

AMENDMENT TO AGREEMENT OF PURCHASE AND SALE
BETWEEN THE UNDERSIGNED PARTIES HERETO SIGNED
ON THE 7th DAY OF December , 2021 .

REGARDING PROPERTY KNOWN AS: BUILDER'S LOT/ UNIT NO: Q96
CIVIC ADDRESS: 511 Fawn Valley Private
DEERFIELD VILLAGE 2 PLAN # 4M-1290

PURCHASERS: Mohamed Ahmed S Alwardani and Amal Abbas Younis Ramadan

VENDORS: VALECRAFT HOMES LIMITED

DATE OF ACCEPTANCE: December 7, 2021

It is hereby understood and agreed between the undersigned parties hereto that the following changes shall be made to the above mentioned Agreement of Purchase and Sale and except for such changes noted below all other terms and conditions in the Agreement shall remain as stated therein and time shall remain of the essence.

DELETE: Closing Date of February 28, 2022
Tarion Schedule E dated December 7, 2021

INSERT: Closing Date of February 25, 2022
Tarion Schedule E dated February 2, 2022

Dated at Ottawa, ON this 2 day of February , 2022

In the presence of:

WITNESS

DocuSigned by:
Mohamed Ahmed S Alwardani
PURCHASER

WITNESS

DocuSigned by:
Amal Abbas Younis Ramadan
PURCHASER

Dated at Ottawa this 3 day of February , 2022

VALECRAFT HOMES LIMITED (VENDOR)

PER: Diane Brunet

Valecraft Homes Limited
Schedule "E"



Limited Use Freehold Form
(Firm Occupancy Date – POTL/CEC)

Property- Plan 4M-1290
Q96 Ottawa, Ontario

Statement of Critical Dates
Delayed Occupancy Warranty

This Statement of Critical Dates forms part of the Addendum to which it is attached, which in turn forms part of the agreement of purchase and sale between the Vendor and the Purchaser relating to the Property. **The Vendor must complete all blanks set out below. Both the Vendor and Purchaser must sign this page.**

NOTE TO HOME BUYERS: Please visit Tarion’s website: www.tarion.com for important information about all of Tarion’s warranties including the Delayed Occupancy Warranty, the Pre-Delivery Inspection and other matters of interest to new home buyers. You can also obtain a copy of the Homeowner Information Package which is strongly recommended as essential reading for all home buyers. The website features a calculator which will assist you in confirming the various Critical Dates related to the occupancy of your home.

VENDOR Valecraft Homes Limited
Full Name(s)
PURCHASER Mohamed Ahmed S Alwardani and Amal Abbas Younis Ramadan
Full Name(s)

1. Critical Dates

The **Firm Occupancy Date**, which is the date that the Vendor anticipates the home will be completed and ready to move in, is: the 25 day of February, 2022.

If the Vendor cannot provide Occupancy by the Firm Occupancy Date, then the Purchaser is entitled to delayed occupancy compensation (see section 7 of the Addendum) and the Vendor must set a Delayed Occupancy Date.

The Vendor can set a Delayed Occupancy Date that is up to 365 days after the Firm Occupancy Date: This **Outside Occupancy Date** could be as late as: the 27 day of February, 2023.

2. Purchaser’s Termination Period

If the home is not complete by the Outside Occupancy Date, then the Purchaser can terminate the transaction during a period of **30 days** thereafter (the “**Purchaser’s Termination Period**”), which period, unless extended by mutual agreement, will end on: the 29 day of March, 2023.

If the Purchaser terminates the transaction during the Purchaser's Termination Period, then the Purchaser is entitled to delayed occupancy compensation and to a full refund of all monies paid plus interest (see sections 7, 11 and 12 of the Addendum).

Note: Any time a Critical Date is set or changed as permitted in the Addendum, other Critical Dates may change as well. At any given time the parties must refer to: the most recent revised Statement of Critical Dates; or agreement or written notice that sets a Critical Date, and calculate revised Critical Dates using the formulas contained in the Addendum. Critical Dates can also change if there are unavoidable delays (see section 5 of the Addendum).

Acknowledged this 2 day of February, 2022.

PURCHASER: Mohamed Ahmed S Alwardani PURCHASER: Amal Abbas Younis Ramadan
DocuSigned by: 14F3190AF6CA4C9... DocuSigned by: 5C8177241D9F470...

Acknowledged this 3 day of February, 2022.

VENDOR : Diane Brunet
DocuSigned by: 59A2330D9F4E4C7...



Limited Use Freehold Form
(Firm Occupancy Date – POTL/CEC)

Addendum to Agreement of Purchase and Sale
Delayed Occupancy Warranty

This addendum, including the accompanying Statement of Critical Dates (the “**Addendum**”), forms part of the agreement of purchase and sale (the “**Purchase Agreement**”) between the Vendor and the Purchaser relating to the Property. This Addendum is to be used for a transaction where the home is freehold but also involves an interest in a common elements condominium corporation. This Addendum contains important provisions that are part of the delayed occupancy warranty provided by the Vendor in accordance with the *Ontario New Home Warranties Plan Act* (the “ONHWP Act”). If there are any differences between the provisions in the Addendum and the Purchase Agreement, then the Addendum provisions shall prevail. **PRIOR TO SIGNING THE PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR ANY AMENDMENT TO IT, THE PURCHASER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE FROM A LAWYER WITH RESPECT TO THE PURCHASE AGREEMENT OR AMENDING AGREEMENT, THE ADDENDUM AND THE DELAYED OCCUPANCY WARRANTY.** Tarion recommends that Purchasers register on Tarion’s **MyHome** on-line portal and visit Tarion’s website – **tarion.com**, to better understand their rights and obligations under the statutory warranties.

The Vendor shall complete all blanks set out below.

VENDOR	Valecraft Homes Limited		
	Full Name(s)		
	611	210-1455 Youville Dr.	
	Tarion Registration Number		
	613-837-1104	Address	
	Phone	Orleans	Ontario
	613-837-5901	City	Province
	Fax	Postal Code	
		info@valecraft.com	
		Email*	

PURCHASER	Mohamed Ahmed S Alwardani and Amal Abbas Younis Ramadan		
	Full Name(s)		
	64 Emerald Pond Pvt.,	Gloucester	Ontario
	Address		
	(613) 981-7071 / (613) 769-5119	City	Province
	Phone	Postal Code	
		wardani_mohamed@yahoo.com / amal_abbas_1427@hotmail.com	
	Fax	Email*	

PROPERTY DESCRIPTION

511 Fawn Valley Private		
Municipal Address		
Ottawa	Ontario	K1T0H5
City	Province	Postal Code
DV2 Q96 of Plan 4M-1290, Ottawa, Ontario		
Short Legal Description		

Number of Homes in the Freehold Project 96 (if applicable – see Schedule A)

INFORMATION REGARDING THE PROPERTY

The Vendor confirms that:

- (a) The Property is within a plan of subdivision or a proposed plan of subdivision.

☒ Yes

☐ No

If yes, the plan of subdivision is registered.

☒ Yes

☐ No

If the plan of subdivision is not registered, approval of the draft plan of subdivision has been given.

☐ Yes

☐ No
- (b) The Vendor has received confirmation from the relevant government authorities that there is sufficient:

(i) water capacity; and (ii) sewage capacity to service the Property.

☒ Yes

☐ No

If yes, the nature of the confirmation is as follows:

If the availability of water and sewage capacity is uncertain, the issues to be resolved are as follows:

- (c) A building permit has been issued for the Property.

☒ Yes

☐ No
- (d) Commencement of Construction:

☒ has occurred; or

☐ is expected to occur by the ____ day of _____, 20__.

The Vendor shall give written notice to the Purchaser within 10 days after the actual date of Commencement of Construction.

*Note: Since important notices will be sent to this address, it is essential that you ensure that a reliable email address is provided and that your computer settings permit receipt of notices from the other party.

DS Purchaser	DS Purchaser	DS Vendor
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Limited Use Freehold Form
(Firm Occupancy Date – POTL/CEC)

SETTING AND CHANGING CRITICAL DATES

1. Setting the Firm Occupancy Date

- (a) **Completing Construction Without Delay:** The Vendor shall take all reasonable steps to complete construction of the home subject to all prescribed requirements, to provide Occupancy of the home without delay, and, to register without delay the declaration and description for the related common elements condominium corporation.
- (b) **Firm Occupancy Date:** The Vendor shall set a Firm Occupancy Date, which shall be set out in the Statement of Critical Dates at the time the Purchase Agreement is signed.

2. Changing the Firm Occupancy Date – Three Ways

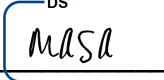
- (a) The Firm Occupancy Date can be changed only:
 - (i) by the Vendor setting a Delayed Occupancy Date in accordance with section 3;
 - (ii) by the mutual written agreement of the Vendor and Purchaser in accordance with section 4; or
 - (iii) as the result of an Unavoidable Delay of which proper written notice is given in accordance with section 5.
- (b) If a new Firm Occupancy Date is set in accordance with section 4 or 5, then the new date is the “Firm Occupancy Date” for all purposes in this Addendum.

3. Changing the Firm Occupancy Date – By Setting a Delayed Occupancy Date

- (a) If the Vendor cannot provide Occupancy on the Firm Occupancy Date and sections 4 and 5 do not apply, the Vendor shall select and give written notice to the Purchaser of a Delayed Occupancy Date in accordance with this section, and delayed occupancy compensation is payable in accordance with section 7.
- (b) The Delayed Occupancy Date may be any Business Day after the date the Purchaser receives written notice of the Delayed Occupancy Date but not later than the Outside Occupancy Date.
- (c) The Vendor shall give written notice to the Purchaser of the Delayed Occupancy Date as soon as the Vendor knows that it will be unable to provide Occupancy on the Firm Occupancy Date, and in any event at least 10 days before the Firm Occupancy Date, failing which delayed occupancy compensation is payable from the date that is 10 days before the Firm Occupancy Date, in accordance with paragraph 7(c). If notice of a new Delayed Occupancy Date is not given by the Vendor before the Firm Occupancy Date, then the new Delayed Occupancy Date shall be deemed to be the date which is 90 days after the Firm Occupancy Date.
- (d) After the Delayed Occupancy Date is set, if the Vendor cannot provide Occupancy on the Delayed Occupancy Date, the Vendor shall select and give written notice to the Purchaser of a new Delayed Occupancy Date, unless the delay arises due to Unavoidable Delay under section 5 or is mutually agreed upon under section 4, in which case the requirements of those sections must be met. Paragraphs (b) and (c) above apply with respect to the setting of the new Delayed Occupancy Date.
- (e) Nothing in this section affects the right of the Purchaser or Vendor to terminate the Purchase Agreement on the bases set out in section 11.

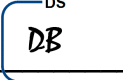
4. Changing Critical Dates – By Mutual Agreement

- (a) This Addendum sets out a framework for setting, extending and/or accelerating Critical Dates, which cannot be altered contractually except as set out in this section 4. Any amendment not in accordance with this section is voidable at the option of the Purchaser. For greater certainty, this Addendum does not restrict any extensions of the Closing date (i.e., title transfer date) where Occupancy of the home has already been given to the Purchaser.
- (b) The Vendor and Purchaser may at any time, after signing the Purchase Agreement, mutually agree in writing to accelerate or extend any of the Critical Dates. Any amendment which accelerates or extends any of the Critical Dates must include the following provisions:
 - (i) the Purchaser and Vendor agree that the amendment is entirely voluntary – the Purchaser has no obligation to sign the amendment and each understands that this purchase transaction will still be valid if the Purchaser does not sign this amendment;
 - (ii) the amendment includes a revised Statement of Critical Dates which replaces the previous Statement of Critical Dates;
 - (iii) the Purchaser acknowledges that the amendment may affect delayed occupancy compensation payable; and
 - (iv) if the change involves extending either the Firm Occupancy Date or the Delayed Occupancy Date, then the amending agreement shall:
 - i. disclose to the Purchaser that the signing of the amendment may result in the loss of delayed occupancy compensation as described in section 7;
 - ii. unless there is an express waiver of compensation, describe in reasonable detail the cash amount, goods, services, or other consideration which the Purchaser accepts as compensation; and
 - iii. contain a statement by the Purchaser that the Purchaser waives compensation or accepts the compensation referred to in clause ii above, in either case, in full satisfaction of any delayed occupancy compensation payable by the Vendor for the period up to the new Firm Occupancy Date or Delayed Occupancy Date.

^{DS}

Purchaser

^{DS}

Purchaser

^{DS}

Vendor



Limited Use Freehold Form
(Firm Occupancy Date – POTL/CEC)

- If the Purchaser for his or her own purposes requests a change of the Firm Occupancy Date or the Delayed Occupancy Date, then subparagraphs (b)(i), (iii) and (iv) above shall not apply.
- (c) A Vendor is permitted to include a provision in the Purchase Agreement allowing the Vendor a one-time unilateral right to extend a Firm Occupancy Date or Delayed Occupancy Date, as the case may be, for one (1) Business Day to avoid the necessity of tender where a Purchaser is not ready to complete the transaction on the Firm Occupancy Date or Delayed Occupancy Date, as the case may be. Delayed occupancy compensation will not be payable for such period and the Vendor may not impose any penalty or interest charge upon the Purchaser with respect to such extension.
- (d) The Vendor and Purchaser may agree in the Purchase Agreement to any unilateral extension or acceleration rights that are for the benefit of the Purchaser.

5. Extending Dates – Due to Unavoidable Delay

- (a) If Unavoidable Delay occurs, the Vendor may extend Critical Dates by no more than the length of the Unavoidable Delay Period, without the approval of the Purchaser and without the requirement to pay delayed occupancy compensation in connection with the Unavoidable Delay, provided the requirements of this section are met.
- (b) If the Vendor wishes to extend Critical Dates on account of Unavoidable Delay, the Vendor shall provide written notice to the Purchaser setting out a brief description of the Unavoidable Delay, and an estimate of the duration of the delay. Once the Vendor knows or ought reasonably to know that an Unavoidable Delay has commenced, the Vendor shall provide written notice to the Purchaser by the earlier of: 20 days thereafter; and the next Critical Date.
- (c) As soon as reasonably possible, and no later than 20 days after the Vendor knows or ought reasonably to know that an Unavoidable Delay has concluded, the Vendor shall provide written notice to the Purchaser setting out a brief description of the Unavoidable Delay, identifying the date of its conclusion, and setting new Critical Dates. The new Critical Dates are calculated by adding to the then next Critical Date the number of days of the Unavoidable Delay Period (the other Critical Dates changing accordingly), provided that the Firm Occupancy Date or Delayed Occupancy Date, as the case may be, must be at least 10 days after the day of giving notice unless the parties agree otherwise. Either the Vendor or the Purchaser may request in writing an earlier Firm Occupancy Date or Delayed Occupancy Date, and the other party's consent to the earlier date shall not be unreasonably withheld.
- (d) If the Vendor fails to give written notice of the conclusion of the Unavoidable Delay in the manner required by paragraph (c) above, then the notice is ineffective, the existing Critical Dates are unchanged, and any delayed occupancy compensation payable under section 7 is payable from the existing Firm Occupancy Date.
- (e) Any notice setting new Critical Dates given by the Vendor under this section shall include an updated revised Statement of Critical Dates.

EARLY TERMINATION CONDITIONS

6. Early Termination Conditions

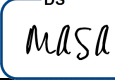
- (a) The Vendor and Purchaser may include conditions in the Purchase Agreement that, if not satisfied, give rise to early termination of the Purchase Agreement, but only in the limited way described in this section.
- (b) The Vendor is not permitted to include any conditions in the Purchase Agreement other than: the types of Early Termination Conditions listed in Schedule A; and/or the conditions referred to in paragraphs (j), (k) and (l) below. Any other condition included in a Purchase Agreement for the benefit of the Vendor that is not expressly permitted under Schedule A or paragraphs (j), (k) and (l) below is deemed null and void and is not enforceable by the Vendor, but does not affect the validity of the balance of the Purchase Agreement.
- (c) The Vendor confirms that this Purchase Agreement is subject to Early Termination Conditions that, if not satisfied (or waived, if applicable), may result in the termination of the Purchase Agreement. ☐ Yes ☐ No
- (d) If the answer in (c) above is “Yes”, then the Early Termination Conditions are as follows. The obligation of each of the Purchaser and Vendor to complete this purchase and sale transaction is subject to satisfaction (or waiver, if applicable) of the following conditions and any such conditions set out in an appendix headed “Early Termination Conditions”:

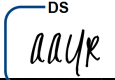
Condition #1 (if applicable)
Description of the Early Termination Condition:

N/A

The Approving Authority (as that term is defined in Schedule A) is: _____

The date by which Condition #1 is to be satisfied is the ____ day of _____, 20 ____.


Purchaser


Purchaser


Vendor



Limited Use Freehold Form
(Firm Occupancy Date – POTL/CEC)

- Delayed occupancy compensation is payable only if: (i) Occupancy and Closing occurs; or (ii) the Purchase Agreement is terminated or deemed to have been terminated under paragraph 11(b) of this Addendum. Delayed occupancy compensation is payable only if the Purchaser's claim is made to Tarion in writing within one (1) year after Occupancy, or after termination of the Purchase Agreement, as the case may be, and otherwise in accordance with this Addendum. Compensation claims are subject to any further conditions set out in the ONHWP Act.
- (a) If the Vendor gives written notice of a Delayed Occupancy Date to the Purchaser less than 10 days before the Firm Occupancy Date, contrary to the requirements of paragraph 3(c), then delayed occupancy compensation is payable from the date that is 10 days before the Firm Occupancy Date.
 - (b) Living expenses are direct living costs such as for accommodation and meals. Receipts are not required in support of a claim for living expenses, as a set daily amount of \$150 per day is payable. The Purchaser must provide receipts in support of any claim for other delayed occupancy compensation, such as for moving and storage costs. Submission of false receipts disentitles the Purchaser to any delayed occupancy compensation in connection with a claim.
 - (c) If delayed occupancy compensation is payable, the Purchaser may make a claim to the Vendor for that compensation after Occupancy or after termination of the Purchase Agreement, as the case may be, and shall include all receipts (apart from living expenses) which evidence any part of the Purchaser's claim. The Vendor shall assess the Purchaser's claim by determining the amount of delayed occupancy compensation payable based on the rules set out in section 7 and the receipts provided by the Purchaser, and the Vendor shall promptly provide that assessment information to the Purchaser. The Purchaser and the Vendor shall use reasonable efforts to settle the claim and when the claim is settled, the Vendor shall prepare an acknowledgement signed by both parties which:
 - (i) includes the Vendor's assessment of the delayed occupancy compensation payable;
 - (ii) describes in reasonable detail the cash amount, goods, services, or other consideration which the Purchaser accepts as compensation (the "Compensation"), if any; and
 - (iii) contains a statement by the Purchaser that the Purchaser accepts the Compensation in full satisfaction of any delayed occupancy compensation payable by the Vendor.
 - (d) If the Vendor and Purchaser cannot agree as contemplated in paragraph 7(e), then to make a claim to Tarion the Purchaser must file a claim with Tarion in writing within one (1) year after Occupancy. A claim may also be made and the same rules apply if the sale transaction is terminated under paragraph 11(b), in which case, the deadline for a claim is one (1) year after termination.
 - (e) If delayed occupancy compensation is payable, the Vendor shall either: pay the compensation as soon as the proper amount is determined; or pay such amount with interest (at the prescribed rate as specified in subsection 19(1) of O.Reg. 48/01 of the *Condominium Act*, 1998), from the Occupancy Date to the date of Closing, such amount to be an adjustment to the balance due on the day of Closing.

8. Adjustments to Purchase Price

Only the items set out in Schedule B (or an amendment to Schedule B), shall be the subject of adjustment or change to the purchase price or the balance due on Closing. The Vendor agrees that it shall not charge as an adjustment or readjustment to the purchase price of the home, any reimbursement for a sum paid or payable by the Vendor to a third party unless the sum is ultimately paid to the third party either before or after Closing. If the Vendor charges an amount in contravention of the preceding sentence, the Vendor shall forthwith readjust with the Purchaser. This section shall not: restrict or prohibit payments for items disclosed in Part I of Schedule B which have a fixed fee; nor shall it restrict or prohibit the parties from agreeing on how to allocate as between them, any rebates, refunds or incentives provided by the federal government, a provincial or municipal government or an agency of any such government, before or after Closing.

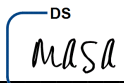
9. Occupancy

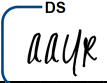
If the Purchaser accepts or is required to accept Occupancy in advance of receiving a title transfer of the home, then the provisions of Schedule C shall apply.

MISCELLANEOUS

10. Ontario Building Code – Conditions of Occupancy

- (a) On or before the Occupancy Date, the Vendor shall deliver to the Purchaser:
 - (i) an Occupancy Permit (as defined in paragraph (d)) for the home; or
 - (ii) if an Occupancy Permit is not required under the Building Code, a signed written confirmation by the Vendor that all conditions of occupancy under the Building Code have been fulfilled and Occupancy is permitted under the Building Code.
- (b) Notwithstanding the requirements of paragraph (a), to the extent that the Purchaser and the Vendor agree that the Purchaser shall be responsible for one or more prerequisites to obtaining permission for Occupancy under the Building Code, (the "Purchaser Occupancy Obligations"):

DS

Purchaser

DS

Purchaser

DS

Vendor



Limited Use Freehold Form
(Firm Occupancy Date – POTL/CEC)

- (i) the Purchaser shall not be entitled to delayed occupancy compensation if the reason for the delay is that the Purchaser Occupancy Obligations have not been completed;
 - (ii) the Vendor shall deliver to the Purchaser, upon fulfilling all prerequisites to obtaining permission for Occupancy under the Building Code (other than the Purchaser Occupancy Obligations), a signed written confirmation that the Vendor has fulfilled such prerequisites; and
 - (iii) if the Purchaser and Vendor have agreed that such prerequisites (other than the Purchaser Occupancy Obligations) are to be fulfilled prior to Occupancy, then the Vendor shall provide the signed written confirmation required by subparagraph (ii) on or before the Occupancy Date.
- (c) If the Vendor cannot satisfy the requirements of paragraph (a) or subparagraph (b)(ii), the Vendor shall set a Delayed Occupancy Date (or new Delayed Occupancy Date) on a date that the Vendor reasonably expects to have satisfied the requirements of paragraph (a) or subparagraph (b)(ii), as the case may be. In setting the Delayed Occupancy Date (or new Delayed Occupancy Date), the Vendor shall comply with the requirements of section 3, and delayed occupancy compensation shall be payable in accordance with section 7. Despite the foregoing, delayed occupancy compensation shall not be payable for a delay under this paragraph (c) if the inability to satisfy the requirements of subparagraph (b)(ii) is because the Purchaser has failed to satisfy the Purchaser Occupancy Obligations.
- (d) For the purposes of this section, an “Occupancy Permit” means any written or electronic document, however styled, whether final, provisional or temporary, provided by the chief building official (as defined in the *Building Code Act*) or a person designated by the chief building official, that evidences that permission to occupy the home under the Building Code has been granted.

11. Termination of the Purchase Agreement

- (a) The Vendor and the Purchaser may terminate the Purchase Agreement by mutual written agreement. Such written mutual agreement may specify how monies paid by the Purchaser, including deposit(s) and monies for upgrades and extras are to be allocated if not repaid in full.
- (b) If for any reason (other than breach of contract by the Purchaser) Occupancy has not been given to the Purchaser by the Outside Occupancy Date, then the Purchaser has 30 days to terminate the Purchase Agreement by written notice to the Vendor. If the Purchaser does not provide written notice of termination within such 30-day period, then the Purchase Agreement shall continue to be binding on both parties and the Delayed Occupancy Date shall be the date set under paragraph 3(c), regardless of whether such date is beyond the Outside Occupancy Date.
- (c) If: calendar dates for the applicable Critical Dates are not inserted in the Statement of Critical Dates; or if any date for Occupancy is expressed in the Purchase Agreement or in any other document to be subject to change depending upon the happening of an event (other than as permitted in this Addendum), then the Purchaser may terminate the Purchase Agreement by written notice to the Vendor.
- (d) The Purchase Agreement may be terminated in accordance with the provisions of section 6 or Schedule C.
- (e) Nothing in this Addendum derogates from any right of termination that either the Purchaser or the Vendor may have at law or in equity on the basis of, for example, frustration of contract or fundamental breach of contract.
- (f) Except as permitted in this section, the Purchase Agreement may not be terminated by reason of the Vendor's delay in providing Occupancy alone.

12. Refund of Monies Paid on Termination

- (a) If the Purchase Agreement is terminated (other than as a result of breach of contract by the Purchaser), then unless there is agreement to the contrary under paragraph 11(a), the Vendor shall refund all monies paid by the Purchaser including deposit(s) and monies for upgrades and extras, within 10 days of such termination, with interest from the date each amount was paid to the Vendor to the date of refund to the Purchaser. The Purchaser cannot be compelled by the Vendor to execute a release of the Vendor as a prerequisite to obtaining the refund of monies payable as a result of termination of the Purchase Agreement under this paragraph, although the Purchaser may be required to sign a written acknowledgement confirming the amount of monies refunded and termination of the purchase transaction. Nothing in this Addendum prevents the Vendor and Purchaser from entering into such other termination agreement and/or release as may be agreed to by the parties.
- (b) The rate of interest payable on the Purchaser's monies shall be calculated in accordance with the *Condominium Act, 1998*.
- (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b) above, if either party initiates legal proceedings to contest termination of the Purchase Agreement or the refund of monies paid by the Purchaser, and obtains a legal determination, such amounts and interest shall be payable as determined in those proceedings.

13. Definitions

“**Business Day**” means any day other than: Saturday; Sunday; New Year's Day; Family Day; Good Friday; Easter Monday; Victoria Day; Canada Day; Civic Holiday; Labour Day; Thanksgiving Day; Remembrance Day; Christmas Day; Boxing Day; and any special holiday proclaimed by the Governor General or the Lieutenant Governor; and where New Year's Day, Canada Day or Remembrance Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday is not a Business Day, and where Christmas Day falls on a Saturday or Sunday, the following Monday and Tuesday are not Business Days; and where Christmas Day falls on a Friday, the following Monday is not a Business Day.

“**Closing**” means the completion of the sale of the home including transfer of title to the home to the Purchaser.

“**Commencement of Construction**” means the commencement of construction of foundation components or elements (such as footings, rafts or piles) for the home.

DS

Purchaser

DS

Purchaser

DS

Vendor

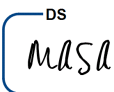


Limited Use Freehold Form
(Firm Occupancy Date – POTL/CEC)

16. Disputes Regarding Termination

- (a) The Vendor and Purchaser agree that disputes arising between them relating to termination of the Purchase Agreement under section 11 shall be submitted to arbitration in accordance with the *Arbitration Act, 1991* (Ontario) and subsection 17(4) of the ONHWP Act.
- (b) The parties agree that the arbitrator shall have the power and discretion on motion by the Vendor or Purchaser or any other interested party, or of the arbitrator's own motion, to consolidate multiple arbitration proceedings on the basis that they raise one or more common issues of fact or law that can more efficiently be addressed in a single proceeding. The arbitrator has the power and discretion to prescribe whatever procedures are useful or necessary to adjudicate the common issues in the consolidated proceedings in the most just and expeditious manner possible. The *Arbitration Act, 1991* (Ontario) applies to any consolidation of multiple arbitration proceedings.
- (c) The Vendor shall pay the costs of the arbitration proceedings and the Purchaser's reasonable legal expenses in connection with the proceedings unless the arbitrator for just cause orders otherwise.
- (d) The parties agree to cooperate so that the arbitration proceedings are conducted as expeditiously as possible, and agree that the arbitrator may impose such time limits or other procedural requirements, consistent with the requirements of the *Arbitration Act, 1991* (Ontario), as may be required to complete the proceedings as quickly as reasonably possible.
- (e) The arbitrator may grant any form of relief permitted by the *Arbitration Act, 1991* (Ontario), whether or not the arbitrator concludes that the Purchase Agreement may properly be terminated.

For more information please visit www.tarion.com


Purchaser


Purchaser


Vendor



Limited Use Freehold Form
(Firm Occupancy Date – POTL/CEC)

SCHEDULE B

Adjustments to Purchase Price or Balance Due on Closing

Part I Stipulated Amounts/Adjustments

These are additional charges, fees or other anticipated adjustments to the final purchase price or balance due on Closing, the dollar value of which is stipulated in the Purchase Agreement and set out below.

- 1. Preparation of transfer fee by Builder’s solicitor as stated in Clause #17 of the Agreement of Purchase & Sale. \$225.00 + HST= \$254.25

Part II All Other Adjustments – to be determined in accordance with the terms of the Purchase Agreement

These are additional charges, fees or other anticipated adjustments to the final purchase price or balance due on Closing, which will be determined after signing the Purchase Agreement, all in accordance with the terms of the Purchase Agreement.

- 1. Land Transfer Tax based on final purchase price less HST as stated in Clause #17 of the Agreement of Purchase & Sale.
- 2. Property Taxes as per final statement of adjustments as stated in Clause #7 of the Agreement of Purchase & Sale.
- 3. Maximum GST/HST rebate based on final purchase price less HST as stated in Schedule “G” Clause # 8 of the Agreement of Purchase & Sale.
- 4. Tarion Enrolment Fee based on final purchase price less HST as stated in Clause #7 of the Agreement of Purchase & Sale. Tarion Enrolment Calculation Table can be viewed on-line at tarion.com. See chart on page 12 as a guide.
- 5. Additional upgrades/deletions contained in the attached Amendment to the Agreement of Purchase and Sale dated N/A.
- 6. Any increase in existing or newly imposed levies, development charges, education development charges or any impost or other charges imposed by an approving authority or public utility corporation as stated in Clause # 33 of the Agreement of Purchase & Sale.

Signed at Ottawa, this 2 day of February, 20 22.

DocuSigned by:
Mohamed Ahmed S Alwardani
Purchaser 14F3190AF6CA4C9...

Valecraft Homes Limited

DocuSigned by:
Amal Abbas Younis Ramadan
Purchaser 5C8177241D9F470...

DocuSigned by:
Diane Brunet
Per: 59A2330D9F4E4C7...

February 3, 2022
Date:

Lot #: Q96

Project: DEERFIELD VILLAGE 2



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Enrolment Fee Calculation Table (Effective July 1, 2012)

Sale Price* Range (Excluding HST)			Unit Enrolment Fee		13% HST		Total Enrolment Fee
Less than		\$100,000.00	\$385.00	+	\$50.05	=	\$435.05
\$100,000.01	-	\$150,000.00	\$430.00	+	\$55.90	=	\$485.90
\$150,000.01	-	\$200,000.00	\$500.00	+	\$65.00	=	\$565.00
\$200,000.01	-	\$250,000.00	\$570.00	+	\$74.10	=	\$644.10
\$250,000.01	-	\$300,000.00	\$640.00	+	\$83.20	=	\$723.20
\$300,000.01	-	\$350,000.00	\$710.00	+	\$92.30	=	\$802.30
\$350,000.01	-	\$400,000.00	\$780.00	+	\$101.40	=	\$881.40
\$400,000.01	-	\$450,000.00	\$850.00	+	\$110.50	=	\$960.50
\$450,000.01	-	\$500,000.00	\$920.00	+	\$119.60	=	\$1,039.60
\$500,000.01	-	\$550,000.00	\$1,000.00	+	\$130.00	=	\$1,130.00
\$550,000.01	-	\$600,000.00	\$1,050.00	+	\$136.50	=	\$1,186.50
\$600,000.01	-	\$650,000.00	\$1,100.00	+	\$143.00	=	\$1,243.00
\$650,000.01	-	\$700,000.00	\$1,150.00	+	\$149.50	=	\$1,299.50
\$700,000.01	-	\$750,000.00	\$1,200.00	+	\$156.00	=	\$1,356.00
\$750,000.01	-	\$800,000.00	\$1,250.00	+	\$162.50	=	\$1,412.50
\$800,000.01	-	\$850,000.00	\$1,300.00	+	\$169.00	=	\$1,469.00
\$850,000.01	-	\$900,000.00	\$1,350.00	+	\$175.50	=	\$1,525.50
\$900,000.01	-	\$950,000.00	\$1,400.00	+	\$182.00	=	\$1,582.00
\$950,000.01	-	\$1,000,000.00	\$1,450.00	+	\$188.50	=	\$1,638.50
Over \$1,000,000.00			\$1,500.00	+	\$195.00	=	\$1,695.00

* Sale Price refers to the total amount (value of consideration) payable by an owner in an agreement of purchase and sale or construction contract, including (without limitation) the value of upgrades, extras and other consideration paid for the home including appurtenances used in conjunction with the residential dwelling, (e.g., garages for single homes or parking spaces and storage lockers for condominiums). For clarity, Sale Price does not include any applicable taxes.

DS

Purchaser

DS

Purchaser

DS

Vendor



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SCHEDULE C

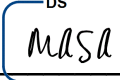
Terms of Occupancy Licence

If the purchaser takes Occupancy of the home before the date of Closing or is required to do so under the Purchase Agreement, then the following provisions shall apply:

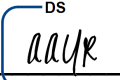
1. The Purchaser shall be given Occupancy of the home on the Occupancy Date.
2. The Purchaser shall not be required to pay the balance due on the purchase price on the Occupancy Date unless the Occupancy Date is also the Closing Date.
3. The Purchaser shall pay to the Vendor a monthly **Occupancy Fee** from and after the Occupancy Date which shall not exceed an amount calculated as follows:
 - (i) interest calculated on a monthly basis on the unpaid balance of the purchase price at the prescribed rate as specified in subsection 19(1) of O.Reg 48/01 to the Condominium Act, 1998; plus
 - (ii) an amount reasonably estimated by the Vendor on a monthly basis for municipal realty taxes attributable by the Vendor to the home; plus
 - (iii) the projected monthly common expense contribution for the home's share of the common elements condominium corporation (CEC).

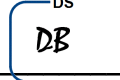
The Occupancy Fee shall be payable on the first day of each month in advance until the date of Closing. The Occupancy Fee is a fee for the use of the home and no part of it shall be credited as payments on account of the Purchase Price. If Occupancy does not occur on the first day of the month, the Purchaser shall pay on the Occupancy Date a pro rata amount for the balance of the month.

4. If the Vendor charges the Purchaser a monthly Occupancy Fee for longer than six (6) months and the monthly Occupancy Fee includes a projected contribution to the reserve fund for the CEC, then, with respect to the Occupancy Fee for each month after the sixth month, the Vendor shall hold in trust and remit to the CEC upon registering the declaration and description for the CEC, the portion of the monthly Occupancy Fee that represents the projected contribution to the reserve fund.
5. The Vendor, during the Purchaser's period of Occupancy,
 - (a) shall provide those services that the CEC corporation will have a duty to provide to owners after the registration of the CEC declaration and description;
 - (b) shall repair and maintain the CEC property in the same manner as the CEC corporation will have a duty to repair after damage and maintain after the registration of the CEC declaration and description;
 - (c) has the same right of entry to CEC property that the CEC corporation will have after the registration of the CEC declaration and description;
 - (d) may withhold consent to an assignment of the right to use CEC property; and
 - (e) may charge a reasonable fee for consenting to an assignment of the right to use CEC property.
6. The Vendor shall proceed with due diligence to register the CEC declaration and description. The Vendor shall, within 30 days of the registration of the CEC declaration and description, notify the Purchaser in writing of the date and instrument numbers of the registration, unless within that time the Purchaser receives a deed to the home that is in registerable form. Upon registration of the CEC declaration and description, the Vendor and Purchaser shall proceed to complete the title transfer on a date designated by the Vendor or its solicitor which shall be no later than sixty (60) days after the registration of the CEC declaration and description. If the Vendor for any reason whatsoever is unable to register the CEC declaration and description and therefore is unable to deliver a registerable Transfer/Deed to the Purchaser within twelve (12) months of the Occupancy Date, the Purchaser shall have the right for a period of 30 days after such twelve (12) month period, to give sixty (60) days written notice to the Vendor, to terminate the Occupancy licence and this Purchase Agreement. If the Purchaser gives notice of termination, the Purchaser shall give up vacant possession and pay the Occupancy Fee to the date of termination, after which this Purchase Agreement and Occupancy licence shall be terminated and section 7 of the Addendum applies.
7. The rights and duties described in section 5 above, apply despite any provision to the contrary in the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*.
8. The Vendor shall, on delivering to the Purchaser a Transfer Deed that is in registerable form or as soon as is practicable after delivery, refund to the Purchaser the portion of the monthly Occupancy Fee that the Purchaser has paid on account of municipal taxes attributable to the home in excess of the amount actually assessed against the home.

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Purchaser

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Purchaser

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Vendor

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- 9. If the portion of the monthly Occupancy Fee that the Purchaser has paid on account of municipal taxes attributable to the home is insufficient to pay the amount actually assessed against the home, the Vendor may require the Purchaser to pay the difference between the two amounts.
- 10. Sections 149, 150, 151, 165, 166 and 167 and Part VII of the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*, do not apply to Occupancy and monthly Occupancy Fees charged under this Schedule C.
- 11. In accordance with section 58(1).4 of the *Residential Tenancies Act, 2006*, if the Occupancy arose by virtue of or collateral to the Purchase Agreement, then if the Purchase Agreement is terminated, the Occupancy shall correspondingly be terminated.
- 12. The Purchaser shall maintain the home in a clean and sanitary condition and not make any alterations or improvements without the prior written approval of the Vendor which may not be unreasonably withheld.
- 13. The Purchaser shall be responsible for all utility, telephone expenses, cable television service, or other charges and expenses billed directly to the occupant of the home by the supplier of such services.
- 14. The Purchaser shall as at the Occupancy Date insure the home for the full replacement value thereof and provide a copy of the insurance certificate to the Vendor. The Vendor is not liable for the Purchaser's loss occasioned by fire, theft or other casualty, unless caused or contributed to by the Vendor.
- 15. The Vendor and Purchaser may agree upon additional provisions relating to Occupancy, provided such provisions do not derogate from, do not conflict with and are not inconsistent with provisions of this Schedule C.

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MASA
Purchaser

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AAUR
Purchaser

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Vendor