structural member of a truss.



Sleepers

Panel point

Sleepers for mechanical equipment should be located at panel points (joints) or over main supporting members, and only on trusses that have been designed for such loads.

Caution Notes

Errors in building lines and/or dimensions, or errors by others shall be corrected by the contractor or responsible construction trade subcontractor or supplier **before** erection of trusses begins.

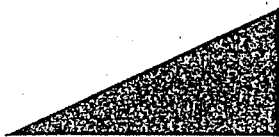
Cutting of nonstructural overhangs is considered a part of normal erection and shall be done by the builder or erection contractor.

Any field modification that involves the cutting, drilling, or relocation of any structural truss member or connector plate shall not be done without the approval of the truss manufacturer or a licensed design professional.

The methods and procedures outlined are intended to ensure that the overall construction techniques employed will put floor and roof trusses safely in place in a completed structure. These recommendations for bracing wood trusses originate from the collective experience of leading technical personnel in the wood truss industry, but must, due to the nature of responsibilities involved, be presented only as a guide for use by a qualified building designer, builder, or erection contractor. Thus, the Wood Truss Council of America expressly disclaims any responsibility for damages arising from the use, application, or reliance on the recommendations and information contained herein.

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